St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1881. NO. 102.

Men's Fall and Winter

UNDERWEAR!

Every desirable Foreign and Domestic Make is represented in our stock, which embraces over 100 different lines, ranging in price from 50c to $15 per garment.

By comparison, you will find our prices are as low if not lower than any house in America.

WILSON BROS. AND BOYD,

309 N. FOURTH STREET.

("Sulphur Soap" secured by Letters Patent.)

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

An incomparable Beautifier of the Complexion.

Invaluable for Pimples, Chafes, Chapped Skin, Rough Skin, Prickly Heat, Flesh Worms, Itch, Hives, Nettle Rash, Severe Itching, Chilblains,

Tetter, Piles, Mosquito Bites, Insect Stings, Ring-worm, Erysipelas, Burns, Scalds, Sores, Ulcers, and all External Humors and Poisons.

THE WONDERFUL NATIONAL SPECIFIC

FOR THE ALLEVIATION AND CURE OF

ALL LOCAL SKIN DISEASES.

The fame of GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP has extended far and wide; there is probably no city or town in the United States in which its great curative virtues are not known and extolled by living witnesses. The testimonials received for it would fill volumes. Many distinguished Physicians and Members of the Medical Staff of Hospitals and Infirmaries, have tested it, expressed their astonishment with its results, and are now counted among its strongest advocates. Persons using it have no need to resort to Sulphur Springs as it answers all the purposes of

SULPHUR BATHS,

Being an admirable remedy for **Gout and Rheumatism** and a marvelous healer of **Ulcers** and **Old Sores**, that resist the operation of Salves and Ointments. *See that you get the* GENUINE.

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

as **an adjunct to the Toilet** produces **results** *obtainable by no other remedy extant.* It is scientifically compounded and when **used daily**, possesses remarkable detersive properties. It is an incomparable **Beautifier of the Complexion**, eradicating **Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples** and **Blotches**, rendering the cuticle White, Clear and Smooth. It clarifies and removes all **impurities** by its **healthful action**, while ordinary Cosmetics only disguise and injure the skin. For

HUMORS OF THE SCALP and DANDRUFF,

it is pre-eminently the most reliable, and the *only* absolute specific known. It is also a desirable DISINFECTANT of CLOTHING or BED LINEN, and a capital remedy and preventive of **Obnoxious or Contagious Diseases.**

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—SULPHUR SOAP *has been counterfeited, and the public are cautioned to* OBTAIN ONLY THE GENUINE, *and to observe the* ONLY ORIGINAL NAME, Glenn's Sulphur Soap, *with also the* above engraving *on the cartoon which encloses each cake,* without which none is genuine. *Ask for* Glenn's Sulphur Soap, *and* TAKE NO OTHER.

For sale generally by Druggists, Fancy Goods Dealers and Grocers, at 25 cts. a cake; 60 cts. a box, containing 3 cakes, saving 20 per cent.; 75 cts. a box, containing 3 cakes, sent by mail, prepaid.

THE PROPRIETOR WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM PERSONS USING GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

CHAS. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Proprietor, 115 Fulton St., N. Y.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in One Minute.

PURE OLIVE OILS

For Table Use.

The Best Stock in the City of

Fine Liquors and Wines

of our own importation, including SHERRIES, PORTS, CLARETS, fine Old BRANDIES, GINS and WHISKIES at Wholesale Prices.

FRENCH SOAPS and PERFUMES and TOILET ARTICLES of Every Description.

MELLIER'S

RETAIL

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION

DEPARTMENT,

711 WASHINGTON AVE.

Only the Purest and Freshest Drugs used in compounding, and, on account of LARGER TRADE *and Paying No Wholesale Profit,*

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

A WIFE'S INFIDELITY

Leads to the Murder of an Innocent Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 22.—Near Oroville last night James Andrews was shot dead while unhitching a horse from the buggy of J. B. Espey, with whom he had driven out from town, by E. E. Sproule. The murderer at once proceeded to Oroville and surrendered himself. Learning he had killed Andrews, he expressed great emotion and made a full statement to the effect that he had intended to kill Espey, for whom he had been working, and who had seduced his wife. Two barrels of the gun were emptied into Andrews' body. It appears Espey was warned of Sproule's intent, and when some distance from the house he alighted, leaving Andrews to take the buggy to the house. He claims, however, that he warned Andrews of the danger; but this latter expressed no fear of Sproule shooting him, forgetting the danger of a mistake owing to the darkness.

Last Edition.

MOSCOW IN FLAMES.

Twenty Warehouses on Fire and the Conflagration Still Raging.

Disastrous Earthquake in Italy—The Inhabitants Shelterless.

The Socialists—Germany and the Vatican — French Affairs — Serious Affrays in Ireland.

England.

LONDON, September 28.—Little importance is attached to the failure of the Bank of Luxembourg, which was fully anticipated. Some influential firms in London closed their transactions with the bank a year ago. The total liabilities are estimated at £300,000, and the liquidation will probably be unfavorable.

SYMPATHY.

LONDON, September 28.—Last evening the Manchester Sunday School Union, representing 2,500 teachers and 22,000 scholars, passed a resolution of sympathy with Mrs. Garfield.

NEWMARKET RACES.

LONDON, September 27.—At Newmarket the Granby Stakes for two-year-olds was won by Keene's Golden Gate; Nickel second, King Alfred Colt third.

The Great Eastern handicap was won by John Ridd, Warhorn second, Atlanta third. Twenty-three ran, including Donfulano and Aranza.

The Newmarket October Two-Year-Old Plate was captured by Sing Song, Nimble second, Keene's Golden Gate third. Nine ran.

BULLION.

LONDON, September 28.—Bullion withdrawn to-day for America £50,000.

CONFEDERATE LOAN.

LONDON, September 28.—The Standard says in in its financial article: The revised interest in the Confederate sterling loan was a novel feature yesterday. Large amounts were taken for Amsterdam at £2 10s.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, September 28.—Father Sheehy, replying to the question of a reporter, complained of the sanitary condition of Kilmainham Jail, which he declared was conducive to blood-poisoning, and said the food was unfit for human use. He strongly condemned the land act.

RELEASED.

DUBLIN, September 28.—Father Sheehy and other Kilmallock "suspects" in Kilmainham and Naas jails were released in consequence of the report of the Res dent Magistrate that the Kilmallock district is now peaceful.

PROCESS-SERVERS.

LONDON, September 28.—Another case of what is feared to be a fatal attack upon process servers occurred at Ballybannion, County Kerry. Similar violent attacks on evicting parties of police are continually reported. Boycotting, according to letters published in the papers, has increased.

Italy.

LONDON, September 28.—A dispatch from Rome says: The destruction caused by the earthquake in Abruzzi far exceeds anything indicated in the first reports. The Archbishop of Chieti appeals piteously for help. He says the disaster is only comparable to that of Cassamacciola. Over 1,000 houses are uninhabitable and the remainder more or less fissured. Fourth-fifths of the population are shelterless.

REPORTED DYING.

ROME, September 28.—Cardinal Borromeo is reported dying. Cardinal Vincent Maretti is also seriously ill.

France.

LONDON, September 28.—A Paris dispatch says the Cabinet Council has decided to ignore the manifesto of the extreme Left adverse to the war in Africa.

TONQUIN MATTERS.

LONDON, September 28.—A dispatch from Paris says: There is an impression France desires to force a treaty on the King of Tonquin and there will be a repetition of the Tunis affair there. Such a course would be very likely to involve a rupture with China.

Switzerland.

LONDON, September 28.—A Moscow telegram says the representatives of Russia, Germany and Austria at Berne have addressed a note to the Swiss Government, asking it to forbid the holding of a universal congress of Socialists at Berne. Meanwhile as a counter stroke the Socialists seem to have circulated the report that the congress will not take place.

Spain.

MADRID, September 28.—At the congress of the American Society, Prof. Barber, of Philadelphia, read a paper on the ancient pottery of the cities and rural population of North America and the cinerary urns of Central and South America.

Russia.

MOSCOW, September 28.—The fire which commenced last evening in the Merchants' Bazaar in this city has already destroyed twenty warehouses. In spite of all efforts the conflagration is still raging.

Austro-Hungary.

LONDON, September 28.—A dispatch from Vienna says: Wm. Walker Phelps, United States Minister at Vienna, has asked to be relieved of his functions as soon as a successor can conveniently reach Vienna.

Germany.

LONDON, September 28.—A Berlin dispatch says: Negotiations between Germany and the Vatican have further resulted in an agreement that Dr. Kopp shall shortly be installed as Bishop of Hildesheim in Hanover.

Strike Averted.

PITTSBURG, September 28.—The threatened strike of coal miners in this district for an advance of five cents per bushel for mining if the retail operators persisted in charging the consumers eleven cents per bushel has been averted by the miners withdrawing their demand for an increase under the threat of the dealers to advance the price to fourteen cents.

The Cramer Case.

NEW HAVEN, September 28.—An interesting discovery was made at the Malley trial to-day. On the Crawford Point Hotel register was exhibited the name of Cramer, date August 4. The counsel for the defense claimed it must have been there recently. King, the clerk, had never noticed it before. The record showed that Walter Malley was there with Miss Douglass on July 30. This record had been erased or rewritten under July 31. The clerk had spoken to Walter about the change. The entry showed that Walter and Miss Douglass had supper at the hotel Friday, August 5. Witnesses to-day testified seeing them on the road hither, and one witness on their return to New Haven in the evening near 10 o'clock.

MOBERLY'S GATHERING.

Reunion of the Ex-Confederates—The Procession—The Crowds.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MOBERLY, MO., September 28.—Trains filled commenced to arrive last night at 12 o'clock The city was full to overflowing, many of the ex-Confederates being paesent, notwithstanding the day opened gloomy. Shortly after daylight people commenced to come in, and by 9 o'clock fully 15,000 persons had assembled. A line was then formed of about 2,000 veterans headed by two bands of music, with Gov. Reynolds, Col. Gates and others in carriages. The procession marched to the Merchants' Hotel, where they were received by an eloquent address of welcome from Mayor Carmody, which was received with rounds of applause, cheer on cheer rending the air from the men in line, many of them maimed in the late strife. The order of march was then given and the vast multitude proceeded to the Fair Grounds, Gen. John Marmaduke on foot leading the men of his division, and as the procession passes along the windows are filled with ladies. The sidewalks are thronged, and flashing eyes cast loving glances as the extended lines of a lost cause march, with steps elate, to "Dixey" and "Tramp, Tramp," Attorney-General McIntire, Col. Bob McCullough, Gen. John B. Clark and other distinguished Confederates are present, and Moberly has given them a warm welcome. Gov. Reynolds is now delivering his address in the Fair Grounds to a large multitude. The trains are adding largely to the crowd. One thousand from Monroe have just arrived, and a feeling of fraternity and chivalry rules the hour. The Boys in Blue and Gray mingle together on the most cordial terms. The forget-me-nots that tapestry America's historic fields are entwined with the lilies of the North and the magnolias of the South. It is conceded by all that it is the biggest day Moberly has ever been blessed with. A permanent organization will be effected with Gov. Marmaduke as President.

THE GUAYMAS RAILROAD.

It will be Connected With the Southern Pacific.

TUCSON, A. T., September 28.—Don Leopold Zamora, inspecting engineer of public works of Mexico, arrived here last night from Boston, where he has been interviewing President Nickerson and the directors of the Guaymas Railroad. A Star reporter called upon him and learned that complaints had been made by several parties that the railroad company had abandoned the contract had made with the Government of Mexico to construct its line from Guaymas to Hermasillo, and from thence to El Paso, and that it had abandoned the El Paso route from Hermasillo and was building via Magdalena a short route to connect with the Southern Pacific. Construction was at once ordered stopped north of Hermasillo. He was sent to inquire into the matter, and upon inquiring with Mr. Nickerson, the directors had learned that the company had abandoned the El Paso route, but found the Sonora River Route almost impracticable on account of canons and heavy grades; that they were building the Magdalena route with a view of constructing the shortest route to the Southern Pacific, which would enable them to carry their material and open up at once. In reply to a question whether his government would be prohibited the building of the road of the Magdalena route, he answered most emphatically "no." He said there was nothing in the Government contract with the company to prevent them from building this route; that all they insisted on was that a road be constructed to El Paso or in the immediate neighborhood, within the time provided in the contract, which was five years. He said he favored the building of the Magdalena branch to at once connect with the Southern Pacific, so as to give the people of Sonora a short route to San Francisco, and that he could see no reasons why he should not recommend it strongly to his government. He left this morning for Magdalena in company with R. Morley, Chief Engineer of the Guaymas Road. From all indications work will be commenced in a few days on Magdalena. As soon as this question is settled work will be commenced on the Arizona, Southern and Tucson to unite with the Guaymas road.

DROWNED IN THE DEEP.

The Ship Alice Buck Wrecked and Ten of the Crew Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 28.—A Spanishtown dispatch says the ship Alice Buck, from New York, with railroad iron, struck Hovious rocks, two miles below, at ten minutes past 12 o'clock noon yesterday and is now a total wreck and ten of the twenty-four men on board were drowned. The ship had been leaking for two days and the captain signaled for a tug, evidently intending to put into San Francisco for repairs. Monday he spoke the steamer Oceanic and got the course to San Francisco. At 4 p. m. Monday Capt. Herman Hemingsen thought he was southwest of the Farallones about fifty-five miles and steered northeast. Shortly after midnight, the sky being clear and starry and a pretty good sea running, he struck

WITH AN AWFUL CRASH

on the rocks not over fifteen hundred feet from a high bluff. The two mates and part of the crew were instantly panic-stricken and jumped from the ship into the waves. That was the last seen of them. The captain and the rest of the crew, with life preservers, only left the ship when there was not enough of her fast-breaking hull to stick to. Some reached the shore assisted by people on the bluffs, and the rest were picked up by the steamer Salue. Capt. Hemingsen was picked up after being in the water nine hours supported by two life preservers. The following were lost: Wm. Barry, first mate; D. Croker, second mate; Geo. Parker, boy; David Black, Chas. Reader, Pat Welch and John Gunnison, seamen, and two Chinamen, cook and steward.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, partly cloudy or cloudy weather, with numerous rains, variable winds, stationary or higher barometer, lower temperature. Lower Lake Region, clearing weather, preceded by local rains, cooler westerly winds, higher barometer. Upper Lake Region, fair weather, northwesterly winds, becoming variable, rising, followed in western portion by falling barometer, stationary or lower temperature. Upper Mississippi Valley, fair weather, variable winds, shifting to east or south, lower barometer, stationary or higher temperature. Lower Missouri Valley, fair weather, winds shifting to warmer east or south, lower barometer.

The Nail Trade.

PITTSBURG, September 28.—The regular quarterly meeting of the Western Nail Association was held here at noon to-day. The attendance was very large, nearly every mill being represented. After a full expression of views in regard to the trade, which was reported greater than ever before known in the history of the nail business, it was unanimously decided to advance the card rate to $3 25, subject to the usual terms and discounts. This is an advance of 25 cents.

Yachting.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The yacht Wave will race with the Scotch yacht Madge to-day. Much interest is manifested in the contest because of the defeat yesterday of the Schemer by the foreign sloop.

SANDY HOOK, September 28.—The Scotch yacht Madge passed Buoy 5 nine minutes and a half ahead of the Wave.

POLITICAL POTPOURRI.

A Stream of Visitors Calling on President Arthur.

Democratic Convention in Pennsylvania—New York Delegates—Prohibitionists—Political Notes.

President Arthur.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—The President was engaged with his correspondence during the forenoon. At 12 o'clock two carriages drove up to Senator Jones' residence containing King Kalakaua and suite. The party was accompanied by Assistant Secretary of State Hill, who introduced them to the President. They remained about twenty minutes and had a very pleasant interview. Since then there has been a constant stream of visitors. Among those who called were Gov. Jewell, Attorney-General MacVeagh and Secretaries Lincoln, Hunt and Kirkwood.

Rockwell's Retirement.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—Orders have been issued by Secretary Hunt placing the United States steamship Despatch, now at New York, at the disposal of King Kalakaua while on a visit to Fortress Monroe and Yorktown. The Despatch will meet the royal party at Hampton Roads to-morrow.

Army officers explain the proposed retirement of Col. Rockwell from his detail as Superintenpent of Public Buildings and Grounds as follows: The original creation of the office provided that the duties should be performed by the Chief of Engineers of the army. That officer, Gen. Humphreys, reported to Congress it was impossible for him to do the work in addition to army duties. It was then provided that an officer should be detailed from the corps of engineers. Lieut.-Col. Micheler was first thus designatep. He was succeeded by Maj. O. E. Babcock during Grant's administration who procured the insertion of a clause in the appropriation bill that the officer so detailed should have the rank and pay of Colonel of Engineers. When President Garfield desired to provide a pleasant duty for his friend Capt. Rockwell, he selected this as appropriate and one which should increase his friend's pay from $2,400 to $3,600 and furnish him with very extensive patronage. A detail was ordered to be ready. Gen. Drum, Adjutant-General of the Army at once prepared an argument on the decision that the detail was illegal, as being from the Quartermaster's Department of the army instead of the Corps of Engineers. This was supplemented by a protest from Gen. Wright, Chief of Engineers, to the same effect. The President did not leave the question to the Attorney-General but to Judge Advocate-General Swaim, who furnished a written opinion to the effect that the clause in the appropriation bill providing for an increased rank of detailed officers, repealed the previous provision that he should be an officer of the corps of engineers. The clause simply reads:

"The officer detailed as Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds shall have the rank and pay of a Colonel of Engineers."

In accordance with this opinion Rockwell was appointed. There was such ill-feeling created by the oversloughing of engineers and it is known that a determination existed to bring the subject to the attention of Arthur at the proper time. It was also believed that had Garfield lived Rockwell would have been made Quartermaster-General upon the retirement of Meigs, jumping over thirty officers his seniors in rank. Very few officers believe that Gen. Swaim will resign his commission in the army. He was not appointed by Garfield and could not possibly be disturbed in his position even if such a disposition existed. His rank is that of Brigadier-General, with the pay of $5,500 and allowance. His duties are not severe and in no way bring him in contact with the President or civil affairs.

The President did not visit the White House to-day and was not expected to be there. No appointments were made or other executive business done.

King Kalakaua made an informal call on the President this morning. He is traveling incog.

There have been a large number of applications at the White House for the withdrawal of papers by office-seekers who had filed them for the consideration of Garfield. Three or four clerks were busy to day in hunting these papers out of the pigeonholes. They will all be returned, it is to be presumed, directed to President Arthur.

Pennsylvania Democrats.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., September 28.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order at noon by Chairman Dill, of the State Central Committee.

W. U. Hensel, of Lancaster, was chosen temporary and afterwards permanent chairman, and acknowledged the compliment in an eloquent speech making a pathetic reference to the recent death of the President. He declared time had vindicated the capacity of the Democracy to maintain the true principles of government. The speech was repeatedly applauded. The usual committees were appointed and a recess taken.

Bonds.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—The Secretary of the Treasury received information from the Sub-Treasurer at New York to the effect that $2,000,000 of bonds purchased and redeemed yesterday were all extended 6s, none of the extended 5s being offered. Only $86,000 of the amount was of bonds included in the $2,000,000 call. If this proportion should hold in subsequent weekly purchases, the present call will result in a redemption of over $29,000,000 extended 6s.

Wisconsin Democrats.

MILWAUKEE, September 28.—The Democratic State Convention of Wisconsin convened this afternoon at 12:30 p. m. After electing A. K. Delaney temporary chairman and R. W. Bascord secretary, and appointing the usual committees it adjourned until 3 o'clock.

Senator David Davis.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., September 28.—Senator David Davis arrived home to-night from the East, where he has been during the summer months. His health, while poor, is better than for some time past.

King Calico.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—King Kalakaua and party accepted the invitation from the Secretary of the Navy to go to Yorktown and Fortress Monroe in the Government vessel as soon as a suitable one arrives.

Quashed.

TRENTON, N. J., September 28.—In the United States Court to-day the indictment against ex-Congressman Chas. H. Voorhees for embezzlement was quashed.

New York Republican Delegates.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The Second Assembly District of St. Lawrence county and Allegheny county elect anti-Stalwart delegates to the State Convention.

Massachusetts Prohibitionists.

BOSTON, September 28.—The Prohibitory State Convention met at noon, 150 delegates present. Thos. J. Lathrop of Taunton was elected permanent chairman.

Paired.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 28.—A Virginia dispatch says Senator Fair has paired with Platte, of Connecticut, and will not go East.

Litta in Love.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., September 28.—It is announced upon reliable authority that Mlle. Litta, the prima donna, and Harry Cleveland, the well known tenor, will be united in marriage on the 15th of October. It is a case of genuine love. Litta's mother and other relatives were strongly opposed to the match, but finally gave their consent when they found out that Cupid's dart had not gone amiss of its mark.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

Ryan, the Train Robber, Convicted and Sentenced.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

KANSAS CITY, MO., September 28.—The jury in the Ryan case at Independence retired about noon. The closing argument by Prosecuting Attorney Wallace having been finished, and in ten minutes returned with a verdict of guilty, fixing the sentence at twenty-five years in the penitentiary. Only one ballot was taken. Now that the ball has begun to roll the probabilities are that the train robbers will all be made to feel the force of the law. More arrests will be made immediately. All is quiet. Great rejoicing among the best citizens over the verdict.

HOW RYAN WAS CONVICTED.

Wm. Ryan was tried for participation in the robber of the Chicago and Alton express train at Glendale, on October 8, 1878. The principal witness against Ryan was Tucker Basham, who pleaded guilty to complicity in the robbery a year ago and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, but was pardoned on turning State's evidence. Basham said that about the middle of April, 1879, Ryan came to him and proposed to rob a train. On the 6th of October Ryan approached Basham again, and told him that Jesse James had commanded Basham to assist Ryan and Ed. Miller in robbing the Chicago and Alton Express train at Glendale. The witness detailed how on the night of October 8, he met Jesse James, Miller, Dick Liddle, Wm. Ryan and another man was furnished arms, and went to Glendale, where they took possession of the depot and afterwards robbed the train. The robbers got altogether $10,000, but gave Basham only $900. During the trial great excitement has prevailed in Independence. Threatening letters were sent to the prosecuting attorneys, and the case was so threatening that Gov. Crittenden came here yesterday with an armed posse to prevent an apprehended rescue of Ryan from the jail.

Waifs from Waterloo.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WATERLOO, ILL., September 27, 1881.—The Monroe County Circuit Court was convened yesterday morning, by Judge Wm. H. Snyder, of Belleville, but adjourned at once until to-day out of respect to the dead President. The docket contains five criminal, thirty six law and sixty-one chancery cases. All the schools and business houses were closed, bells were tolled, and draped flags exhibited in every direction yesterday out of regard for the occasion of the day. News has just reached here of the death of Mrs. C. H. Heer, at Springfield, Mo. Mr. Heer, who was formerly the leading merchant here, but afterward occupied the same position in Springfield, has the sympathy of this entire community.

Counterfeiters Caught.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FREEMAN, ILL., September 28.—Three counterfeiters, named respectively Wm. Clark, John Carson and Alexander Potts, were arrested here to-day, having upon them in possession a large amount of counterfeit money, including counterfeit bills upon one of the national banks of East St. Louis. The officers left with their prisoners for Chicago this morning.

Railroad Consolidation.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company the Norfolk and Western and the Shenandoah Valley Railroad Companies have consolidated under the name of "Virginia, Tennessee and Georgia Line."

Jerome Park Races.

JEROME PARK, September 28.—First race, one-and one-eighth mile—Sly Dance first, Checkmate second, Ferida third. Time, 1:59½.

Second race, three-quarter dash—Regicide first, Itaska second, Clarence third. Time, 1:18¾.

The Morphine Road.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FREEPORT, ILL., September 28.—James G. Painter committed suicide last night by taking an overdose of morphine. It is said that his mind became so excited over the death of Garfield that he resorted to self-destruction.

Tobacco Factory Burned.

DANVILLE, VA., September 28.—Holland's tobacco factory and storage rooms burned this morning. Loss, $63,000; insurance, $53,000.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., September 28.—Arrived: Polar Star, south, 11 p. m.; Annie P. Silver, New Orleans, 7 a. m. Departed: Polar Star, St. Louis, 6 a. m.; Alice Brown, St. Louis, 8 a.m.; Annie P. Silver, St. Louis, 8 a. m.; Grand Lake, New Orleans, 9 a. m. Cloudy, cool; heavy wind and rain last night.

LOUISVILLE, KY., September 28.—River falling; 4 feet 6 inches in canal, 2 feet 6 inches in chute on falls. Cloudy.

PITTSBURG, September 28.—River 1 inch in channel and stationary. Weather clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, September 28.—River 1 inch in channel and stationary. Weather clear and pleasant.

CINCINNATI, September 28.—River 4 feet 10 inches and falling. Showery and warm.

MEMPHIS, September 28.—River rising. No arrivals or departures. Cloudy.

Marine.

QUEENSTOWN, September 28.—Arrived: Italy from New York.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Arrived: General Werder, Bremen.

Charged With Trespassing.

Walter Thomas and William Blythe were arrested by Officer Mansfield to-day at the request of Mrs. Cohen, who rents furnished rooms at No. 113 North Eighth street. She informed the officer that she had heard doors tried and similar manifestations which annoyed her. She said some of the roomers had complained of persons trying the doors when they occupied the apartment. Taking one consideration with another the young men were arrested on a charge of trespassing.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Mrs. Mary J. Summit and two children, residing on Main street, between Kansas and Illinois streets, are in very destitute circumstances, lacking food and clothing.

John Keety was arraigned in the Police Court this morning on a charge of disturbing the peace. Being unable to pay a $10 fine, he was sent to the Work-house. Hugh Smithie paid $5 for being drunk on the streets.

THE Mayor to-day granted Tony Faust permission to have a pyrotechnic display, at Fifth and Elm street, on the night of the Veiled Prophet pageant.

COL. A. W. SLAYBACK, Col. Thos. Richeson and Mr. Gerard B. Allen were among the Mayor's callers to-day.

THE STARS.

Roll on, ye stars! exult in youthful prime,
Mark with bright curves the printless steps of Time;
Nearer and more near your beamy cars approach,
And lessening orbs on lessening orbs encroach.
Flowers of the sky! Ye too to age must yield,
Frail as your silken sisters of the field.
Star after star from heaven's high arch shall rush,
Suns sink on suns and systems systems crush,
Headlong extinct to one dark center fall,
And death and night and chaos mingle all;
Till o'er the wreck, emerging from the storm,
Immortal Nature lifts her changeful form,
Mounts from her funeral pyre on wings of flame,
And soars and shines, another and the same!

ERASMUS DARWIN.

DEAD PRESIDENTS.

How the Distinguished Predecessors of Garfield Passed Away.

From the New York World.

The death of Gen. Garfield amid such tragic and pathetic circumstances may render interesting some brief and detached notes upon the subject of the passing from life of his predecessors in the Presidential chair and the scenes attending their inhumation.

Washington took cold during a five-hours' ride over his plantation on the 12th of December, 1799, during the last two hours of which he was exposed to a sharp storm of snow, hail and rain. The cold declared itself next evening, when he was very hoarse, but he made light of it. "I never take anything for a cold," he said; "let it go as it came." At 2 next morning he awakened his wife, but would not let her rise to send for a doctor lest she should take cold. When the secretary was called at daybreak he found Washington breathing with difficulty and hardly able to utter a word intelligibly. Doctors were sent for, and meanwhile he was bled and a gargle was prepared, but on attempting to use it he was convulsed and nearly suffocated. The doctors' remedies were not of more avail, and at 4:30 p. m. he sent his wife for his two wills, had her destroy one and entrusted the other to her keeping, giving her instructions as to his letters, papers and accounts. To his secretary and servant he was as courteous and considerate as ever, bidding the latter, who had been in the room standing by the bed nearly all day, sit down. Between 5 and 6, when assisted to sit up, "I feel I am going," he said to the doctors; "I thank you for your attentions, but I pray you to take no more trouble about me; let me go off quietly—I can not last long." Further remedies were tried without avail in the evening. "About 10," writes his secretary, "he made several attempts to speak to me before he could effect it. At length he said: 'I am just going; have me decently buried, and do not let my body be put in the vault in less than three days after I am dead.' I bowed assent, for I could not speak. He then looked at me again and said: 'Do you understand me?' I replied: 'Yes.' ''Tis well,' said he. About ten minutes before he expired (which was between 10 and 11 o'clock) his breathing became easier. He lay quietly; he withdrew his hand from mine and felt his own pulse. I saw his countenance change, and spoke to Dr. Craik, who came to the bedside. The General's hand fell from his wrist; I took it in mine and pressed it to my bosom. Dr. Craik put his hands over his eyes, and he died without a struggle or a sign." The body was buried on the 18th, a schooner being stationed off Alexandria to fire minute guns while the procession moved from the house to the vault. The troops, horse and foot, led the way; then came four of the clergy; then came Washington's horse, with his saddle, holsters and pistols, led by two grooms in black; then the body borne by Freemasons and officers, followed by the family add several old friends, among them Dr. Craik and some of the Fairfaxes; the corporation of Alexandria. At the tomb the Rev. Mr. Davis read the funeral service and delivered a brief address, after which the Freemasons peformed their ceremonies and the body was deposited in the vault. Such was the death and burial of the first and greatest of the Presidents.

The second and third Presidents died on the semi-centenary of American independence, John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, the latter the writer and the former the orator of the Congress of 1776; the one the author of the Declaration of Independence, and the other the "pillar of its support and its ablest advocate and defender." Adams at 91 preserved a remarkable activity of mind, though his sight was impaired so that he could neither read nor write. By April, 1826, it was evident that he was failing, though his neighbors hoped fondly that he would be able to attend the local celebration of Independence Day.' When, however, it became apparent that they would not have him in person, they deputed the selected orator to visit him and communicate their wishes for some last word or message of cheer. On Friday, the 30th of June, the delegate called on Mr. Adams at 9 a. m., and "spent a few minutes with him in conversation, and took from him a toast to be presented on the Fourth of July as coming from him. I should have liked a longer one, but, as it is, this will be acceptable: 'I will give you,' said he, 'Independence forever!' He was asked if he would not add anything to it, and he replied, 'Not a word.'" The visitor was not too early, as symptoms of debility became more and more alarming. There was no suffering, but respiration became more and more difficult, till on the morning of the 4th Dr. Holbrook predicted that his patient would not last beyond sunset. "Unceasing shouts" greeted the toast offered at the Quincy banquet, but as the guests left the hall news came of the death of its author. He had passed away calmly and without suffering at the sunset of that brilliant and memorable day. "Thomas Jefferson still survives!" were the last words he uttered, so far as could be gathered from his failing articulation.

Thomas Jefferson had died a few hours before him. On the 24th of June he wrote: "All eyes are open or opening to the rights of man. The general spread of the light of science has already laid open to view the palpable truth that the mass of mankind have not been born with saddles on their backs, nor a favored few booted and spurred, ready to ride them legitimately by the grace of God." He grew steadily weaker until he lay upon his bed, serene, painless, cheerful, in full possession of his reason, but helpless and dying. During the 3d of July he dozed hour after hour, under the influence of opiates, rousing occasionally and uttering a few words, conscious that his end was near, but fervently desiring to live until the day he had assisted to consecrate fifty years before. At 11 at night he whispered to Mr. N. P. Trist, his grandchild's husband, who sat by the bed: "This is the Fourth?" Mr. Trist remained silent, being unwilling to say "Not yet!" "This is the Fourth?" again whispered Jefferson, and when the watcher nodded, "Ah!" he sighed, and sunk into a sleep with an expression of satisfaction upon his countenance. They thought him dying, but he lingered until 12:40 in the afternoon, occasionally indicating a desire by words or looks. "I resign my soul to God, and my daughter to my country," is a popular version of his latest utterances.

Madison left his mountain residence of Montpelier but once after his retirement in 1817—to attend the constitutional convention of 1829. He died June 28, 1836, the last survivor of the signers of the Constitution. During his last illness, when his family and the doctor were at dinner, his voice was heard feebly from the adjoining chamber: "Doctor, are you pushing about the bottles? Do your duty, doctor, or I must cashier you." Monroe was the third President to die on Independence day; he passed away in this city in 1831 at the residence of his son-in-law, Samuel L. Gouverneur. Ill-health had compelled him to resign the Presidency of the Virginia Constitutional Convention. His remains were deposited with public honors in the Marble Cemetery on Second street, where they reposed until 1858, when they were removed under the escort of the Seventh Regiment, then commanded by Col. Abram Duryee, to Hollywood Cemetery, at Richmond, Va., the occasion being memerable for the enthusiastic warmth with which New York's citizen soldiers were received by their Southern brethren. John Quincy Adams, "the old man eloquent," was found by death where he could have wished its approach, in the halls of Congress. On Monday, February 21, 1848, he ascended the steps of the Capitol with his accustomed alacrity and took his place in the house. While petitions were being presented, suddenly there was a cry of "Mr. Adams!" and a rush of members toward his seat. He was rising with a number of petitions in his hand, when he was struck with apoplexy and sank down, catching at his desk and falling into the arms of the member who sprang across the aisle to his assistance. He was carried into the rotunda, then into the Speaker's room. He attempted to speak, but his voice was a mere murmur, low and indistinct, though Mr. Ashmun, who was placing him on the sofa, thought he said: "Last of earth—content," intending to say: "This is the last of earth—I am content." He became insensible at once and lingered, faintly breathing, until 10 o'clock on the morning of the 23d, when he expired in the presence of the officers of the house. Mr. Adams' body was removed on the car drawn by six white horses that had served for Harrison's funeral, and, after lying in state in Faneuil Hall, was buried at Quincy.

Jackson died on Sunday, June 8, 1845, at the Hermitage. For months he had been suffering from disease of the lungs, dropsy and diarrhœa, enduring the pains of his martyrdom with sublime patience. Almost to the last he was pestered by office-seekers and hero-worshippers. His last writing was a statement to help his old friend and fellow-soldier, Robert Armstrong, to a pension. On the 30th day of May he gave Mr. Healy the last sitting for the portrait designed for Louis Philippe, and with his elaborate courtesy congratulated the artist. Nightly he kissed and blessed each member of his family, bidding each a farewell as if for the last time; then offered earnest prayer for them and his country. His Bible was always near him. On the Friday he gave directions concerning his funeral and dictated a letter, his last, to the President, bidding him act promptly and resolutely in the affairs of Texas and Oregon. On the morning of his death, a brilliant, hot day, he bade an affectionate farewell to his family, friends and servants, whom he addressed with calmness, strength, and even animation, on the subject of religion, concluding, "I hope and trust to meet you all in heaven, both white and black—both white and black," words he repeated again in the afternoon as the end was coming on. Hearing the servants on the piazza weeping, he spoke again: "What is the matter with my dear children? Have I alarmed you? Oh, do not cry! Be good children, and we will meet in heaven." At 6 he died, without a struggle or a pang. He was buried on Tuesday, beside the wife he had loved so fondly. Three thousand people were present at the services conducted upon the portico by Dr. Edgar. After a prayer, Jackson's favorite psalm was sung, "Why should we start and fear to die?" A sermon was preached from the text, "These are they which came out of great tribulation," and the service concluded with a hymn.

Martin Van Buren died at Kinderhook, N. Y., at 2 a. m., July 24, 1862, of asthma that developed into a painful catarrhal affection of the throat and lungs. For a year his health had been failing, and during the last week of his life his mind was wandering, though in his lucid intervals he manifested deep interest in public affairs, expressing his good wishes for Lincoln and his confidence in McClellan. One of his last distinct utterances was to his clergyman: "There is but one refuge." He was buried on Monday, the 28th, a solitary flag flying at halfmast, and the hotel and two other buildings being festooned with black. Only one organization was at the funeral—the Kinderhook Fire Company. Twelve old residents acted as pall-bearers. Harrison died April 4, 1841. He rode on horseback to his inauguration, and stood bareheaded and without an overcoat to deliver his inaugural, contracting pneumonia aggravated by subsequent imprudences in exposing himself to the weather of that bleak spring. His last words, heard by Dr. Worthington, were: "Sir, I wish you to understand the true principles of the government. I wish them carried out. I ask nothing more!" A procession two miles in length accompanied the body, drawn on a funeral-car by six white horses, to its temporary resting-place in the Congressional burying-ground, where the Episcopal service was conducted by Dr. Hawley. Tyler was taken ill on Sunday, January 12, 1862, while at breakfast at the Ballard House, Richmond, and died at midnight of the 17th. "Let me give you some stimulant," said his doctor. "I will not have it," replied the dying man, and, closing his eyes, passed away quietly. His body lay in state at the Capitol. He was a member of the Confederate Congress, and was interred with much pomp at Hollywood on the 21st by Bishop Johns. Polk died June 15, 1849, three months after his retirement from the Presidency. He had suffered from diarrhœa on the journey, and a recurring attack proved fatal. On his death-bed he received the rite of baptism at the hands of a Methodist clergyman, an old neighbor and friend. Taylor attended the Fourth of July ceremonial in 1850, when the dust from Kosciusko's tomb was deposited in the Washington monument, and endured for several hours the heat of a day he declared worse than any he had experienced in Mexico or Florida. Going home he insisted on eating freely of unripe cherries and drinking cold water and iced milk, despite the remonstrances of his servant, bringing on an attack of cholera morbus and typhoid, of which he died on the 9th. An imposing procession accompanied his remains to the Congressional cemetery, the Episcopal service having previously been read in the east room by Dr. Butler and Dr. Pyne.

Millard Fillmore died at Buffalo at 11 p. m. on Sunday, March 8, 1874, and was buried on the 12th, after the body had lain in state in St. Paul Cathedral. Franklin Pierce passed away at 4:40 a. m. on Friday, October 8, 1869, at the residence of Mr. Willard Williams, Concord, N. H., of dropsy and inflammation of the stomach. For the last three days of his life he was unconscious, and he died without pain. His body lay in state at Doric Hall, and was buried in the cemetery, on Main street, on the 11th. James Buchanan died at Lancaster, Pa., at 8:30 on the morning of Monday, June 1, 1868, after an illness of one month, though he had been sinking for nearly a year. His last hours were peaceful and nearly painless. On the night before his death he gave detailed directions for the ordering of his funeral and the erection of his monument, dictating the inscription, a blank to be left for the date of death, "which cannot be far distant," he said. In the morning he asked for a drink of water from the spring, saying to the medical attendant, "Doctor, if disembodied spirits ever come back, I believe that mine will be found about that spring." His last authentic words as he sank into the sleep in which he died were: "O Lord God Almighty, as Thou wilt!" His funeral took place on the 4th, the exercises being conducted by Dr. Nevin, president of Franklin and Marshall College, an immense concourse being in attendance. The circumstances of the death of Abraham Lincoln and of his "funeral fifteen hundred miles long," were fully described in the World at the time of the shooting of President Garfield. Andrew Johnson died suddenly at Greenville, Tenn., on Saturday, July 31, 1875, and was buried with Masonic ceremonies on the 3d of August.

Three Vassar Graduates.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel.

An exchange says that "the daughter of the wealthiest banker in Grand Rapids, Mich., who was graduated from Vassar three years ago, has been the cashier of her father's bank ever since. Miss Canfield, of Manistee, Mich., coming from Vassar two years since, found mere society life irksome, begged some regular occupation, and was taken by her sensible father as bookkeeper into his office—a position of no slight responsibility in the office of Mr. Canfield, the owner of the largest tug line on the lakes. Still another Vassar graduate is doing a successful business in an insurance office in Milwaukee."

Gov. Crittenden's arrival at Independence with an armed escort and a heavy stand of arms has had a quieting effect. The thrilling letter to Prosecuting Attorney Wallace is believed to be a hoax.

A LONDON OPIUM DEN.

Africans Smoking the Deadly Drug in Dirt and Squalor.

From the London Times.

I suppose a powerful, able-bodied African, raving drunk, is about as ugly an illustration of the depths of degradation to which intoxicating liquids can reduce a human creature as the most zealous Lawsonite could desire to make use of. I am sure of this, however, that Sambo at his worst, and when his opal eyeballs, rolling in frenzy, gleam like a jewel to which they are likened when it is exposed to the sun or fire, and with his protruding lips drawn back and looking as hard as ridges of black bone, bedging his double row of vicious teeth, even he is not such a repulsive-looking being as the yellow-skinned opium smoker after his third or fourth drunk, when he is propped by the considerate landlord against the wall with legs no more available than those of a rag doll, there to remain until consciousness slowly returns to him, when he will take a swig at the water jug to moisten his parched mouth and go at the pipe again.

The ugly spectacle, however, is not commonly on view. To behold it one must first gain admittance to a smoke-house. Unlike a public house, no sign distinguishes it, and its whereabouts is known only to the initiated. But the habitual opium-smoker knows where to find it, and thither he resorts to snatch, perhaps, a couple of hasty pipes, if he has pressing business in hand, or to make a night of it—two, three nights and days as well for that matter—in congenial company. I had not much trouble in discovering two smoking-houses in the locality, the master of one being not a Chinaman but an Irishman. I told him what I required and he suggested no obstacles. I was as welcome as anybody else to come to his house and to smoke a pipe as well, if I had a mind to. Evening was his busiest time. A few regular customers who lived in distant parts of London, and who had honored him with their patronage for years, came for a quiet pipe in his best room in the daytime, but it was not until about dusk that the common sort came, and then he was sometimes so full as to be obliged to turn people away.

At dusk that same evening I was again in the neighborhood. The house I was in quest of was situated in what notoriously is the worst part of the locality—up a court in a street the majority of the inhabitants of which are probably known to the police. Had I been in any doubt as to which was the particular court where my opium master lived, I should have been speedily set right, for at that very moment there came shuffling up the street two gaunt objects, Lascars seemingly, with their flimsy blue serge jackets buttoned closer, and each with a woolen comforter round his throat, though the evening was close and sultry. They made straight for the court, and were in such a hurry that they reached the smoke-house and disappeared in at the door before I could overtake them. The door was ajar, and, as I had made an appointment with the landlord, I walked in without scruple, and, at the end of a passage, there found a room where opium-smoking was going on at full blast. It was not a large apartment—not more than fifteen or sixteen feet square, possibly; but a hasty glance around revealed to me thirteen individuals present, exclusive of the master of the house and an attendant.

A dingy paraffine lamp hanging against the wall revealed the pretty picture. At least half the floor was covered with a large mattress, and on three sides of the square were placed bolsters as dirty as the walls themselves; and huddled nose to knees, with their heads on the bolsters, two on a side, inclined six smokers in the various stages of intoxication with the opium they were inhaling. There were two long forms in the room, and on one of them sat five customers, waiting their turn (the remaining two, making up the thirteen, were lying on the floor by the wall motionless as men asleep), and, being in no particular hurry to rest my head on a bolster, I took a back seat, but in full view of the mattress. The opium master's assistant—a ragged youth, without coat or waistcoat, and who seemed to have stirred his hair to the wildest possible disorder in an opium dream—was concocting something in a pipkin that stood on the hop of the fire-grate, when one of the impatient waiters and watchers drew his attention to a smoker whose pipestem had dropped from his lips, and who lay helpless and hideous, with his mouth ajar, and with a failing phosphorescent light in his half-open eyes.

Well used to the job, the attendant hauled him off the mattress, and laid him with the other two by the wall, while the first man on the form sprang forward with alacrity to take his place, and, with a face expressive of blissful expectation, resigned himself to the following ceremony: Unbuttoning his jacket, and divesting himself of his cap, he lay down on his side, with one hand under his head, as though composing himself to sleep, while the presiding genius got a pipe ready for him With a bodkin he took from the saucer a portion of the opium seemingly no longer than a moderate-sized pea, and holding it on the point of the implement, twiddled it in the flame of the lamp, causing it to emit a sickening odor. When the morsel was sufficiently fried he placed it in the pipe bowl, and, thrusting the pipe stem into the eager mouth of the smoker applied a light to it, which the other sucked. Sucked is the word.

Anything like blowing a cloud, such as happens when one ignites the fragrant bird's-eye in the bowl of a briar or meerschaum, or even a clean and honest clay, was out of the question. The Lascar's lips closed over the blunt stem as though they were glued to it, and one only judged that he was sucking by the drawing in of the cheeks. I observed the pipe narrowly, and could discern only the thinnest thread of pale blue smoke rising now and again from its bowl. What fumes there were the smoker swallowed, as his eyes blinked lazily, and each moment more resembled that of a pig whose last gorge of barley meal was a treat to dwell on ere it fell asleep. I am unable to say exactly how long it took to consume the smouldering opium, certainly not more than eight or nine minutes. At the end of that time a gurgling in the pipestem announced that the charge was burnt out, and, for the time completely drunk and incapable, the smoker was bundled off the mattress to make room for the next customer.

I don't know how long the two that were on the floor when I had entered had been lying there, but they now began to rouse, shivering and shrinking in their clothes as though they felt cold, and staring at each other and about the room in a bemused way and as though their brains were still "fuddled" with the powerful narcotic. Nor did they appear to recover completely until the tattered waiter handed them each a small cigarette of ordinary tobacco. After smoking it out they rose from the floor, shook themselves and took a seat on the floor ready for another "drunk" when it came to their turn. They did not talk with each other during the long interval of waiting or appear in the least inclined to be companionable, but, for the mort part, sat with their eyes closed and their arms folded as though anxious to shut out everything that might break the thread of their cogitation on pipes past and inprospective.

How Garfield's Body Was Embalmed.

From the New York Star.

In the large dissecting room on the upper floor of the University Medical College, opposite Bellevue Hospital, a Star reporter yesterday found James W. Walsh, the embalmer who embalmed the body of the late President. He was engaged by Benedict, the undertaker, to whom his reputation was well known. Mr. Walsh has been connected for several years with the University Medical College, where he superintends the preparation and preservation of bodies for dissection. He has been well known for years as a successful embalmer, and among the many bodies he has embalmed are those of Rev. Father Daly of St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, the body of Rev. Dr. Washburn, whose funeral services were held five months after death, and that of the wife of General H. Day.

Mr. Walsh arrived at Elberon at 12:30 p. m. on Tuesday. Half an hour later he injected the body from the left femoral artery upward and downward, in order to prepare it for the post mortem examination. Immediately after the examination, which was begun at 5:30 p. m. and lasted until 7:30 p. m., Mr. Walsh commenced the work of embalming. With a preparation invented by himself he injected the lower extremities through the external iliac arteries. The arms were injected through the subclavian arteries and the body through the right common carotid artery. It was not necessary to open the latter at the neck, as the opening previously made for the examination sufficed. The embalming process was begun at 7:30 p. m., and was completed in two hours and a half. No ice is, therefore, used to preserve the body during its long journey to its last home, the process having been complete and successful to the extreme.

Mr. Walsh had never seen the President during life, but he says the body did not seem very emaciated when the length of time he had been suffering is considered.

ITALIAN MARRIAGES.

How They Woo and Mate in the Land of Sunshine.

Florence Letter to N. Y. Times.

Hitherto the Italians have sought for themselves partners in matrimony in their old time-honored way—romantic in inception very frequently, if practical and prosaic in execution. But it would seem in the rapid progress of ideas, nineteenth century fashion, the French and German custom of making marriage a purely business transaction has begun to take root even here. Recently, in one of the principal journals, published both in Rome and Florence, have appeared several standing advertisements to this effect: "B——, a banker, of 35 years of age, sound health, good habits, possessing 1,000,000f., wishes to find a widow of similar means, good looks, and about the same age, to marry. Address," etc. Another is headed, "Rich parties offering in marriage; old firm, strongly recommended, quick dispatch," etc. But the oddest of all, briefest and most stock-market-like is the following: "Marriages—Madam G——, 11 bis via Maubeuge, thirty orphans, ninety maids, eighteen widows, fortunes from ten thousand to eight million francs." Orphans, virgins and widows classified and offered to the highest bidder, like so many prize cattle. It is but just to say, however, that the marriage bureaus and advertisements found in Italy thus far are all of foreign origin. As yet no native has had the enterprise to go into busines in this fashion.

The indigenous way of contracting marriages is either extremely prosaic and matter of fact, or most impulsive and romantic, based on love at first sight. If the former, it is mainly left to parents or friends both to suggest the unions and to bring eligible parties together, taking chiefly a worldly, material view of the circumstances of each, but not neglecting the moral, unless in cases where it is solely a question of family interests. Girls are rarely forced in the old novel fashion into repugnant unions, but they are from infancy trained to believe that their families and friends know what is best for them in these cases, so that their own wills are passive rather than active in the matter, and they submit quietly to the destinies marked out for them, with, perhaps, no worse results as to happiness than come from the hasty, haphazard ventures of American girls, deciding in their teens their own matrimonial fates, irrespective of parental wisdom and influence. They have, however, under their lee the haven of the facile divorce courts, to which, in case of connubial disaster, to run and repair damages for another marital cruise. But the Italian girl has no such friendly breakwater to protect her from the tempest either of her own or her friends' raising. She is trained from the outset to make the best of her position, which is a final one, although she is no woman if she cannot find means in extreme cases to mitigate its sufferings. Separations can be and are sometimes arranged, but usually the mistakes, if any, are decorously hidden by the matrimonial veil. The one case which I knew, where a hard-headed father took his only daughter, seventeen years old, out of the convent school, where he had placed her for education since she was a baby, turned out badly for the victim. Her choice was either to marry the old sinner selected for her or to become a nun, and the intervention of her mother failed to modify her father's decision. Not knowing what marriage meant any more than an infant, and having seen what nuns' lives were, she accepted the former, with such consequences that a separation had to be effected finally. In another instance of an opposite character the young ladies got the better of their parents and had their marriages all their own way, with results a trifle better, but nothing equal to what they might have secured with less obstinacy and more good judgment. They were highly educated, beautiful daughters of a noble family of historical renown, of great possessions, who might have aspired to the highest alliances, but each, having seen a young man of no position with whose looks they were pleased, fell desperately in love with him, managed to make the passion understood and very naturally to have it duly reciprocated. As soon as the parents discovered this they tried every means to put an end to it, but in vain. The girls would marry the men they had chosen or none. To bring things to a crisis they took to their beds love-sick, and, as their family thought, with their health seriously threatened by the means taken to change their ill-advised ideas. In the end the parents felt compelled to give in, and the result was two very commonplace unions, without any specially bad consequences, but isolating them more or less from their rightful social spheres and mating them to inferiors in every sense. I mention this case only to show that when Italian girls seriously undertake to have their own way in marrying, they succeed, despite custom and training.

The Prince of Tramps.

From the Memphis Appeal.

The very romance of tramp life was exemplified yesterday by a dilapidated-looking individual with only one leg, whose name was registered at the station house as W. H. Cardwell. He is known to many persons as a reporter, and has lived a most variegated life. His full name is Wyatt Henry Cardwell. His father was the eminent Dr. Cardwell, of Richmond, Va., and his mother was the eldest daughter of the world-renowned orator Patrick Henry. Cardwell is said to be a graduate of Washington University and has withal a polished education. He has the remarkable faculty of repeating long poems from memory. It is said he can troll out Childe Harold, Don Juan, and such poems from beginning to end. At the age of 15 he joined the Confederate Army and was shot at Manassas, losing his leg. He was taken to the Richmond Hospital, where he excited the attention of prominent ladies and gentlemen by his precocity. Afterward he became private secretary to Senator Foote. He has wandered all over the country, being now heard of in New York, now in Cincinnati, now in Louisville, and now in Washington. At the present time he is heard of in Memphis. He has done considerable newspaper work in his time, was connected with the National Star at Goodman, Miss., in 1878, and afterward was on the Kosciusko Chronicle. Wherever he has been he has had a pursuer—whisky. It has made him tramp all over the United States, and has frequently caused him to be arrested. He has an extensive acquaintance with the great men of this country, and has now in his possession a letter from Alexander H. Stephens congratulating him on his reform.

He is a man of good address and has reduced begging to a fine art. For instance, in approaching a stranger, he will say: "Will you pardon the perfect ingenuousness of the request, but could you lend me half a dollar to get a night's lodging?" Should the person thus approached deny the request, he will not be indignant or insulting, but will gracefully change the conversation to national politics, the ethics of journalism, the traits of great men or similar topics. He is an accomplished performer on the banjo. With all his bad habits, he is said to be honest. It is the one remnant of the Virginia gentleman. A more remarkable career could hardly be imagined. From a fine family to the profession of a common tramp, and he is only about thirty-five years of age. There was a time when he would force his way into the families of respectable people, but he does so no longer, and it is only too palpable that he has lost caste with himself.

IDEAL.

We saw in the autumn sheaf we bound—
The sheaf flame in the chimney's heart,
When a flavor of frost slipped into the dusk
And late flower petals were twisted apart—
The dead gold blossoming, over-ripe,
Of swath that the circling cradle caught,
The harvest wealth that the richest light
Of the budding summer sought.

We saw in the film of the faint blue smoke
The haze on the hill where the dog-rose spread,
Blue of damsons and blue of grapes
And stray bright flashes of swarthy red.
We saw the sinuous curve and grace
Of creepers fed by the moist, dark mould,
The tangled web that the ivy wove,
And the love vine's mesh of gold.

Summer time. And the elder frost,
The dead gold blooming of summer sheaves,
Faint flushed disks of the wildwood rose,
Pride and love of the "moon of leaves."
Reign and die—and the scene must shift.
Passion of color and blazon of dyes
Trail like the dripping of wine in the path
Where a wild Bacchante flies.

There is ever a charm in what is not here,
As hither and yonder the shutties slide
With the thread of seasons we ever see
The fairest light at the further side.
In the dead gold bloom of the harvest sheaves
Is a promise wrought that shall not depart;
Yes, we waiting sigh for the autumn sheaf,
Or flame in the chimney's heart.

OSCAR WILDE NORMILE.

BEAUTIFUL MEN.

The Opera Chaps With Whom Young Women Fall in Love.

From an Inter-Ocean Letter.

It is hard to understand why it is, but somehow, while girls recognize the powder and paint, the blonde wigs and pencilled brows of a prima donna as so much make-up, they refuse to analyze the charms of a tenor, and his grease paint, luxuriant locks and graceful moustache are admired as his very own. Unluckily these fascinated young women have no opportunity of seeing the adored object as he sits at the family table, devouring beefsteak and onions, with three small children at his knee, and a wife who perchance seasons the meal by reading aloud the tender effusions emanating from these deluded young creatures. It is a fact that with one or two exceptions all the best-known singers are married men with families, and I do not know one of them who, in private life, could be called handsome; yet they all, even going outside the ranks of singers, to that gross fellow with three wives—Levy—to Campanini, red-faced, fat, and with five children, are inundated with love letters, bouquets and presents. The men who have the most common sense and the most principle laugh at these epistles and destroy them—a good thing for the writers—but there are others, less honorable, who do not hesitate to take advantage in various ways of these pretty little ninnies. Here is an instance that came to my knowledge last winter:

The seventeen-year-old daughter of Dr. W——, of this city, fell, or imagined she did, wildly in love with a mellow-voiced baritone in the Mapleson Company. Under an assumed named she wrote him gushing and romantic little notes, and finally sent her photograph. The face was so lovely that it piqued the singer's curiosity, but it was in vain he pleaded for an opportunity to see it. Miss W—— could only enjoy her escapade as long as she maintained her incognito. Finally the baritone, noting the name of the photographer, visited his parlors and ascertained his correspondent's name. Then he wrote to her under her real address, saying he had identified her, and she could take the choice of having her picture and notes back and giving him $200 in cash, or he would tell a reporter of the Police Gazette the story and have the picture published. There is little likelihood such a threat would have been carried out, but the girl was so terribly frightened that she sent him all the money she could scrape together, and the rest of the sum in jewelry.

Another case with a better ending was that of a young lady whose father is well known on the Stock Exchange. She was violently smitten with Campanini, and used to send him no end of beautifully written missives, and every night a bouquet of red roses. The letters especially attracted the attention of the tenor, because they were written in smoothly flowing Italian, and evidently by some one who was more romantic than fast or wild. There was little trouble in finding out the fair correspondent, and Mme. Campanini, who has a good and lovely soul, sent a note to the young lady and asked her to call. It is needless to say the latter's delightful delusions were quickly dispelled before the domestic life of the silver-toned tenor and the kindly advice of his good wife.

The extent to which these serio-comic love affairs are carried on is enormous, and sometimes the parties show an amusing ingenuity in their correspondence. Del Puente once went nearly wild with ungratified curiosity through the pranks of a mischievous school girl, who was perpetually sending him love letters, in which she declares she never missed a single night when he sung, and that when he left New York on his tour with Her Majesty's Company she should follow him and be present at every performance. Sure enough, in every city where he sung he received a pretty note of congratulation, with the usual information that the writer, dressed, as usual, in black, was present. Of course there were always a number of young and pretty women in this somber hue, but which was his correspondent Del Puente never could decide. The letters were always postmarked with the name of the city he happened to be in, and finally he became really nervous with the idea of an unknown woman following him in this shadowy fashion. His curiosity was not destined to be satisfied until long afterward, when he found that the fair unknown, cleverly following the published route, would send a stamped but undirected letter to the Postmaster of the city he happened to be in, with a request that he would ascertain the singer's address and forward it. As long as the letter was stamped this was sure to be done, and the tenor never failed to receive the missive.

A case of basso infatuation was that of a daughter of an ex-Senator, still prominent in Washington circles, who used to spend all her pin money in buying presents and baskets of flowers which she sent Conley. In some mysterious way her father received a hint of it, and the young lady was sent to the Georgetown convent, where she was educated for a couple of years by way of punishment. Castle, though neither so young nor so charming as he once was, still receives loads of gushing epistles which Mrs. Castle demurely twists into cigar lighters; and Brignoli says "I haf teached misself ze Inglis language with these liddle lettres." In Chicago your correspondent is told there resides a wealthy and charming young married lady who entertains handsomely, and is well known in society, but who distracts her elderly husband by a mania for making the acquaintance of every new male singer of note, and entertaining him with the greatest elegance and expense.

Of course a majority of these affairs are entered into either in the spirit of romance or mischief, but in either case it is apt to result disastrously, and the world has a cruelly uncomfortable way of stamping them with another and harsher name.

Shall Women Smoke?

From the London World, September 14.

Oddly enough, when we consider how improper a cigarette is supposed to be when a woman smokes it, the men who like fast women are not the ones who like lady-smokers. Those who do are the artists, the authors, the men of mind, who are not fascinated by almond-shaped eyes, a small waist and an absence of virtue, but who like a woman who can understand them, and who has conversational powers of her own. They obtain from an intelligent woman a delicate and charming appreciation; they often discover in her wonderful suggestiveness. Society does not give men and women much opportunity for any real interchange of ideas, and the men who like a clever woman are often delighted when they find out that she smokes. It is remarkable how a little tobacco-puffing will break down the mental barrier between the sexes. It is an excuse for the physical repose which is the best condition for taking; it brightens the mind and quickens the ideas; it fills up all the pauses when no one has anything to say. You have your smoke-rings to watch instead of gazing at your neighbor's face. Indeed, there are so many charms about it that there is small wonder clever men and women are fond of this little magic symbol of good comradeship, the cigarette.

In all probability "the higher education of women" will bring about one result which its advocates have never thought of. Girl graduates, overworked and crammed, will take to the solace of smoking. The women who are pushing their way into the professions will discover the need of it. When women begin to work they will smoke also. Gradually the cigarette will be entirely associated with the blue-stocking instead of the Anonyma and her imitators. It will be useless to protest or condemn. The use of tobacco was prohibited in Russia—the knout threatened for the first offense, death for the second—yet Russian ladies are the greatest of smokers. Pope Urban VIII. issued a bull against it; our King James fought vigorously against its introduction here. In the East the priests and Sultans declared smoking to be a sin against their holy religion, and yet the Turk is seldom seen without a pipe. Even the edict of society will not alarm the new generation of clever women. The actress smokes in her dressing-room because she is exhausted; the autnors, the artists (and we have one or two women now who can paint) will smoke in their studies for the same reason. When sensible men go to see them they will light up together and have a sociable talk. Let us console ourselves with the fact that a pretty woman who smokes because she likes it looks well. Doubtless there will come a day when Worth will always add to his dresses a dainty little tobacco-pouch or cigarette-pocket. And we may be sure when fashion has once got a word to say in its favor smoking will no longer be improper.

Cotton Aristocracy.

From Harper's for October.

The small farmer—who was to retrieve the disasters of the South and wipe out the last vestige of the planting aristocracy, between which and the people there was always a lack of sympathy, by keeping his own acres under his own supervision and using hired labor only as a supplement to his own—is still held to be the typical cotton-raiser.

But the observer who cares to look beneath the surface will detect signs of a reverse current. He will discover that there is beyond question a sure though gradual rebunching of the small farms into large estates, and a tendency toward the re-establishment of a land-holding oligarchy. Here and there through all the cotton States, and almost in every county, are reappearing the planter princes of the old times, still lords of acres, though not of slaves. There is in Mississippi one planter who raises annually 12,000 bales of cotton on twelve consolidated plantations, aggregating, perhaps, 50,000 acres. The Capeheart estate, on Albemarle Sound, originally of several thousand acres, had $52,000 worth of land added last year. In the Mississippi Valley, where more than anywhere else is preserved the distinctive cotton plantation, this reabsorbing of separate farms into one ownership is going on rapidly. Mr. F. C. Morehead, an authority on these lands, says that not one-third of them are owned by the men who held them at the close of the war, and that they are passing, one after the other, into the hands of the commission merchants. It is doubtful if there is a neighborhood in all the South in which casual inquiry will not bring to the front from ten to a dozen men who have added farm after farm to their pyssessions for the past several years, and now own from six to twenty places. It must not be supposed that these farms are bunched together and run after the old plantation style. On the contrary, they are cut into even smaller farms, and rented to small croppers. The question involved is not whether or not the old plantation methods shall be revived. It is the much more serious problem as to whether the lands divided forever into small farms shall be owned by the many or by the few, whether we shall have in the South a peasantry like that of France, or a tenantry like that of Ireland.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Only three of the hands of the ship Calcutta, East Indies for Boston, wrecked near East London, have been saved.

The Dufferin Hotel and other property at Dundas, Ont., furnished food for flames on Tuesday at a loss of $75,000.

Eleven lives were lost by the wreck of the ship Alice Buck on the rocks at Haven's Beach, San Francisco, on Tuesday.

Fears are entertained for the safety of Rev. R. R. Riddle, a prominent clergyman, who is canoeing among the rapids of Maine.

Ike Stockton, of the notorious Eskridge gang of New Mexican desperadoes, was killed on Tuesday while resisting arrest at Durango, Col.

The League base ball scores on Tuesday were: Detroit 11, Worcester 6; Chicago 10, Troy 8; Buffalo 3, Boston 2; Providence 6, Cleveland 0.

Capt. Eads announces that if the United States Government refuses to aid the ship railway he will apply to the English government or to English capitalists.

Miss Sadie Colder, a young lady of Hunnewell, Kas., was shot and killed on the streets Tuesday morning during a fuss among cowboys who were riotously running the town.

O. T. Boleter, a merchant at Scanlon's Landing, Ark., was shot and killed on Tuesday by Deputy Sheriff Ward, who had previously taken possession of Boleter's store. Bad feeling existed on both sides.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout,
Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and
Sprains, Burns and Scalds,
General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet
and Ears, and all other Pains
and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

"Babes in the Wood," a modernized version of a favorite old English extravaganza, furnishes scope for the versatile talent of the Rice Surprise Party, and it draws large audiences to the Grand Opera-house this week. Misses Topsy Venn, Jennie Calef, Rose Temple and Messrs. H. E. Dixey, George Schiller, Geo. Fortescue and others well-known in Rice's excellent company of burlesque artists present all the gems of vocal and burlesque features, receiving nightly the heartiest manifestations of approval. It is an attractive performance, and will hold the boards at the Grand Opera for the week.

THE OLYMPIC.

A cordial greeting was extended last evening at the Olympic to the celebrated Vokes Family after an absence of seven years from the St. Louis stage. The Misses Jessie and Victoria Vokes and Messrs. Fred and Fawdon Vokes presented the same bright medley of song, dance, mirth and mimicry in the inimitable Vokes style, the bill including "Belles of the Kitchen," preceded by "Cousin Joe." Miss Rosina Vokes' place in the company is supplied by Miss Bessie Sanson, a young lady of marked soubrette talent, and possessing personal charms that will establish her in the favor of the public. The Vokes will repeat "Belles of the Kitchen" to-night, and on Friday and Saturday "Fun in a Fog" will be introduced.

POPE'S.

Jay Rial's "Uncle Tom" combination furnishes a bright and popular attraction this week at Pope's. The spectacular is a particular feature of the production, which is now the exclusive right of Jay Rial, who has developed the best and strongest features for effect, including plantation singers, trained animals, an excellent cast, etc. "Uncle Tom" is presented at popular prices, and it draws well.

THE PEOPLE'S.

This popular house presents a good bill this week, furnished by Gulick's Comedy Company in "Furnished Rooms," a humorous dramatic sketch abounding in farcical situations and amusing dialogue. It will hold the boards for the week.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.

Jesse Hall's benefit takes place Friday evening, 30th. Jessie takes the part of the Duchess in "Faint Heart Never Won Fair Lady," assisted by forty talented St. Louis young ladies and children. All arrangements have been completed, and Library Hall should and no doubt will be crowded.

CITY NEWS.

Officers Kicker and Warren arrested a man named Fitzpatrick at Seventh and Franklin avenue last night. He is charged with highway robbery.

After two postponements the Brooklyn Atlantics and the St. Louis Browns will meet at Grand Avenue Park this afternoon if the weather is suitable.

John Harkins, the citizen who was injured at the fire on Sunday afternoon, is lying in a very critical condition, and it is scarcely hoped that he can recover.

The wires for the electric lights to be used on the occasion of the Veiled Prophets' parade have been put in place and will be tested before the end of the week.

There was a private meeting of disaffected saloon-keepers at Turner Hall yesterday afternoon. It is understood that a saloon-keepers' association is to be organized.

The Executive Committee of the Mississippi River Improvement Committee met at the Lindell Hotel last night, and after an hour's session adjourned, having accomplished nothing definite.

A suspicious character was arrested at Venice Ferry yesterday. He would not give his name, but as he had a horse answering to the description of one stolen at Troy, Ill., on Monday, he was sent there.

The police force will receive their month's pay on Saturday next, instead of Monday, as is usual. The weekly meeting of the Police Board was not held yesterday, but will probably occur later in the week.

At 9 o'clock last night the St. Louis delegation of the Legion of Honor returned from Cleveland. They speak in the highest terms of the considerate treatment which they received by the Cleveland people.

A lad about fourteen years old, who says that his name is Wm. Smith, that he has no father or mother and that he came to St. Louis from Centralia, Mo., it at 410 S. Seventh street, at the house of Mrs. Bush.

A course of post-graduate lectures will be opened at the St. Louis University on Monday, October 10. The subjects are ethics on Mondays, history and anthropology on Wednesdays, and metaphysics on Fridays.

Assistant Chief Shockey is suffering terribly from the effects of the bruises received upon his head at the Bremen avenue fire Sunday. He was delirious yesterday and his case is much more serious than was at first supposed.

George H. W. Heidom was appointed Treasurer of St. Louis County by the County Court at Clayton yesterday. F. A. Heidom, the Treasurer having died last week. The newly appointed Treasurer is the son of the deceased treasurer.

Mary Ann Sheehan deported herself so badly that her friends resolved to send her to the House of the Good Shepherd. When she was taken at Eighth and Franklin avenue on Monday night she made a scene, and screamed and kicked all the way to the station.

William Toomey and Minnie Curtis were arrested yesterday and charged with assaulting Kate Hines. The injured woman was sent to the City Hospital, as she was in a delicate condition, and it was feared that the beating that she received would produce serious results.

Work on the Fourteenth street bridge was commenced this morning and on the Spruce street bridge yesterday. The Manchester road bridge over River des Peres is nearly completed, and it is now promised that the Clayton road bridge at Forest Park shall be ready for use before winter.

The stockholders of the Merrimae Silver Mining Company, at a meeting held in the Merchants' Exchange yesterday, determined to dispose of the reserved stock to stockholders in preference to outsiders. The proceeds will be devoted to the developing of mines in the Tombstone district in Arizona.

At a meeting of enterprising citizens and liberal contributors to the fund for the erection of the new armory, it was determined that the corner-stone of that edifice shall be laid on Thursday, October 6, at 9:30 a.m. An executive committee was appointed, and a meeting will be held next Friday evening and the details perfected.

A stranger was taken to the Dispensary about 11 o'clock last night with a severe scalp wound, which bled profusely. He said his name was John Gittman, that his home was in Pittsburg, and that he had been knocked down and robbed by two negroes while walking along the levee near Washington avenue. His loss amounted to $40.

Nicholas Bowman and Wylie C. Rogers had been room-mates and were on the most friendly terms. Last night Bowman, just in fun, as he said, attempted to carry a valise from Rogers' room at 1108 Morgan street, when Rogers set upon him with a knife, inflicting several wounds, one of which it is feared will prove fatal. Dr. Parsons attended the wounded man, and Rogers was taken to the Third District Station.

Ann Elizabeth Leahy and Sarah Izmann were admitted to the Insane Asylum at the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday. The Health Commissioner's report for the week showed the number of inmates in the various institutions of charity in the city to be as follows: City Hospital, 280; Female Hospital, 33; Insane Asylum, 375; Poor-house, 646. Five bids were received for the building of a cistern at the Female Hospital, but they were all rejected as being too high.

It seems that Stephen Peters had become infatuated with Mollie Griffen, and although Mollie repelled his advances, still the man followed her and persisted in his attentions. Last Monday Peters became infuriated over his ill success, and, arming himself with a large knife, swore he would kill her on sight. They met at 3330 Washington avenue, and as he sprang forward to execute his threat Codney Pearce stepped between the two and received a deep wound in the left breast which may result fatally. Peters is in jail awaiting trial for assault with intent to kill.

RIVER NEWS.

THE Spread Eagle goes to Grafton at 8 p. m.

THE Grand Tower goes to Vicksburg to-morrow.

THE Minneapolis left for Keokuk at 10 a. m.; Asbury master.

THE elegant steamer City of Helena will be off for Memphis this evening.

THE Grand Pacific will be the Davidson Line packet for St. Paul to-morrow.

THE Diamond Jo Line will send the Josephine to St. Paul this evening; B. A. Conger master.

THE card of P. P. Manion appears elsewhere.

Col. Manion has a large quantity of machinery, etc., for sale.

THE small steamer Duty, suitable for a drummer or advertising boat, will be sold at auction Saturday.

THE St. L. and M. V. T. Company announce the Future City and barges to leave for New Orleans to-morrow.

THE great Anchor Line steamer City of Alton, Capt. H. E. Bixby, takes her departure for New Orleans this evening. Wm. Masson is clerk.

THE Clinton is being painted inside and out by Mullen & Hoppius who, are also giving her a new Getchell roof. She will be as good as new when she comes out again.

THE Gem City enters the Keokuk trade tomorrow, and will bring thousands of people to the Fair next week. The War Eagle will also wheel into line when she returns from St. Paul.

PITTSBURG, September 26.—No change in stage of water. Heavy rain this afternoon, and indications are favorable for more. At no time perhaps has rain been so badly needed since 1854, as, in addition to the suspension of navigation, vegetation is suffering. More than this, coal is badly needed in the down-river markets, Cincinnati and Louisville in particular, and there are some 8,000,000 bushels loaded and ready to be moved just as soon as there is water. The low water, however, has been very favorable for work at Davis Island dam, and a strong force is being worked there day and night.

Red River—Its Early Navigation.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

As early as 1719 Bernard de la Harp received a grant from the French Government and established a colony on Red River, near the present site of Natchitoches. The French kept up communication with this city until France relinquished the whole territory of Louisiana to the Spaniards in 1764. The Natchitoches country at this time contained a population of 811 people, white and black. The Spaniards held possession until 1803, when the French again took possession and sold the territory to the United States Government in 1804. During all these years trade was kept up with the Natchitoches colony via Red River. In 1806 the Spaniards were assuming a hostile attitude. Gen. Wilkinson, of the United States Army, concentrated a large force of troops at Fort Adams, and with a fleet of nine gunboats and barges ascended Red River to Natchitoches, and compelled the Spaniards to evacuate the country and fall back into Mexican territory. The Red River country soon after began to fill up rapidly with American emigrants, who kept up communication with this city by means of barges. This continued until 1815, when the first steamboat—the Enterprise—made two trips to the falls. In 1817 steamboats commenced making trips to Natchitoches. This place for many years continued to be the head of navigation, as the foot of the great raft was only a short distance above this place. Between the years 1832 and 1838 this raft was removed and navigation opened the whole length of the river. The time of the first forming of this raft is beyond the memory of man, nor is there any evidence on record in regard to it, but judging from the fact that it was 170 miles in length, it must have taken over a hundred years to form it. As it formed, the raft forced the water from the main channel and formed lakes covering large areas of land, some times fifty miles square in surface. It was not till 1848 that the head waters of this river were explored by Capt. Marcy, of the United States Army, who found that the source of the river began in the Llano Estacado or great plains of New Mexico. The length of the river from source to mouth is 1,500 miles. The upper portion for about 700 miles is about half a mile in width. At flood times it is a grand-looking stream, but when the waters subside there is but little of the river left, which is caused from the fact that, springing from the plains as it does, where it is hot and dry nearly two-thirds of the year, the supply is limited, and further that there are few if any tributaries emptying into it worthy of mention.

OLD TIME.

STEAMBOATS.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."

On and after Monday, 29th, no freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.

JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. GRAND TOWER.....Carvell, Master
Will leave on Thursday, Sept. 29, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. CITY OF HELENA.....Calvert, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 28, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.

For New Orleans
Str. FUTURE CITY and Barges.
Leaves Thursday, Sept. 29, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer
Str. CITY OF ALTON.....Bixby, Master.
Will leave Wednesday, Sept. 28, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For Keokuk, St. Paul and all way landings,
Str. GRAND PACIFIC.....Hall, Master
Leaves Thursday, Sept. 29, at 4 p. m.

For Keokuk.
Str. MINNEAPOLIS.....Dave Asbury, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 28, 10 a. m.
Excursion tickets to all cool Northern resorts; privilege of returning by river, rail or lake. Freights contracted at low rates to all points North. For through rates, freight or passage, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street. JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, and St. Paul.
Str. JOSEPHINE.....B. A. Conger, Master.
Leaves Wednesday, Sept. 28, 4 p. m.
From Diamond Jee wharfboat, foot of Washington av. Excurson tickets to all cool Northern resorts, with privilege of returning by river, lake or rail. T. J. BUFORD, Agt.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Illinois River.

REGULAR NAPLES PACKET.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples and all way landings.
Str. MATTIE BELLE.....Ball, Master
Leave Mondays and Thursdays at 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.

Missouri River.

For Washington, Hermann, Portland and all way landings.
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL,
A. S. Bryan, Master.....Loucks, Clerk
Leaves Saturday, Sept. 31, 4 p. m. foot Morgan st. JENKINS & SASS, Agents.
No. 808 N. Commercial.

HO! PICNIC OR HUNTING PARTIES.
The beautiful little steamer CLARA can be chartered for picnics, moonlight excursions, etc. P. P. Manion, corner Morgan and Levee.
P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

E. S. WARNER & CO.,
205 NORTH EIGHTH ST.
FOR SALE,
Choice City and Suburban Property,
Improved and Unimproved.
BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the Grant Ore Pulverizer Company for the election of a board of directors will be held at their office, 305 Olive street, Monday, October 3, between 12 and 1 o'clock a. m.
B. C. GRANT, President.

Attractive Real Estate
IN PARTITION.
LARGE SALE

R. J. Morgan and others vs.—59,764, Henry Harris Wilson and others } Room 2, in Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, Mo.

By virtue of a renewed and amended order of sale in the above entitled cause, made on the sixth day of June, 1881, during the June term, 1881, of the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis, the undersigned, special commissioner in said cause, will, on the fifteenth day of October, 1881 (being Saturday), between the hours of ten in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, the following real estate, that is to say: "Twenty-nine lots of ground or parcels of land in North Stoddard Addition to the city of St. Louis, more particularly described as follows, that is to say: Lots twelve, thirteen and fourteen (12, 13 and 14) in block thirteen (13) of said addition, which is block nine hundred and seventy-eight (978) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Stoddard street, by depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118 3-12 feet) to an alley; lots thirty and thirty-one (30 and 31) in block fourteen (14) of said addition, which is block nine hundred and seventy-nine (979) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the south side of Stoddard street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118 3-12 ft.) to an alley; lots twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty eighth, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three and thirty-four (21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34), in block number thirty-six (36) of said addition, which is block one thousand and one (1001) of the city of St. Louis; lot thirty-four (34), having a front on the south side of Dickson street of thirty (30) feet and each of the other lots having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the same south side of Dickson street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118 3-12 ft.) to an alley; lots thirty-two, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five and forty-six (32, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46) in block forty (40) of said addition, which is block one thousand and five (1005) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front on the south side of Thomas street of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118 3-12 ft.) to an alley; and lots forty-two and forty-three (42 and 43) of block sixty-three (63) of said addition, which is block one thousand and twenty-eight (1028) of the city of St. Louis, each lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the south side of Dickson street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118 3-12 ft.) to an alley." The terms of sale prescribed by the said order are "one-third of the purchase money in cash, remainder in two equal installments, payable in one and two years, respectively, with interest at six per cent from day of sale and secured by deed of trust upon the property sold; and it is further ordered that any purchaser electing to pay the whole purchase money in cash may do so."

THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD,
Special Commissioner.

P. S. The sale will commence at 12 m. precisely. Plats showing the situation of the respective lots have been prepared and are for inspection at No. 219 North Eighth street. The property is unusually attractive for residences, the situation is high and healthy, the streets and alleys are all paved and gas and water pipes laid. The neighborhood possesses every advantage and the title is unimpeachable.
THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD.
13T

MONEY TO LOAN.

10,128 WESTMINSTER base-burners in use. Don't fail to see the stoves. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

$5,000 TO $30,000 TO LOAN—At 6 per cent, in sums to suit.
BUILDING LOANS made to improve property; collateral loans made on short time.
DYER & RUTLEDGE, 707 Olive st.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

FOR SALE—We have a row of four houses on one of the best corners in Stoddard addition, that will pay 12 per cent interest on the amount invested. This is a bargain. For full particulars apply to

DYER & RUTLEDGE
Real Estate and Loan Agents,
707 Olive St.

Money to Loan.

$30,000, $5,000, $2,000, $1,000, at 6 per cent on real estate.
JOHN LADY & CO.,
305 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

BOARDING.

3112 SHERIDAN AVE.—Wanted about six to eight men for lodging during the Fair week; private family.

A PRIVATE family living out on Washington avenue, would like to board a party of gentlemen who are willing to pay for superior accommodations. Address G. 38, this office.

ALL SORTS.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves were sold because it has the best grate. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

ALL the newest designs in paper-hangings, window shades, pictures, and cheap, at Stephens', 811 Washington avenue.

ATLANTIC LAUNDRY, 211 North Thirteenth street. Three shirts for 25 cents; all laundry work in proportion. All orders addressed will receive prompt attention. 23

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirrors and furniture sold on time at H. McNichols, 1024 Market.

Dry Kindling Now is the time to get your winter supply delivered to any part of the city at reasonable prices by sending postal to 1838 Montgomery street, or leaving order at MISSISSIPPI PLANING MILL, corner Thirteenth and O'Fallon streets.
CHAS. ZOBEL.

EVERYBODY should buy their canaries, mocking birds, cages, shells, aquariums and bird seed at Kaub & Osbourn's, 417 Walnut st.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS and other household goods sold on monthly payments at
S. MYERS',
619 and 621 Market street.

HAVING bought a bankrupt stock of boots and shoes, we are offering them at 50 cents on the dollar to close them out. Haas Bros., 616 North Fifth, near Washington avenue.

KAUB & OSBOURN, Taxidermists, 417 Walnut st.

PERSONAL—Dr. Smith treats females only. Boarding during confinement. If in trouble call or write. 1412 Franklin ave. Established 1869.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 722 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

Main and Spruce St.
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Painting and Repairing.
A. BANCHEREL.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st
Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant 625 Morgan st.

W. MORGENS begs leave to notify his customers that he made arrangements to continue his business without delay. No. 118 N. Sixth st., near Pine.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves will save 10,128 tons of hard coal per year. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A RESPONSIBLE party would like a horse and buggy to winter for the use of same; security given if desired. Call or address "M.," O. and M. Freight Office, E. St. Louis.

EVERYBODY to see Kaub & Osbourn's new bird store at 417 Walnut st.

LACE CURTAINS done up equal to new at low prices. Established 1869. F. W. Dustin, Telegraph Laundry, 1019 Pine. Prompt and reliable.

LADY wishes to adopt boy baby, one or two weeks old. Address D. 37, this office. 28

WANTED—Black fan-tail and Jacobin pigeons and crested white ducks in exchange for fancy poultry, pigeons and pet stock. Address Western Fanciers' Agency.

WANTED—Teams to haul brick at Shackelford Brick Works. 4200 N. Tenth st.

WANTED—To give private lessons in German, Latin or Greek at the residence of the pupil. Ad. D. 77, this office. 31

WANTED—Marble-top tables 4½x2½ Park Restaurant 1212 Olive street. 23

PERSONAL.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves sold last year are all satisfactory. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 809 Locust street.

ANY one desiring tickets to New York City and return, cheap, address Ticket, this office.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 308 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lobtrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

DANCING—Prof. Wyatt. This new method teacher takes them right along; he has removed to southwest corner of Eleventh and Olive.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

GENTLEMEN who are difficult to fit are particularly solicited to call on the practical boot and shoe-maker,
A. ALBRECHT, 408½ NORTH SIXTH STREET.
A perfect fit guaranteed for any shaped foot.
Also water-proof boots and shoes made.

WANTED—Everybody to attend the grand opening lunch at my saloon, 3532 Broadway, next Saturday and Sunday. Fine lunch and excellent music. Fred. Statz, prop.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

FOR RENT.

10,128 OF those elegant Westminster hard coal stoves are in use. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

WANTED—1,000 ACRES IMPROVED LAND. Must be in Maries, Gasconade, Crawford or Franklin county, Mo.
SAMUEL SEMPLE,
208 N. Eighth street.

Dwellings.

FOR RENT—$25 will rent a ten-room house and 5 acres of ground within three miles of the Courthouse. Apply 2225 Thomas st.

FOR RENT—New cottage hotel and saloon at Creve Coeur Lake, opposite railroad depot. Apply to Chas. A. Loring, 418 Chestnut street. 28

Rooms.

911 OLIVE STREET—Furnished or unfurnished rooms with or without board. 27

925 TO 935 N. MAIN—Three four-story buildings just completed. Apply on premises.

1525 OLIVE—Very desirable front and back rooms, large and single, with every modern convenience.

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Pleasant room, well furnished; suitable for one or two gents; rent low; references exchanged.

1834 LUCAS PLACE.—Two or three gents can be accommodated with pleasant rooms with breakfast and supper. 26

1909 BIDDLE ST.—Large furnished front room, southern exposure, gas and bath, private family, for one or two gents, with or without board. 24

A LADY of respectability and refinement has two desirable rooms to rent to settled, respectable parties; no children; rooms neat and clean. 803 N. Jefferson avenue.

CALL at Room Renting Agency for furnished or unfurnished rooms. 115 North Sixth street

FOUR rooms, two furnished and two unfurnished; southern exposure. 2643 Olive street. 23

FOR RENT—No. 1506 Pine street—A good store-room, suitable for a meat market; good stand; splendid location, with blocks, counters and racks; water in store. Will rent at a low figure to a good tenant. Apply to M. A. Wolff & Co., No. 105 North Eighth st.

FOR RENT—A floor or suit of rooms near Washington ave., on Twenty-fifth street. Call at No. 2104 Market st.

GIVE us your rooms to rent. We ask no fee unless we secure you tenants. Room Renting Agency, 115 North Sixth street.

IN private family, second story furnished suite or single rooms. Prefer settled parties. No children. Rooms very pleasant. 803 North Jefferson avenue.

SEVERAL suites of pleasant rooms for rent, elegantly situated, near Washington avenue. Inquire at 704 Jefferson ave. 24

WANTED—ROOMS.

10,128 WESTMINSTER stoves were sold because they save 30 percent of fuel. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

PLEASANT room wanted in a private family, near Washington avenue and Olive. References exchanged. Address G. 92, this office.

TWO or more rooms wanted by a family of four grown persons by October 5. Address D. 91, this office. 27

WANTED—Immediately in southern or western part of the city, in a nice locality, part of a house, unfurnished, with modern improvements. Address G. 89, this office.

WANTED—Pleasant bed-room for lady, at reasonable rates; where parties are not inquisitive; must be retired and good locality. Address D. 93, this office. 27

YOUNG man wishes room in private family with breakfast and supper. Ad. D. 15, this office. 27

YOUNG gentleman wishes to obtain a furnished room without board in a pleasant part of the city where he can be comfortable for the winter. Address, stating price, D. 41, this office.

FOR SALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTERS in use. It is the best stove in the world. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

$5,000 Children's school shoes at 50 cents on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. Fifth street.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 718 Pine.

CHEAP CARPET for sale 35 to 60 cents per yard; carpet made to order a specialty. 1220 South Third street between Rutger and Convent.

FOR SALE—An interest in a patent coffee pot; the best in the world. Address G. 85, this office.

FOR SALE—Canaries; good singers. Address 2405 Wash street.

FOR SALE—Pet game stags, bantams, black Cochins and silver Polands. Address Western Fanciers' Agency, corner of Gravois road and Arsenal street.

FOR SALE—Dogs, canaries, parrots and shells. Kaub & Osbourn, 417 Walnut st. 28

FOR SALE—A fine Irish red setter. Call at No. 4. Ellerd's Row, St. Charles Rock Road.

FOR SALE—A valuable patent right. Will sell States, counties or cities. This is worth investigating, as the most advantageous terms will be given. Address D. 39, this office.

FOR SALE—Two fine show cases; Ebony and French plate glass. The Mitchell Furniture Co., Twenty-fourth and Lucas avenue.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A new and elegant nine-room brick and stone residence, No. 2631 Caroline street, brick stable and 63 feet of ground, 500 feet west of Lafayette Park. Apply to C. B. Clarke, architect, 719 Locust street. 23

FOR SALE—A very desirable saloon; one where a restaurant can easily be connected with; location in the center of the city, death of the proprietor the cause of sale. For particulars see Excelsior Brewing Co., Eighteenth and Market. 26

FOR SALE—Rare chance at Eureka Springs, Arkansas—A first class prescription drug store, lot and residence; stock complete and select; business very good; location best in the city. Price $2,500 cash. Reason for selling, departure for Europe. Apply immediately. P. O. box 1505, Eureka Springs, Ark.

FOR SALE—The finest assortment of wall paper, window shades, picture frames and albums, at lowest prices, at 1114 Franklin avenue.

FOR SALE—The patent of the Excelsior Rein-holder in its entirety. Patented May 31, 1881. Sold only for want of means to carry it on. Call or address H., 511 Walnut street.

FOR SALE—First-class route on the POST-DISPATCH, also horse and wagon. Apply at 2203 South Tenth street.

FOR SALE—A good, paying route on the POST-DISPATCH. Apply at 2807 N. Tenth street. 20

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

20 ACRE fruit farm, good buildings, on Pacific road, 37 miles out, to exchange with cash for five-room dwelling. Bender, 247 N. Third st.

BOOKS.

SCHOOL BOOKS—Bargains in new and second-hand school books at Archer's, 305 N. Sixth st. Books exchanged.

MUSICAL.

100 PIANOS WANTED FOR CASH AT BARREIRAS', 11TH AND OLIVE.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER hard coal stoves were sold during last year. JOHN RINGEN & CO., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A STRONG, able-bodied young man wants a job as fireman to an engineer; I am reliable. Easy, 24 South Fifth street. 28

BOOKKEEPING and collecting of bills attended to on reasonable terms. Address J. C. Bartram, 1254 South Third street. 28

SITUATION wanted by a married man as shipping clerk, entry clerk, or porter. Salary is not considered, but a permanent place. Address A. 31, 26

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 18 years; will work at anything; would prefer to learn a trade. Address or call at 2229 Jackson st. 27

SITUATION wanted by a young man of eight years' experience at the hardware business by Oct. 1. Ad. O. McNulty, Cairo, Ill. 27

SITUATION wanted as filer or head sawyer; have had seventeen years' experience. Address K., 1301 Pine street, up stairs. 27

SITUATION wanted by a young man, willing to do anything; would like to learn a trade. Address A 64, this office 28

SITUATION wanted by a married man, as shipping, entry clerk or collector; best of reference given; salary not considered, but a permanent position. Address D. 84, this office. 28

WANTED—Situation as private watchman by a trusty, sober man. References. Ad. 803 Washington ave. 27

WANTED—A situation as bartender at the Fair or in city; first-class references given. Address H. C. L., 1822 South Eighth street. 28

WANTED—Situation in a good house by a young man who has had five years' experience in general merchandise shipping and single-entry bookkeeping; good references. Address J. Ansbel, Salem, Mo. 28

WANTED—Any honest employment; will give best services and work reasonable. Address D. 71, this office. 28

WANTED—By a young man well acquainted in the city a delivery wagon to drive. Ad. G. 32, this office. 27

WANTED—Situation as book-keeper, assistant or clerkship. Address H. 30, this office. 28

WANTED—A situation by a young man who has had a great deal of experience in railroad business. Address H. 57, this office. 28

WANTED—A good cook and baker seeks a situation; bakery preferred. Address D. 70, this office. 28

WANTED—A position as collector or to deliver goods in the city. Good references given. Apply to C. G., 1618 North Seventeenth street. 26

YOUNG German wants employment in an office. He has knowledge of the English language. Ad. D. 73, this office. 26

HELP WANTED MALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTERS were sold, because it is the most durable stove. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A MASTER mechanic wanted to take charge of all machinery in one of the largest Grape Sugar Works in the West. None but first-class men need apply; one having knowledge of this kind of machinery preferred. Apply with reference to Ripley & Kimball, 907 N. Main street.

CARRIAGE-PAINTER wanted. Apply to R. M. Turner, 920 N. Twenty-fourth street. 27

COLORED laborers wanted at 2242 De Kalb street.

GOOD order cook wanted immediately. Apply to John B. Fleming, 111 North Fifth street. 26

WANTED—A first-class shirt-cutter for a good position, if well recommended. D. 11, this office.

WANTED—Molders and core-makers, at St. Louis Car Wheel Works. 16

WANTED—A good steam-fitter. Address Hornbrook Bros., 10 East Ninth street, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—Colored boy for house and housework; references required; wages $12 per month and board. Apply 3105 Pine street. 28

WANTED—A boy from 12 to 14 to whom reasonable wages will be paid, to make himself useful about a farm. Apply 2720 Morgan street. 28

WANTED—Solicitors for the Sterling Mutual Life Insurance Company of Indianapolis. Call for one week on B. F. Kennedy, General Agent for Missouri, Hotel Hunt.

WANTED—Fifty bridge carpenters on St. Louis, Jerseyville and Springfield Railroad; fare $2 50 per day. Apply at Medora, Ill., 50 miles north of St. Louis, on C., B. & Q. Railway. S. Bothwell & Co., contractors. 28

WANTED—A carriage driver; light work and good home. Address 2702 Olive street. 26

WANTED—A Spanish teacher at once. Address James Edwards, 517 Ware ave.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER hard coal stoves were sold during last year. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth st.

A GOOD HOME for a good, strictly honest girl to do light housework and assist in store; treated as the family; wages low. 2601 Morgan st. 27

A GOOD German girl wanted at 1009 North Sixth street. 26

WOMAN wanted to cook, wash and iron in the country, about six miles out, on the Pacific Railroad. Apply at 3660 Finney avenue. 27

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 2643 Summer street, corner of Barton. 26

WANTED—A woman to wash dishes at 504 Market street. 26

WANTED—A good nurse girl. Apply at 1913 Washington avenue. 26

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. 2712 Lucas ave. 27

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. Call at 1404 Papin street. 27

WANTED—A German girl to do general housework at 817 Catalpa street. 26

WANTED—A girl for housework and cooking; small family; German perferred. 1705 Park avenue. 26

WANTED—A No. 1 cook. Apply at 817 Chouteau avenue; reference required. 24

WANTED—100 women; call as soon as possible will pay good wages. Apply at Clymer's Preserving and Packing Co., 1009 to 1017 Broadway. 28

WANTED—A girl to cook and iron at 3021 Easton avenue. 28

WANTED—A nurse at 1519 Grand avenue, near Rock Church.

WANTED—A once a good servant girl not afraid to work; wages no object. 1008 N. Fifth st. 27

WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing done at home. Inquire at 1011 Morgan street. 27

WANTED—A bright, intelligent young lady to act as clerk and do dining-room work in a first-class confectionery and oyster parlor; none but those of good reference need apply; a permanent job will be given to one who will suit the business. Address Lock Box No. 9, Centralia, Mo.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

10,128 WESTMINSTER base-burners sold in one year surpasses all competition. John Ringen & Co., 704 and 706 N. Fourth street.

A SITUATION wanted by a respectable girl as cook or house girl. Call for two days at 1809 Franklin avenue. 24

A YOUNG German lady of a very good family, two years in this country, very well educated, especially in music, speaks English well, wants a situation as governess. Address H. 32, this office. 26

AN ex laundress wants a situation in private family. Call at 1234 North Fourteenth street. 25

LACE CURTAINS done up equal to new at low prices. Established 1869. F. W. Dustin, Telegraph Laundry, 1019 Pine. Prompt

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

The POST-DISPATCH has a LARGER CITY CIRCULATION, on each day of publication, than ANY OTHER PAPER published in St. Louis. Advertisers are at all times welcome to call and satisfy themselves of the strict accuracy of this claim.

TAKE down the sombre funeral decorations from your houses and fling the festive banners of the Veiled Prophet to the breeze.

IT seems that St. Louis horses, as well as men, are addicted to "hay-fever." Why shouldn't they have the malady? They eat more hay than the men.

OUR School Board meetings are almost as lively as some of the Land League panjandrums. The air was full of electricity and other stimulating elements last night.

GEN. HANCOCK has received such grand testimonials from the Republican press during the past week that it may become necessary for the Democrats to run him for President again three years hence.

THE fund for the relief of Mrs. GARFIELD grows very slowly. The great State of Ohio has only contributed a few dollars, and it looks very much as though the stream of national sympathy had about dried up or had been suddenly dammed.

IT is fair to say that $1,000,000 worth of black cotton mourning goods has been consumed in the United States since the death of the President. This consumption ought to stiffen the market for the raw material. (P. S.—We are on the "bull" side.)

BILL RYAN, one of the Glendale train-robbers, was found guilty by the jury at Independence to-day. He was sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary. This is a splendid beginning, though it was necessary to pardon one train-robber in order to obtain testimony leading to conviction.

THE Yorktown Centennial will be celebrated in an appropriate way in this city. Committees have been appointed and a programme arranged for the 12th of October, and it is expected that all true patriots will come to the front and help make the blow-out as big and beautiful as it deserves to be.

WHEN in the Senate Mr. WINDOM voted to kick ARTHUR out of the New York Custom-house. If he remains in the Cabinet it will be necessary for him to have a special dispensation. Our understanding is that ARTHUR is a man of strong resentments. He has a stiff back-bone and an abundance of malice hidden behind his lum-tum Englishe whiskers.

IT is announced this morning that a detachment of St. Louis police detectives has been sent over to Illinois to capture the WILLIAMS desperadoes. We sigh for our unhappy policemen. Danger encompasses them around and about, and the probabilities are that we will never gaze upon them again. A company of Police Reserves should have been sent along with them in escort capacity.

THE quantity and quality of poetry that has come bubbling up since the country was overwhelmed with a calamity shows the necessity for a recognized American Laureate. If everybody felt that it was one man's regular business to seize everything that came along and wreath it with verse there would be fewer wild plunges for Pegasus, and after a while it might get to be so that there would be only one bad poet in the land—the Laureate.

CHARLES A. DUTTON and Miss NELLIE J. THROCKMORTON, of Boston, were married at the top of Pike's Peak one day last week. A clergyman in a telegraph office 10,000 feet below performed the ceremony. It is very seldom that people are spliced at such a height, and the only really good excuse a bride could have for going up into the clouds to assume matrimony is that it does away with the nervousness of marching down the middle aisle under the inquiring eyes of a church full of ultra-critical female friends.

IT is always customary to say that the show that is coming will exceed in magnificence the show that has passed, but without fracturing our reputation for veracity in the least we can say that the parade of the Veiled Prophet in this city next Tuesday night will be the finest pageant ever seen on this side of the Mississippi. The great Persian potentate has grown more prosperous year by year and his court and following are now really magnificent. The outlay has exceeded anything hitherto known and visitors from abroad will find themselves well repaid.

A CLERGYMAN in Portsmouth, England, wasted a marriage ceremony the other day by uniting a somewhat looney individual in wedlock with a corpse. The dead bride was a Miss MAINWARING, the daughter of an army officer, whose wedding day had been set without any reference to the day of her death. The grim reaper stepped in a little ahead of Hymen, and the groom, who probably saw his only chance of marrying anybody vanishing forever, chipped in with the girl's father and had a small marriage ceremony tacked on to the end of the funeral rites.

ACCORDING to a late issue of the Chicago *Tribune*, typho-malarial fever, bilious colic and pneumonia are playing sad havoc among the persons rendered homeless by the recent forest fires in Michigan. Many deaths have already occurred, and several of the sufferers are lying at the point of death. It is estimated that it would take about $2,500,000 to place the unfortunate people in anything like comfortable circumstances, and not one-tenth of that sum has been subscribed thus far. It is to be sincerely hoped that the people of the United States, who have ever been foremost to succor the unfortunate of other countries, will be not less generous to the unfortunate of their own.

TO-DAY the sons of Missouri who followed the fortunes of the Confederate stars and bars and who are proud of the Lost Cause and its memories] are assembled at Moberly, renewing camp acquaintances, telling half-forgotten stories and absorbing just enough stimulant to keep off malaria. The war has passed into history and there is no particular need of these reunions of ex-soldiers. When they are held prayer should be offered in all the churches within a radius of a thousand miles that wisdom and discretion be bestowed by Divine Power for the occasion on the chosen orators. We wish the boys at Moberly a pleasant time socially.

CABINET making is the fashion now and speculation is rife as to the distinguished statesmen who will be called to the counsels of the new President. It is thought that either HAMILTON FISH, FRELINGHUYSEN, EDMUNDS or RUSSELL LOWELL will succeed to the State portfolio, though New York claims the Treasury and will urge ex.-Gov. MORGAN. The Interior Department has been picked out for JONES of Nevada, and BOUTWELL is mentioned for the Attorney-Generalship. Old foghorn CONGER is mentioned for the Postmaster-Generalship and TOM SETTLE, of North Carolina, for the Navy. The new Cabinet will be a fine collection of third-term dragoons—talented and unscrupulous. It would be rather appropriate to have the Cabinet of a Custom-house administration made up of pot-house politicians.

CHIEF SEXTON'S "Old Hunker" organ complains that the Fire Department is held responsible for fires remote from the business center in near proximity to not more than one engine. That is another one of the Great Chief's vain imaginings. In those localities property owners provide against loss for themselves as well as they can, and generally better than SEXTON provides for those who put their faith in him. As showing how the insurance men feel about it, the following extract from a letter written to an agent were by a prominent insurance manager is pertinent:

"With your wholly inefficient Fire Department, risks in the closely built up portions of your city will not pay. We must look therefore beyond these, where fire departments are not wanted, and where willing hands generously supplied with good wooden buckets filled with water will take care of the burnings when they take place."

SO rapid and steady has been the growth of the POST-DISPATCH circulation that it has been deemed advisable to order another Hoe Perfecting Press in addition to the one now being constructed for us. The contract for a second press was signed in New York yesterday. It is to be an exact model of the first—printing, pasting and folding 15,000 copies per hour—and will be finished three months hence. Both these will be of the very latest and most approved pattern. Our first press will be shipped from New York about the 15th of October, and will be at once set up and put in operation in the new building now being prepared for us on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth. When all our machinery is in position we will have the best equipped afternoon newspaper office in the United States, either East or West. The POST-DISPATCH has a splendid field and a fine future and we propose to be equal to all demands that may be made upon us.

HENRY PREVOST, the newest tenor, who is said to be coming to this country, is obtaining a little gratuitous preliminary advertising through the indiscretions of a lady with the unromantic name of Mme. FILKIN, whom he was reported to have married recently. Mme. FILKIN-PREVOST was an adventuress who sailed under various names and took on all sorts of characters, from Countess down to the wife of poor tragedian. She made love and cavorted around wildly in a gay whirl of festiveness until one day she bought 110,000 francs' worth of diamonds and paid for them with a forged note. Thereby she has succeeded in getting herself and a real French Marquis into trouble as a accomplice in a swindle, and HENRY, too, was locked up, but upon proving to the satisfaction of the authorities that he was not the FILKIN'S husband he was released, and is now probably on his way to this country to lend his voice to the success of MAPLESON'S Opera here during the present season.

THERE is in Washington City a lean, elongated, cadaverous creature, with a catarrhal voice and kangaroo manners, named WASHINGTON. The full name of this person is only an inch or two shorter than his body. It combines the classics with all that is majestic in the patriotism of the Republic. It is LUCIUS QUINTIUS CURTIUS WASHINGTON, Esq. Claiming descent from the Pater Patriæ, Mr. W. has been waiting in Washington for many years for the Democratic party to furnish him with board and clothes. In the sad interval he has sustained himself writing dreary letters to small Southern papers in which there is a desperate struggle constantly going on between dignity and dullness and malice and mushiness. The prospect that the Democrats will organize the Senate next month has brought him to the surface and he is mentioning himself now as a prominent candidate for the Secretaryship. There is nothing either in the character or qualifications of the man that fit him for the place so ably filled by Col. BURCH. He is peevish, morose, disagreeable in manners and unpleasant to contemplate. He has no more claims upon the party for this splendid office than the man who owned the negro who drove the mule team that hauled the first load of Confederate ammunition to the battlefield of Bull Run. If a Southern man is to be selected for this place it is to be hoped that the choice will fall upon some such genial, deserving man as Gen. YOUNG of Georgia.

THE Rev. Dr. BOYD admits that when in a plastic sophomoric state he rubbed up against EVERETT'S celebrated eulogy of WEBSTER, and he thinks it barely possible that a trace of those sublime thoughts may have unconsciously cropped out in his address delivered in Lucas Market space last Saturday night. We think it quite likely. We do not happen to have a copy of EVERETT'S Orations where we can lay friendly hands on it, and our public libraries are singularly deficient—the majority of them not bringing the literature of the world down to a later period than the attempted invasion of the Spanish Armada—but there is certainly a striking similarity between some portions of the address of Dr. BOYD, as printed in the *Republican*, and the flowery passages which awkward boys used to declaim in school on Friday afternoons, ascribing the same to EDWARD EVERETT. There is very little that is new in human thought and the bulk of literature is made up of small priggings from the sublime geniuses who have drawn their gifted pens across the world, using the continents for blotting pads. Father PROUT has shown how TOM MOORE stole his "Lesbia" from an old Latin MS. and he excused the plagiarism upon the ground that even in the Periclesian Age the Athenian literary freebooter was wont to waylay the supply train of the poets as it climbed the sacred heights of Parnassus and help himself to the best things going. The human mind is at best but a phonograph, receiving impressions unconsciously and giving them off at times in the same way. When Dr. BOYD seized the crank on Saturday evening and began grinding off an eulogy of GARFIELD what could be more natural than that he should give out the eloquent ideas of EVERETT which had lodged in his brain tissue when he was a boy? A few years ago MAX MARETZEK, the orchestra leader, composed an opera—at least he thought that he had composed one. He had been sitting in front of orchestras waving a baton at the base fiddler and shaking his head at the introspective flute player for twenty years and his head was full of ready-made music. When he came to "compose" he simply emptied out upon the ruled paper the sweet sounds that had been crawling into his ears throughout a lifetime, and there wasn't a number in all his opera that didn't remind listeners of something that they had heard before. Dr. BOYD'S life has been passed amid the green fields of oratory and around the snow-capped peaks of eloquence. Unless he makes up his mind to be intensely and rigidly original he is liable, in a moment of impromptu effort, to impinge on the revered rights of MACAULAY, MIRABEAU, SHAKESPEARE or Col. SLAYBACK, and we excuse him.

PERSONAL.

—The bullet appears to have been encysted about two feet from where the doctors insisted.

—Capt. Howgate will not return to Washington until sure that the city is free from malaria.

—The style of Arthur's whiskers will lead Johnny Bull to look upon his administration with considerabe confidence.

—Mormonism has some redeeming features. For instance it doesn't throw the burden of supporting a husband on one woman.

—A poet says: "In so all lives some rain must fall." This is particularly the case when some fellow has stolen your umbrella.

—Mr. H. M. Stanley, who has been dangerously ill in Africa—he was thought at one time to be dying—has now fully recovered.

—Mr. George Waring, who has been investigating the bad odors of the White House, ought not to have left Washington without investigating ex-Senator Christiancy.

—The failure of Ohio to contribute anything to the fund being raised for Mrs. Garfield appears to indicate that Foster and Bookwalter are not paying good prices for votes this season.

—Miss Margaret Hicks, a young lady now living at Syracuse, is an accomplished architect. She took the architectural course at Cornell University and afterward studied her art for three years in Europe.

—It is thought that young James Garfield took into his system the malaria of Washinton on those sad and sleepless nights when he lay on the mat outside his wounded father's door, listening anxiously for sounds within. The boy is a manly young fellow, and bears a striking resemblance to his mother.

The Awning Nuisance.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The steam whistle nuisance is yet unabated, as it seems to be not the business of any of our officials to carry out the law concerning them. We most respectfully ask if any one can be found whose duty it is to enforce the law concerning wooden awnings. See chapter 15:

ARTICLE THREE—STATIONARY AWNINGS.

Section 1. No stationary awning shall hereafter be erected or re-erected in this city within the districts bounded north by the north line of Washington avenue, south by the south line of Walnut street, east by the river and west by the west line of Seventeenth street, and all stationary awnings now in existence within the foregoing described district shall be removed by the owners thereof within three years after June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight. Any person erecting or re-erecting a stationary awning in said district, or permitting a stationary awning now in existence in said district to remain standing after the lapse of three years after June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be fined not less than five dollars for each and every day such stationary awning is permitted to remain standing contrary to the provisions of this section.

Hundreds of violations of the above law can be found in the district described in above section. GROWLER.

A Word From the Miners.

WEST BELLEVILLE, ILL., Sept. 26.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of Friday, 23d inst., you publish that a convention of miners of St. Clair and Madison counties was held at Traubel's Hall, East St. Louis, the object being to secure three cents per bushel for mining coal, "an increase," you say, "of three-fourths of a cent." Now we don't want to be misrepresented or in any way wrong or misrepresent our employers in the public press. I wish to say through your columns, in correction, that while some mine owners, not members of the Coal Exchange, have paid but two cents this summer, we would not have the consumers misled to believe such was the general price paid for mining. A majority of the Coal Exchange have paid us near the figures promised, three cents per bushel, and others the exact weight by railroad scales as they agreed. For those operators who have dealt fair and honest with those in their employ we have sincere respect, and to those we look in confidence in our present effort to equalize wages, and that a bushel may be a bushel without regard to prices paid for mining coal which may be mutually or otherwise determined. THOS. G. SOWMAN,
President of Miners' Association.

The Citizenship Conundrum.

ST. LOUIS, September 27.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you give us an answer to the following question:

Should a foreigner come to this country and make it his home, but never become a naturalized citizen, would his sons, born here, be citizens of the United States, and be entitled to the right of suffrage when they arrived at the age of twenty-one years? Yours truly,
T. B. BISSELL.

[Children born of foreign parentage in this country acquire all the rights of citizenship on arriving at their majority, if they choose to avail themselves of the same. They can retain their foreign allegiance if the father registers them at the consulate of his particulate Government.—ED. P.-D.]

That Horatian Ode.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Can't you give us a straight translation of the Horatian ode, sung as part of the funeral ceremonies at Cleveland and elsewhere to-day? It may appear to some people that the pretty ode to Salagen was hardly appropriate to so solemn an occasion, especially as the assurance of security vouchsafed to "Integer vitæ" was not made good in Mr. Garfield's case. And if the hideous image of Guiteau spoils the aptness of the two introductory stanzas is there anything left in the ode that fitted the occasion except the melody of an unknown tongue? HYPERCRITIC.

Altogether Lovely.

ST. LOUIS, September 28, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I desire to say that in an article which appeared in Monday's issue of your paper there is a statement which is entirely erroneous, and I sincerely trust you will permit me to correct it by stating that ever since my appointment as Chief Mr. Sexton has always treated and spoken to me as a friend, and that at no time have I discovered any indication of unfriendliness towards me, either upon his part or the part of any of my comrades.

Yours respectfully,
MICHAEL J. HESTER.

That Evening Star.

ST. LOUIS, September 28, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please tell your enquirer that the planet which he calls the "Star of Bethlehem" is Jupiter, and not Mercury. The latter is never seen in that position, being always near the sun. It is only visible under favorable circumstances shortly before sunrise in the east or after sunset in the west. It is rarely seen in a city, the horizon being obstructed by houses or trees. Quite a moderate telescope will show your astronomer the four moons of Jupiter on his "Star of Bethlehem."

Yours truly, SECCHI.

Garfield's Birthday.

BELLEVILLE, ILL., September 27.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am a daily subscriber to your paper, and will be much obliged to you if you will tell me the birthday of the late President Garfield. I have seen it stated both November 19 and November 9. Which is correct?

R. L. HINCKLEY.

[Maj. Bundy's authentic biography of Garfield gives November 19, 1831, as his birthday. —ED. P.-D.]

Bad News for Our Mayor.

From the Kansas City Journal.

It is stated as a fact that no man ever came to the Presidency who was born in a city. If any of our young men have hopes or aspirations in that direction, they had better shove out at once and grow up with the country.

Given to Profanity.

From the Chicago Times.

It is terrible to think upon in the President of the United States and the son of a preacher, but Arthur will use "cuss" words upon occasion, and it is supposed that the occasion is coming fast.

Laying Low.

From the New York Sun.

That doctor who used dead men as targets, in order to find out what direction was taken by Guiteau's bullet, has not been heard from since the revelations of the autopsy.

Not at All Orthodox.

From the Philadelphia Times.

John R. McLean, of the Democratic Cincinnati Enquirer, and all of his editors are said to be Republicans.

The Legal Crank.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The authorities of the District of Columbia should see that a strong guard is placed around Corkhill's mouth.

A FARMERS' CONGRESS.

Agriculturists to Meet in Convention in St. Louis Next Monday.

On Monday, October 3, a Farmers' Convention will assemble in this city, at which representatives from all sections of the country will be present. This gathering is primarily for the purpose of securing united action by those engaged in agricultural pursuits. Much is included in this, and it is expected that the discussions which arise during the session will embrace a large variety of subjects. The most practical men from both North and South will be present and participate in the discussion of all questions of interest to the farmer class. This is a new movement entirely, as nothing approaching it in magnitude has ever been attempted. The question of tariffs will undoubtedly receive considerable attention, and it will be the purpose of the organization to carry into effect such measures as are concluded to be beneficial to the large class engaged in agriculture in the United States. While the first attention of the congress will be given to securing concerted and effective action among farmers, a matter of scarcely less importance will be the cultivation of friendly relations between the people of the South and those of the North. It has come to be recognized as a fact that meetings of this kind are productive of mutual good feeling that can be attained by different sections of the country in no other way. Maj. T. J. Hudson, of Mississippi, has interested himself in this movement in his own State, and entertains high hopes for the result. Maj. Hudson rendered valuable services in the establishment of an agricultural bureau so long ago as 1856, and in 1859 he was made president of the Planters' Association at Nashville. He will be present at the Farmers' Congress next Monday and lend his best efforts to the success of the enterprise.

FOUR COURTS NOTES.

A charge of assault to kill against Ed Ring was continued generally in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day.

In default of $800 Theodore Kretchmar, held on a charge of stealing $200 from William Moerschell, was committed to jail.

On a warrant sworn out by Bernard Herman Charles Fitzpatrick was jailed to-day and charged with attempted robbery.

William Warren in Judge Cady's opinion stole $90 from Michael Cavanaugh, and for this he will have to answer before the grand jury.

At the defendant's costs charges of slandering Louise Fischer against Louise Munzer and malicious trespass against Hannah Dennegan were dismissed by Judge Cady to-day.

James P. Holm, who left suddenly with over $3,000 of his employer's money relinquished his right to a preliminary examination to-day and was committed to jail in default of $800 bond.

Officer Matt. Keily has been assigned to special duty on Sixth street, in consequence of many complaints sent in by citizens whose business takes them in the vicinity of Chestnut and Market streets, where crowds assemble nightly. If shrewdness and a liberal amount of muscle will conduce to the deliverance of the locality from such characters, Officer Kelly ought to be successful.

THE BEST STYLES and BEST MAKE Patent Leather Pumps can be found at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants desiring information on rates for advertising, etc., in POST-DISPATCH.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Second Day's Session of the Diocesan Meeting.

Interesting and Lively Discussions on Various Topics—Notes.

The second day's session of the Diocesan Convention of the Episcopalians met this morning at 10 a. m. at the Church of the Holy Communion. After the usual religious services Rt. Rev. Bishop Robertson took the chair. The roll was called.

Bishop Robertson thanked the delegates for the action which had been taken looking to the increase of his salary. The amount has been raised from $3,600 to $4,200 per annum. The Committee on Credentials made a supplemental report showing the following additional delegates: L. F. Jones, Grace Church, Kirkwood, alternate for Geo. H. Gill; H. H. Dennison, Mount Calvary Church, St. Louis, substitute for Geo. H. Munch; Joseph L. Thomas, and Alexander A. Lesuer, Christ Church, Lexington. A communication from the general convention relative to the traveling expenses of delegates to that body was read.

Bishop Robertson said that according to the recommendation the assessment on clergymen would have to be raised from $8 to $13. This would make Missouri's assessment $700 annually. The question was whether each diocese should pay its own expenses or whether there should be a general assessment.

Rev. Benjamin E. Reed was of the opinion that the work of the general convention was hardly worth $700 to the diocese of Missouri. Other delegates thought that the convention was part of the church machinery and should be supported.

The Bishop suggested that it would not be a benefit to Missouri if the general convention were abolished. It has given to the diocese in the last three years $7,500 for missions, and the diocese had returned to the general convention about $1,000, a net gain to the diocese of over $6,000. A committee was appointed to consider the suggestion of the general convention. An other communication from the Secretary of the general convention was read relative to the increase of the fund for the benefit of the widows and orphans of deceased clergymen, and for the benefit of aged, infirm and disabled clergymen. It is recommended that a portion of the offerings at the communion service be reserved for this purpose. The Bishop stated that the fund at present was raised by a royalty of 10 per cent. on the sale of hymnals. In this diocese, for the ten or twelve last years, there had been such a fund. On motion of Dr. Ingraham, a committee was appointed to consider the matter and report to the general convention. Mr. Jos. Franklin, the treasurer, read his report of the aged and infirm fund as follows:

Cash on hand	$2,199 62
Invested in real estate	4,389 60
Total	$6,589 20

The treasurer in reporting the condition of the theological fund stated that $170 had been received from all the churches in the diocese during the year.

Bishop Robertson—"Gentlemen, the whole diocese has contributed only $170 during the year to support our schools, to take care of our cadets. Is this fair? Just think of it. Only $170 to increase the ministry, and from the whole diocese. This is not the way to progress."

Dr. Fulton, Rector of St. George's Church, next presented the report of the Committee on the Constitutions and Canons of the Diocese of Missouri. The report was voluminous and printed copies were handed around. A lengthened dispute took place relative to changing the time of holding the convention. Some delegates favored a change to January and others wanted the Easter season. The matter of this change was passed over until a later stage of the proceedings. The morning session was entirely taken up with the discussion of the amendments to the constitution and canons. At 1 p. m. the convention took a recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 p. m. the convention reassembled and the discussion of the report of the Committee on Constitution was taken up again, Dr. Fulton reading. This business occupied nearly the whole of the afternoon session.

TO-NIGHT.

This evening at 8 p. m. the convention will resolve itself into a missionary meeting, at which the reports for the past year will be presented. The various churches in the diocese will be asked to name the sum which they will pay towards this object for the ensuing year. Addresses on missionary labor will be delivered by several of the delegates.

NOTES.

Rev. C. M. C. Mason and Mr. Albert Burgess are the only colored delegates in the convention.

Several ladies attended the sitting this morning, and appeared to take great interest in the canonical discussions.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Robertson is well versed in parliamentary law, and is a very able and very dignified presiding officer.

Rev. "Father" Betts is the best story teller among the delegates and generally holds the floor during much of the recess time that follows the noon lunch.

Rev. Mr. Thorpe, of Nevada, Mo., who often made his voice heard in last year's convention, has moved to New York, and is consequently not in attendance.

The convention is attended by a number of business men and several lawyers of the city who sit as lay delegates, yet singularly enough, the preachers are allowed to do most of the talking.

The ladies who serve the Monday lunch at Pickwick Hall are entitled to the thanks of the delegates, and yesterday the work was done by Mrs. E. C. Simmons, Mrs. P. G. Roberts and Mrs. Mitchell, assisted by a bevy of young ladies from the Holy Communion Parish.

A circular signed by the Bishops of Connecticut, Long Island and New York was handed around to-day stating that although the church could not be expected to burden itself in support of the Old Catholics in Europe, yet that, perhaps, a collection might be taken for Bishop Herzog and his people in Switzerland, who were struggling with great difficulties.

'CHANGE NOTES.

The Cotton Crop—Trading Out of Hours—The Boss Trade.

Harry W. Olmstead has accepted the position of representative for Kehlor Brothers for all points East of New York.

There was a rush to buy oats this morning that elevated them in price several fractions. Large buying orders were on the market.

The Exchange Directory has ordered printed for distribution a full alphabetical list of the present members. It will be useful next year at the annual election.

As a change of the hour for the delivery of cash grain is a change of one of the Exchange rules, this matter will probably go before the members to be voted upon.

Private telegrams from New Orleans report the cotton crop as in even worse condition than has been supposed. The South is said to be growing bullish, and sending in buying orders.

It is said that a combination has been formed between several operators in this market for the purpose of working the December wheat deal. They do not contemplate "cornering" the market, but by playing into one another's hands to skim off all the cream there is in that option.

"They are having a pretty lively time in Liverpool, ain't they?" remarked an operator. "They are paying $10 a bale more for September than for October. And what are they going to do when the corner is over? I think they will meet October about half way, which will put it up half a cent in price."

The suggestion of the Call Board operators to the directory, that a rule be passed prohibiting trading out of hours, under a penalty of $5 for the first and $10 for each subsequent offense, is a most sensible one. The hours recommended for trading are from 9:15 a. m. to 3:15 p. m., except on Saturday, when 1 p. m. will be the latest hour. All the rules recommended by the committee on the option clearing-house were unanimously accepted by the Call Board operators, and have now only to be acted upon by the directors.

CONFIRMING CONSOLIDATION.

Wabash Stockholders Formally Ratify the Recent Acquisitions.

The Wabash stockholders went through the formality of a meeting to-day. The consolidation of the Danville and Southwestern and Cairo and Vincennes railroads, making a line direct from Danville to Cairo, Ill., was confirmed by a large vote of the stockholders and the property will pass under the Wabash system and become part of it on and after October 1.

The lease of the bridge to the Missouri Pacific and Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Roads was approved by the vote of the stockholders, which concluded the ratification of the lease, under which the bridge and the tunnel will at once pass into possession of the Missouri Pacific and the Wabash roads. It is intended to place the control of the bridge and tunnel in the hands of the following committee: R. S. Hayes, vice-president of the Missouri Pacific; J. F. How, second vice-president Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad Company, and Dr. Wm. Taussig, general manager of the bridge. All the officers of the Company are reticent as to the plans of the consolidated management for improvements at the Union Depot, Main street, etc., in the interest and for the convenience of the public. It appears doubtful whether anything will be done either for the public comfort or for the pride of the city.

A STRICT SECRET.

A Syndicate of Saloon-Keepers Fighting the Brewers.

The saloon-keepers, sixty in all, who are identified with a counter-movement to the brewers' pool, met again yesterday in strictly executive session at Central Turner Hall. Adjournment was had until Friday, when the plans of the combination may be developed, but at present secrecy is maintained. The malcontents propose to introduce Milwaukee and other beer, and to render the retail trade here independent generally of the home brewers and their recently established pool. The sentiment of the brewers on 'Change when questioned to-day was unmistakably in favor of ignoring the saloon-keepers' movement on the ground that it did not represent the strong elements of the retail trade and that there were no grievances of a business character to redress. The Schlitz firm of Milwaukee, who were reported as willing to supply the St. Louis trade at $6 per barrel, have addressed a letter to the German press denying that their beer can be had anywhere for less than $8, the pool price prevailing there. Some small saloons in the south of town are being furnished with beer from Belleville at a lower rate than the pool, but the brewers here say that they can well afford to dispense with the class of custom that seeks supply elsewhere.

The Williams Brothers.

It was understood in police circles yesterday that Ed. and Alonzo Maxwell, better known as the Williams brothers, were coming down the river in a skiff, and considerable preparations were made for their reception by the detectives, public and private. The Maxwells are professional desperadoes who have a number of murders to answer for. They killed Charles and Milton Coleman, at Durand, Wis., and more recently Sheriff Lamy and his deputy, in Calhoun county, Ill. At midnight they were supposed to be within fifteen miles of the city. Despite all the preparations for their capture they have so far eluded all pursuit. The search is being continued. They are supposed to be heading for the Indian Territory and ultimately Mexico. Sheriff Blades, of Pike county, Illinois, is in hot pursuit of the fugitives.

A Queer Beard.

Mr. Bugg, now visiting Mr. Miles Sells from Arkansas, has a beard which is a natural curiosity. He stands five feet eight inches high and his beard is six feet and two inches long; consequently it reaches more than to the ground when he permits it to fall. Mr. Bugg wears his beard inside his shirt collar and gathered at his waist and to a cursory observer he does not appear at all singular. Scholten is to photograph the gentleman to-day.

Captives of Cupid.

The Recorder granted the following marriage licenses this morning:

Philip Winchester and Eudora Dunnica; Michael Supples and Catherine Ryan; John Pickel and Mary Hambucher; Frederick Ducker and Lina Von Howel; William Estermeyer and Sophia Van Voorn; Willibald Bartel and Josephine Grasce; Chas. Murphy and Emma Crosby.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Public Administrator has taken charge of the estate of Catharine Fitzsimmons.

THE Criminal Court adjourned until Friday afternoon. The special grand jury will complete their work to morrow.

WILLIAM H. KINGDON was arrested and jailed to-day. A man of that name is wanted at Hannibal, Mo., on a charge of attempted rape.

OFFICER TOM DUNIGAN has been assigned to clerical duty during the day at Central District Station, in place of Officer John H. Holmes, resigned.

THE will of Catherine Fitzsimmons, bearing date September 16, 1881, was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the brothers and sisters.

REV. DR. ALLEN, of this city, and Rev. Dr. Armstrong, of Alton, Ill., go to Chicago to-night, where they will meet the secretaries of the Board of Home Missions.

Frank J. Bowman and Britton A. Hill were walking arm in arm on Pine street this morning. As this was a case of the blon and the lamb it created a deal of comment.

THE damage suits of the city against the contractors Dennis O'Gorman and Hugh Carlin for removing rock from an alley have been dismissed to-day on payment of costs.

C. KEIL is putting up a building at the northeast corner of Chouteau and Jefferson avenues, which will cost $7,000. When completed it will be used as a store and dwelling.

ON Sunday and after the Ladies' Land League will be prepared to receive their friends and the public generally at booths 82 and 83, Fair Grounds, where refreshments of all kinds will be promptly served.

MRS. MCNEIL, aged 56 years, is living in destitute circumstances at No. 920 Walnut street. At the Collier Works fire both her arms were broken. The police report her as worthy of any assistance given.

JUDGE DENISON, of the Second District Police Court, tried twenty-six cases this morning. Twenty of the cases were for disturbing the peace, two for carrying concealed weapons and three for being drunk on the streets. Thomas Moran was called on his bond but did not appear.

OFFICER FINN brought John Devine to the Dispensary this morning to have an ugly cut in his forehead and his face dressed. He was struck with a billy by some unknown person at Sixth and Elm streets last night. When his wounds were dressed he was taken to No. 2210 Papin street.

THE commercial travelers will hold a caucus at the parlors of the Armory Hall at 8 p. m. Saturday, for the purpose of nominating officers for the association. The annual election occurs early in December. The number of candidates is large, and the caucus is expected to be very lively.

WEST END COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, will give its first social at Pickwick Hall to-morrow evening. A very entertaining programme has been arranged, and will be followed by dancing. Chancellor Curtis, of West End Council, will deliver a short address between the first and second parts of the programme.

THE ladies of the North Presbyterian Church have rented booths Nos. 31, 32 and 33 at the Fair Grounds and will serve up an elegant dinner every day next week. During the past two years these ladies have succeeded in more than pleasing their patrons and they are confident they will do even better during the coming exposition than they have done heretofore.

THE explosion of a gasoline lamp set fire to the slaughter-house and stable of Mr. M. Ross, in the rear of 2702 and 2704 Penrose street, at about half-past six last night. The buildings were destroyed with their contents except the horses, which were gotten out of the stable. The loss was fully covered by insurance, amounting to $2,200, in the Hope Mutual and Jefferson of New York. The frame stable of Henry Cook, in the rear of 2700 Penrose street, was also totally burned. It was worth $200, and was not insured.

CITY PERSONALS.

A. A. Patch, one of the largest cotton buyers in this market, has returned from Eastern and Northern summer resorts.

Col. David Murphy, N. Cole and Gen. Cavender returned last night from Cleveland. They marched with the Grand Army of the Republic in the funeral procession.

E. T. Taliaferro, ex-Speaker of the Tennessee House, is visiting the city in company with ex-Gov. John C. Brown, general counselor for the Gould system west of the Mississippi.

Maj. A. B. Coit claims to have made the "boss" trade of the year. On June 9 he bought 5,000 year wheat at $1 08¾, held on to it through all the exciting markets that followed and a few days ago closed it out at $1 43½. His profit on this single purchase was 34¾ cents per bushel, or $1,737 50 for the lot.

TERRIBLE, IF TRUE.

Plot Discovered to Assassinate President Arthur.

Sworn Statement of the Conspiracy ---Excitement in Official Circles.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—A Mr. Bayley, who is employed in the Army Medical Museum, has created something of a sensation in police and official circles by filing a sworn statement with the Chief of Police that he had overheard a plot to assassinate President Arthur. Bayley's affidavit is in effect that about midnight last Monday night, while lying on his bed, which was in a corner front room fronting on Missouri avenue, he heard two men talking of the assassination of President Arthur. Bayley states that his window blinds were closed and the two men were leaning against a tree box immediately in front of his room; that one of the men said it would happen in one month; that he, referring to some man whose name was not mentioned, had sworn to kill President Arthur within that time; that the man who had thus sworn was a Garfield Republican. Bayley says he was so much agitated that he did not know what to do; that next day he informed the chief clerk of his division of what he had heard, and he advised Bayley to report the facts to the police. Upon this advice Bayley filed his sworn statement. The police authorities do not attach much importance to this matter, but they have quietly taken some precautions for the protection of the President. There seems to be no doubt that Bayley overheard the conversation he reports, but it was probably some half drunken fellows talking. Bayley is a nephew of H. P. H. Bayley, of Virginia, who was a Republican candidate for Congress last year, and was appointed to office by Senator Logan. He has written to Senator Logan an account of the affair.

THE WILLIAMS BROTHERS.

Chief Kennett Regards Their Capture as a Certainty.

Notwithstanding the handsome reward offered by the Iron Mountain Railroad authorities for the arrest and conviction of the Arkansas train robbers, $5,000 for each of the three outlaws, $15,000 for the conviction of the trio, supplemented by a reward of $500 offered by Gov. Churchill for the arrest and conviction of each, $16,500 in all, not a clue has been obtained of their whereabouts. The report that Conductor Whitesides of the train stopped and robbed had been discharged from the company's service is denied at headquarters. The officers of the road are not in the slightest degree suspected of any complicity in the robbery. The outrage was committed, it is believed, by a gang of young ruffians imbued with a spirit of admiration for deeds of the James boy character. Extra precautions are now taken for the safety of passenger travel in Arkansas.

LATER.

Chief Kennett, who has just returned from the quest of the desperadoes, was met on his arrival at 2 p. m. by a POST-DISPATCH reporter and questioned as to the success of the hunt.

"We have not yet got them, but there is no possibility of their escape. They are in the river between Grafton and Cap au Gris, and there they must stay un il they are taken. The banks are guarded thoroughly, and they cannot get either up or down the river."

"Where do you think they are?"

"They must be in some of the sloughs, and these are being thoroughly explored. We succeeded in getting a tug at Alton, and I sent the boys on up stream in it. I would have stayed with them, but I had to come back and arrange the Fair detail this afternoon."

"You think there is no chance for the Williams boys?"

"None."

"When will you hear from the St. Louis officers?"

"Not before 10 o'clock to-night. I think that is the earliest hour possible."

The River Convention.

Secretary Wright of the River Improvement Convention is very busy with a voluminous correspondence to-day.

Mayor Fuller, of Bedford, Iowa, notifies the Secretary that he has appointed J. F. Flick, Lyman Evans and P. L. Finn as delegates from this city.

Springfield, Mo., will send Hon. H. E. Havens and C. B. McAfee to the convention.

Hon. George H. Pendleton writes that he will attend.

Oscar Kochtitzky, Mayor of New Madrid, Mo., and Hon. Wm. Dawson will attend as delegates from that city.

Hon. L. J. Finley, Congressman from the Second District, Florida, expresses great interest in the convention, and regrets that he will not be able to attend.

PRIVATE SECRETARY SMITH prepared a letter to-day to be forwarded to Mayor Herrick, of Cleveland, expressing the thanks of himself and the entire St. Louis delegation to the authorities of Cleveland and to Mr. Asst. Baeker, chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, for the kindnesses they were the recipients of during their recent trip. The St. Louis delegates had handsome cards with mourning margins printed, one side having the words "Funeral of the President. Cleveland, September 26, 1881. Delegation from the City of St. Louis," and the names of the delegation on the other. They were the only delegation supplied with cards, and found them very convenient when questions were asked. The St. Louisans had Gov. Cullom, of Illinois, and his delegation of twelve as guests on their car "Calumet" from Decatur to Cleveland and back. Gov. Gear, of Iowa, got on the train at Flora, Ill., with four or five delegates, and was also made comfortable in the "Calumet." District Attorney Bliss remained behind at Cleveland, and Mr. Chas. G. Stiel went on to Virginia.

JOHN H. HOLMES, the new Special Officer of the Humane Society, is right around amongst the teamsters who are careless of their stock. Yesterday he sent home a lame horse belonging to Henry Rohtmeyer, and another belonging to Mr. Clark, on Christy avenue. The Mound City, Cass Avenue and Citizens' street car lines have now made arrangements for extra horses on the up grades on their roads during Fair week. The Union Line had made arrangements for extra horses when Officer Holmes called upon the manager. To-day Wm. Meyer was found driving a crippled horse on Main street and was sent home.

ABOUT 1 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Fred C. Mehl, to all appearances in good health, came into Justice Monahan's office and sat down by a table there. A few moments later he became violently ill, and vomited large quantities of blood-clots. He was taken to the private office, and Dr. McCarthy was called. Before he arrived Mehl had another attack. The nausea which he experienced was caused by the blood collecting in his lungs, and ceased when they were relieved. This is the second attack which Mr. Mehl has suffered, the first having occurred some months ago.

WM. MITCHELL and Jos. A. Robinson, proprietors of the People's Theater, were granted permission, through Harry C. Noxon, to maintain six bulletin boards on the sidewalks in the neighborhood of their theater.

TIMOTHY SEED
AND OTHER GRASS SEEDS,
—also—
SEED WHEAT RYE & BARLEY.
Our Seed has been bulked and nicely Re-cleaned.
Have a large Stock.
BILLINGSLEY & NANSON,
S. W. Cor Washington Ave. & Second Street.

SALT, LIME AND CEMENT.
M. D. HELTZELL & CO.,
212 N. Main street.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid	Ask
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	100¾	101¼
New 3¾'s	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101	101¾
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	113½	114
4 per cent bonds.	1907	J. A. J. & O.	117½	118

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	...	108
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	117	119
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	121	123
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	111	113
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	112	114
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & Nov.	110	112
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	107	108
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	118

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1892	Jan. & July	102	104
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	107	110
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108	111
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	113	115
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	*100	...
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	102	103

*And interest.

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	112	115
City 6's, gold	1896	May & Nov.	115	118
City 6's, c'y	1888-'87	Various.	107½	109
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec. 25	108	110½
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec. 25	70	112
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	110	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	106	110
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	113	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	114	120
County 7's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	107	111

*Interest to seller.

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$186	....
Land warrants, 120 acres	138	....
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	....
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	....
Clearings to-day	$ 2,735,648	
Balances to-day	294,708	

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks, and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Money 4@6. Prime mercantile 5½@6½. Bar silver 112⅛. Exchange steady at 80¾ long, 83¾ sight. Governments quiet and steady. States moderately active. Railroads irregular. Stocks—After 11 o'clock the market rallied a fraction, but fell off ⅛ to 1½. Lake Erie and Western, Michigan Central, Lake Shore, Central Pacific and Delaware Lackawana and Western leading. At noon there was a fractional recovery. 6s extended 100½; 5s 101¾; 4½s 113½; 4s 117¾; Pacific 6s '95 130.

Rock Island	138¾	Mar. & Cin. 1st prfd.	13
Panama	†255	second prfd.	6
Fort Wayne	†140	Bur. C. R. & N.	†80½
Pittsburg	†140	A. & T. H.	52
Illinois Central	132½	prfd	93
C., B. & Q.	139½	W., St. L. & Pacific	51¾
Chicago & Alton	132	prfd	92¼
prfd	138	Hannibal & St. Joseph	100
N. Y. Central	142¾	prfd	117
Harlem	215	St. L. & San Fran.	45¾
Lake Shore	†95¾	prfd	75¾
Canada Southern	64	first prfd.	108¾
Michigan Central	92	C., St. L. & N. O.	77
Erie	45¾	Kansas & Texas	42½
prfd	88¾	Union Pacific	121⅝
Northwestern	136¾	Central Pacific	95¾
prfd	138¾	Texas Pacific	53¼
St. Paul	113¾	Northern Pacific	49½
prfd	124¾	prfd	79¼
Del. & Lack	128	Louisville & Nash	96¾
Morris & Essex	124½	Nashville & Chat	85½
Del. & Hudson E. Div.	109¾	L. & N. A.	70
N. J. Central	86¾	Houston & Texas	30
Reading	70¾	Denver & R. Grande	67¼
Ohio	44½	St. Paul & Omaha	44¾
prfd	112	prfd	107½
Chesapeake & Ohio	29½	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	43¾
first prfd	40	American Union	...
second prfd	31½	Memphis & C.	77
Mobile & Ohio	37	Western Union	86½
Sleve'd & Col	98	A. & P. Telegraph	...
C., C. & I. C.	21¾	Pacific Mail	51
Ohio Central	28¼	Adams	137
Erie & Western	51½	Fargo	132
Peoria, D. & E.	41½	American	90
Ont. & Western	32¼	United States	69
Ind., B. & W.	47½	Quicksilver	14
Marietta & Cin.	...	prfd.	60

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div.

R. R. MAGNUS,
BROKER IN
COTTON
GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,
223 Chestnut St. - - - St. Louis.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Callender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; S. H. Buck & Co., New Orleans; Molyneux, Taylor & Co., Liverpool.

EWING HILL & CO
(Members New York Cotton Exchange),
BROKERS IN
COTTON
Grain and Provisions.
N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,
FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	E. R.	River.	Total
Wheat	22,974	3,544	.....	26,518
Corn	5,854	33,495	.....	39,34[illegible]
Oats	4,689	.....	.....	4,68[illegible]
Rye	.....	1,884	.....	1,884
Barley	.....	.....	.....	.....

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	952,681	2,009,668	222,085	85,903	5,700
Total yesterday	946,672	1,991,576	205,914	84,426	5,700
Sept. 29, 1880	961,628	480,709	69,036	28,374	3,560

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—2 cars No. 2 spring, 16 cars No. 3 spring, 5 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 2 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 36 cars No. 2 red winter, 31 cars No. 3 red winter, 14 cars No. 4 winter, 5 cars rejected winter. Total, 111 cars.

Corn—18 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 7 cars rejected white mixed, 62 cars No. 2 mixed, 47 cars rejected, 2 cars no grade. Total, 136 cars.

Oats—22 cars No. 2, 2 cars No. 2 white, 4 cars rejected. Total, 28 cars.

Barley—1 car No. 2 spring, 6 cars No. 3 spring, 1 car rejected spring. Total, 8 cars.

Rye—10 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected. Total, 14 cars.

Total—207 cars.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 2,395 brls. Quiet and about steady. We quote: Fancy $7 35@7 70; choice $7 15@7 25; family 6 85@7 00; XXX $6 50@6 80; XX $5 90@6 05; x $5 60; superfine $5 25@5 45; fine $4 55@6 00; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Receipts 4,814 sks. 13,600 bu; unsettled for futures, they opening better, but declining later on unfavorable advices and free sellers, toward the close stiffened up and closed firm. Cash grades were irregular, but selling very fair on milling (city and country) and Southern order account; No. 2 red was well sustained and No. 4 better and firm E. side on calls, but all else lower; No. 2 red sold at $1 47@1 46½, closing at $1 46¾ bid for cash; $1 46¾ September, $1 47¾@1 47 October, closing at $1 47¾; November at $1 51½@1 50¾, closing at $1 51¾; December at $1 55¼@1 54, closing at $1 54¾@1 55; year at $1 46¾; January at $1 57½@1 57¼, closing at $1 57½ bid; No. 3 red at $1 35¾@1 35; No. 4 at $1 27@½ in C. ($1 27 bid for St. L.), $1 26¾ E. side, bids of $1 45¾ for No. 2 Mediterranean and $1 35¾ for No. 3 do; No. 2 spring salable at $1 30 cash, $1 31 October, $1 33 November; No. 3 spring at $1 14.

Corn—Receipts 4,440 sks, 41,400 bu. Unsettled, with firmer tone and higher prices early; weakened off for futures subsequently, but late rallied and advanced. Demand small for No. 2 on orders and speculators slow to take hold, but prices well maintained; lower grades in active request, mainly for shipment, and advanced in value. No. 2 mixed sold 66@65¾ cash; 66¼@66 October, closing at 66¼; November at 69¾@68¾, closing at 69@¼; December at 70¼@69¾, closing at 70¼; May at 77¾@77½, closing at 77¾@¼; bids of 65¾ for September and year, 70¾ for January; No. 2 white-mixed sold at 73½ cash; 73¼ bid September; 74¾ October, 76¾ November; 76¾ December, 73 year, 84¼ May; rejected white-mixed sold at 69¼@½ this, 71 bid E. side; rejected at 63¾@¾ this, 64¾@63¾ E. side, no grade at 54 in St. L.

Oats—Receipts 3,278 sks, 14,400 bu. Higher and stiff under a sharp and active demand, that came mainly, however, for futures. Cash sold right well to feeders and order dealers; No. 2 for cash brought 43¾; 44½@44¾ October, 46¾@46¾ November; 47½@48½ December, closing at 48½; bids of 43¾ for September, 45¾ for year, 49 for January, 52½ for May; No. 2 white sold at 44 regular; rejected salable at 42.

Rye—Receipts 533 sks, 3,500 bu. Better and firm, with small offerings. Grade No. 2 sold at $1 09 cash, and salable for September at that: $1 10 for October; $1 13¼ for November; rejected at $1 06¾.

Barley—Receipts — sacks, 16,000 bushels; steady, with sellers holding firmly, and demand some better. Quite a large amount selling to arrive. We quote: Low and medium (none offering) 75@83; prime to strictly prime 85@95; choice $1@1 05; fancy $1 10@1 15; Canada $1 20@1 30; California $1 25@1 30.

Hay—Receipts 283 tons. Market very dull and lower, as the demand was light and the damp weather interfered with business. Sales this side—prairie at $9@10, mixed at $12 50@14, prime to choice timothy at $17@18.

Provisions were easier and slow. Offerings small, especially of bacon, and most holders disposed to ask full figures, but buyers offish. Standard mess pork held at $19 75. Prime steam lard worth 12 15. Loose dry salt shoulders quotable at 7.90, long clear at 10.55, clear ribs at 10.65, short clear at 11. Packed bacon clear ribs sold at 11¾ and short clear at 12½; latter loose at 11.85. C. S. C. hams 13¾@15c for summer make. Tallow 7¾@8¼, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 14½@15c. Grease 4¾@5 for brown, 5¼@6c or yellow, 6¾@7¾c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half-brl; dried 14@15c per pound. Fresh smoked hounches 5@5 50 @5 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50@1 55 per brl. Ground alum $1 25 per sack.

Highwines—Steady; sales 165 brls at $1 16. Cincinnati $1 15; New York and Chicago $1 17; Peoria $1 16.

Lead—Soft Missouri in demand at $5 12½, but held higher.

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—September $1 46¼ bid; October $1 47¾; November $1 51½; December $1 54¾; year $1 46¾ bid; January 1 55¾. Corn—October No. 2 spring $1 35. Corn—September 65¼ bid; October 66¾; November 69¼; December 70¾; year 66 bid; January 71¾ bid; May 77⅝. No. 2 white-mixed September and year 73 bid; October 73¾ bid; October 73¼ bid; November 75½ bid; December 77¼ bid; May 84⅝ bid. Oats—Sept 43¾ bid; October 44¾ bid; November 46⅞ bid; December 48¾@¾ bid; year 41¾; June 49¾ bid; May 51¾ bid. Rye—September $1 09¾ bid; October $1 10½ bid; November $1 13 bid.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—October $1 38¼; November $1 40¼; December $1 41; year $1 37¾. Corn—October 70¾; November 71¾; December 71¾; year 70¼; May 74¾. Oats—October 43½; November 44¾; December 45¼; May 49½@¾. Rye—October $1 10 bid; November $1 13¾. Pork—October $19 22½; November $19 45 bid; January $20 65; February $20 82½; March $21. Lard—October 12.20; January 12¾. Short ribs—October 10.22½ bid; November 10¾; January 10¼.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—October $1 46¾; November $1 49¾; December $1 52¾.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—September $1 48¾; October $1 48¾@¾; November $1 52¾@1 53; December $1 56¾@¾. Corn—September 75¾; October 75½; November 77½@¾; December 80¼.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—October $1 52½; November $1 55; December $1 58¾. Corn—December 78¼.

Cotton.

Spots steady at 11¾c for middling. Sales 511 bales. New York quiet and unchanged. Moderate demand in Liverpool freely supplied. New Orleans quiet. Galveston steady at 11¼c.

NEW YORK.

Middling 11 15-16.

Futures closed steady. Sales 122,000; Sept. 11.95@97; Oct. 11.85@87; Nov. 11.86@87; Dec. 11.96@97; Jan. 12.12; Feb. 12.24@25; March 12.36; April 12.46@47; May 12.56@57; June 12.64@66.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands. 7 7-16d. Orleans. 7 7-16d. Futures steady; September 7 15-32d; September and October 6¾d; October and November 6¼d; November and December 6 17-32; December and January 6¼d; January and February 6 9-16d; February and March ——; March and April 6 21-32d; April and May 6 11-16d; May and June 6 23-32d; June and July 6¾; July and August ——d.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Choice 31@32c; fancy 33@34; ordinary at best dairy rates. Dairy—Choice 26@27; fancy 28@29; medium to prime 20@24; common to fair 14@20; grease butter 10@12.

CHEESE—We quote full cream 13¾@14½; part skim 12@13; hard skim 4@7.

EGGS—Firm and in demand; shippers count 16@17 for choice marks; candled 18c.

POULTRY—Quote ⅌ doz: old chickens $1 75 for cocks, $2 00 for mixed, $2 25@2 40 for hens; spring chickens small $1@1 25; medium $1 50; choice $2; spring ducks $1 25@1 75 as in size; feathered geese $2 50@3; turkeys $3@5.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots: Jute bagging at 10¼@11, according to weight; round lots 2-⅌ flax 9¾c, 2-⅌ mixed flax do 10¾; 1¾-⅌ 9¾@¾c. Hemp twine 14¼@15. Iron cotton ties $1 45@1 65 ⅌ bundle.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed $90@100; prime undressed hemp $105@115; dressed hemp, $160@190; shorts $125@150; hackled tow $50@60 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$6 25@6 50 del: in small lots on orders 25c higher.

CORNMEAL—Quotable at $3 70@3 75 del on orders. Grits, hominy and pearl meal $4 95@5 del.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—Inferior and common dark lugs $5 00@5 90; fair to good do $6 00@6 50 common to good bright smoking lugs $6 00@8 00; inferior nondescript leaf $6 00@7 25; common dark leaf $7 00@8 00; medium do do $8 25@9 00; medium red leaf $8 75@9 50; good to fine $10@14. Burley—Common to fair lugs $7 00@8 00; good $8 25@9 00; common leaf, $9@12; medium do $14 00@16 00; good to fine do $18@30. Wrapping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; bright $30@40; fine bright $50@70. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds sell at about 25@50c ⅌ 100 ⅌s less.

LIVE STOCK.

Weekly Review of the St. Louis Market.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & mules.
Thursday	2,635	8,891	2,131	106
Friday	2,300	6,334	1,438	126
Saturday	877	2,627	206	40
Monday	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tuesday	2,130	6,530	3,884	162
Wednesday	2,780	7,354	3,615	95
Total for week	10,720	31,735	11,334	529
Last week	.....	.....	.....	.....

SHIPMENTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & mules.
Thursday	1,036	1,214	480	68
Friday	1,921	3,922	912	84
Saturday	2,076	2,450	320	176
Monday	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tuesday	500	3,839	1,360	107
Wednesday	382	3,060	600	97
Total	5,025	14,335	3,672	532

CATTLE—Although prices weakened a little on fair to good native steers and slight declines were in order on mixed butchers' stuff, still values ruled high and were satisfactory to sellers. But the quality was not of the best, the preponderance being of common to medium butchers' stock, which at times was slow of disposal. The demand for good and fancy shipping steers was quite urgent throughout, and shippers and exporters could not get [illegible]

SCARRITT FURNITURE COMPANY,
609, 611 AND 613 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

they wanted. Among the sales made the past week the transfer of a fancy drove of Missouri steers of 1,656 ⅌s average, which brought $6 85 per 100 ⅌s, is the most notable. Thus it will be seen that good and fancy steers will always find sale and always command big prices. Half matured steers in abundance, and somewhat slow. Prices, all things considered, were steady enough and high enough for this season of the year. Grass Texans in light supply and in active demand throughout at prices ranging from 2.25@2.45 per 100 ⅌s. Stock and feeding steers in light supply and limited demand at range of 2.50@3.75. Milch cows with calves slow. Wednesday (to day) supply of native steers fair, but the quality mainly of butchers' stock and half matured steers, which were slow of disposal. Good and fancy native steers scarce, and wanted. Grass Texans in light supply and demand. Common stock dull. Ruling quotations steady.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$6 30@ 6 75
Heavy shipping steers	6 00@ 6 25
Light shipping steers	5 25@ 5 75
Medium to choice butcher steers	3 25@ 4 50
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@5 50
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 ⅌s	3 75@ 4 00
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	2 25@ 2 75
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 25@ 3 75
Common to fair native cows	2 25@ 2 75
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 00@ 5 25
Grass Texans	2 25@ 4 15
Milch cows with calves	16 00@40 00

HOGS—Prices fluctuated but little the past week. The run was large and consisted of all grades, the bulk, however, of Yorker and packing hogs. The demand was quite free throughout, and, with few exceptions, found sale as fast as offered. Sellers could not complain as regards prices, the range being the highest of the season. Common rough and grass hogs in light supply and dull of disposal. Wednesday (to-day) supply fair—about one hundred and twenty-five car loads, and mainly of Yorkers and packing grades, which found sale without difficulty. Yorkers a shade higher at $6 40@6 60; fair to good packing $6 2[illegible]@6 75; butcher and fancy $6 80@7 40; roughs $5 50@6 10; pigs $5 5[illegible]@5 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
65	156	$6 65	46	176	$6 45
40	195	6 55	41	193	6 80
67	177	6 50	80	200	6 55
46	221	6 75	48	195	6 50
38	133	6 50	40	165	6 50
41	188	6 50	26	200	6 55
34	199	6 50	15	119	5 60
22	145	5 60	91	199	6 55

SHEEP—The run was fair. During the fore part of the week prices were well maintained, but toward the close weakened somewhat. The demand for fair to fancy grades was quite urgent throughout.

Horses and Mules.

The supply of horses the past week was light. Good horses sell readily at quotations. Plugs sell slow and very low. Very few mules on the market. Good fat mules 4 to 7 years old sell readily at quotations.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Hogs—Receipts 23,000; active, 5@10c higher, closing weak; good to fancy bacon $6 60@6 95; mixed packing $6 50@7; choice to fancy heavy shipping $7 00@7 45. Cattle—Receipts 9,000, heaviest ever known; steady; exports $6 20@6 90; good to choice shipping $5 40@5 90; common to fair $4@4 95; butchers $2 40@3 80; stockers and feeders 2 70@2 90; Texans $3@3 85.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Flour—Receipts 18,000; sales 15,000; steady and moderately active. Wheat opened a shade stronger; afterwards became weak and fell a trifle; active speculative trading; sales 48,000 bu No. 2 red September $1 52¾@1 53; 152,000 bu October at $1 52¾@1 53; 648,000 bu November $1 55¾@1 56¾; 358,000 bu December $1 58¼@1 59½. Corn ¼@½c lower; fairly active; mixed Western spot 68@75; futures 75@81; sales 780,000 bu. Oats a shade stronger and fairly active; Western 43@53; sales 250,000, including No. 2 October at 44¾@44¾, November 47½@47¾; December 50. Beef firm and quiet. Pork quiet and steady. Lard scarcely so firm; steam-rendered 12.42½. Butter quiet and firm for choice; Western 13@25. Cheese dull at 3@13. Sugar quiet and firm. Molasses steady and quiet. Petroleum dull and weak. Rice firm and fairly active. Coffee quiet and steady. Freights steady. Spirits of turpentine dull at 44½. Rosin firm at $2 50@2 55. Tallow dull at 8¾. Western eggs firm at 21@21½.

BALTIMORE, September 28.—Flour steady. Wheat—Western spot steady. Futures easier, closing weak. No. 2 winter red spot and September $1 48¾@¾; October $1 48¾@¾; November $1 52½@53; December $1 56¾@¾. Corn—Western easier, but inactive; mixed spot and September 75 bid; October 75½@¾; November 77¾@¾; December 80¼. Oats steady. Rye higher at $1 10@1 12. Hay firm; prime to choice Pennsylvania $20@27. Provisions very firm. Mess pork $20 75. Bulk meats—Shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 9¼@11¾; clear rib sides 10¾. Hams 14@16. Lard—Refined 13¾. Butter firm; Western grass 15@25. Eggs easier at 20@21.

CHICAGO, September 28.—Wheat weak but unsettled, closing stronger at $1 37¾ cash, $1 38¾ asked October; $1 40¾ November; $1 40½ bid December. Corn strong. Higher throughout, 70¾ cash; 70¾ October and November; 70¾ December; 74¾ May. Oats stronger; 43¼ cash and year; 43¾ October; 44¼ November; 43 December. Rye $1 11. Barley $1 11. Whisky 17. Pork weak, lower, $19 10 cash and October; $19 40 November. Lard firm, 12.30 cash and October; $ 2.35 November; 12.72½ January.

NEW ORLEANS, September 28, 11:25 A. M.—Flour quiet and in fair demand; family 8 45; Cornmeal quiet at $3 85@3 90. Corn steady; mixed 80; yellow 82; white 95. Oats fair supply at 54. Bran quiet at $1 20. Hay easier; prime $20; choice $22. Pork jobbing at $21 12½. D. S. shoulders quiet at 8¾@¾. Bacon steady at 9¾@12¾@12¾; long clear 12. Hams scarce at 14@14¾. Lard dull; refined tcs at 13. Whisky firm at $1 17. Exchange on New York $2 00 discount; sight 477@478. Cotton, net receipts 1,935; gross 2,756.

CINCINNATI, September 28.—Flour strong and unchanged. Wheat strong and higher; No. 2 red at $1 50. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed at 71¾. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed at 45. Rye at $1 15. Barley firm and unchanged. Pork quiet at $21. Lard steady at 12.05@.10. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon do. Whisky active and firm at $1 15. Combination sales-finished goods 890 barrels basis $1 14.

MILWAUKEE, September 28.—Noon board—Wheat steady at a decline; No. 2 hard nominal at $1 38½; No. 2 and September $1 38¼; October $1 39¾; November $1 40¾; December $1 41¾; January $1 25; No. 3, No. 4 and rejected nominal. Receipts 44,000; shipments 6,500. Coarse grains quiet and lower. Corn at 68 for No. 2. Oats at 43 for No. 2. Rye at $1 08¾ for No. 1. Barley 97 for No. 2.

DETROIT, September 28.—Flour steady at $7 25@7 50. Wheat weak; No. 1 white $1 45¾; September same; October $1 42¾@1 43; November $1 45¾; December $1 48¾@1 48¾; year $1 42¾. No. 2 red $1 46; No. 2 white nominal. Wheat receipts 15,000; shipments 27,000.

BUFFALO, September 28.—Wheat quiet and firm; sales 10,000 bu year at $1 60; 10,000 October $1 61@2. Corn active; sales 113,000 bu rejected at 70½@71; nominal at 73 for No. 2. Oats—Car of white at 51. Canal freights none; nominally unchanged.

TOLEDO, September 28.—Wheat dull; No. 2 red October $1 46¾; November $1 49¾; December $1 52¼. Corn dull; No. 2 October 69¾; November 71¾. Oats quiet; No. 445.

WILMINGTON, September 28.—Spirits of turpentine firm at $2; soft $3 50 bid; virgin $2 80 bid.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, September 28.—Beef—Extra India mess dull at at 110s; prime mess steady at 92s. Turpentine spirits London dull at 42s. Wheat—Spring No. 2 steady at 10s 8d; No. 1 white steady at 11s 2d; winter steady at 11s 2d. Corn—Mixed steady at 6s 2½d. Receipts wheat for week—Atlantic ports 51,000 quarters; Pacific 47,000; other sources 6,400. Receipts corn 31,000.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

LADIES'
Cloth top button boots $1 50
Cloth top, fine qualities 2 00
Kid button ..... $2 to 3 00
Goat and grain button ..... $1 50 to 2 50
ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE, 608 Franklin Avenue.

GENTS'
Hand-sewed button and laced shoes $2 50
Custom made boots 4 00
Calf boots from ..... $2 00 to 3 00
ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE, 60. Franklin Avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
First appearance after an absence of seven years of the celebrated and original
VOKES FAMILY,
The originators of all the light musical entertainments now so popular.
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, September 27, 28 and 29, the comical tragical extravaganza "BELLES OF THE KITCHEN," preceded by "Cousin Joe."
Friday and Saturday evenings and only Saturday matinee, "FUN IN A FOG."
Sunday evening, October 2, J. M. Hill's Comedy Company, "ALL THE RAGE."

POPE'S | Uncle Tom's Cabin.
Matinee at 2. Evening at 8.
Every evening and Saturday Matinee.
PRICES: 25, 35 and 50 Cents.

JAY RIAL'S UNCLE TOM'S CABIN!
Powerful Double Company! Grand Scenic Effects! Trickey Donkey! Trained Bloodhounds! The Magnolia Jubilee Band.
Sunday, October 2—New Comedy Drama of OLD SHIPMATES.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Corner Sixth and Walnut streets.
Sunday, September 25, every night and at our Grand Family Matinees, Wednesday and Saturday, 2 p. m., the great play of to-day,
FURNISHED ROOMS,
Interpreted by a superb company of comedians under the management of Mr. Joseph A. Gulick. The characteristics—Good Acting, Elegant Costuming and a Mint of Pure Fun.
Sunday, October 2—Fair Week—The World Ideal Standard Novelty Combination.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Tuesday, September 27, during the week, and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
RICE'S MAMMOTH SURPRISE PARTY.
In a reconstructed and novel version of the charming English Extravaganza,
BABES IN THE WOOD!
A familiar story interpreted by this Great Company of 50—ARTISTS—50
New and Beautiful Music! New Costumes! New Scenery! Incidental! Novelties! And the celebrated $2,000 Trick Transformation Scene!
☞ Look out for Cinderella at School.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT OF
MISS JESSIE HALL
THE LITTLE ACTRESS AND VOCALIST.
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 30.
Miss Jessie takes the part of the Duchess in "Faint Heart

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a renewed order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made September 12, 1881, I, John H. Tracy, administrator of the estate of David Nicholson, deceased, will on

THURSDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Courthouse in the city of St. Louis, sell at public auction all the interest of David Nicholson, deceased, in and to the following real estate, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 of block number 2 of John E. Cook's subdivision of a portion of the Chouteau tract in Grand Prairie common fields of St. Louis, and in United States Survey 1583, according to the plat recorded in plat book No. 7, page 192, said four lots containing a front of two hundred and seventy feet on the north line of Finney avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, being a portion of the property acquired from John B. McKay and wife and John S. Hood and wife (by trustee) by deed dated June 15, 1880, and recorded in book 631, page 418.

Lots numbered 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 of block number 2 of John E. Cook's subdivision as above described; said six lots containing a front of three hundred and twenty-five feet on the south side of Cook avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, being also a portion of the property acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed above described and recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot of ground in U. S. survey 1583, containing a front of fifty-five feet on the west line of Grand avenue by one hundred and fifty feet deep to an alley, bounded north by Cook avenue, east by Grand avenue, south by McDonald and west by said alley; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot of ground in U. S. survey 1583, beginning at a point in the western line of Grand avenue one hundred and five feet from the south line of Cook avenue, thence south one hundred feet, thence west one hundred and fifty feet to an alley, thence north one hundred feet, thence east one hundred and fifty feet to point of beginning; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed above recited, and which is recorded in book 631, page 418.

A lot in U. S. survey 1583, beginning at a point in the south line of Finney avenue one hundred and sixty-five feet west of the west line of Grand avenue thence west along said north line of Finney avenue eighty-four feet ten inches, thence northwardly at right angles to Finney avenue one hundred and forty-five feet to an alley, thence along said alley seventy-four feet three inches to another alley, thence south along the west line of said last named alley one hunpred and forty-five feet to place of beginning; acquired from John B. McKay and others by deed dated 15th June, 1880, recorded in book 631, page 418.

Lots numbered 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29 of block numbered 2 of Daniel D. Page's second western addition to city of St. Louis; each of said lots contains a front of twenty-five feet on the south side of Boston avenue by a depth somewhat over one hundred and twenty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide; bounded north by Boston street, east by Spring avenue, south by said alley and west by lot numbered thirty of said block; acquired from John F. Grady by deed June 2, 1881, recorded book 632, page 436.

Lots numbered fourteen of block 5 of Knox & Picot's subdivision of lots or addition a plat of which is of record in office of Recorder of Deeds for City of St. Louis, said lots are also known as Nos. 2543, and having a front of forty-three feet 3½ inches on west line of Jefferson avenue, between Penrose and Market streets, by a depth westwardly of one hundred forty-nine feet, six inches, more or less, bounded north by Garfield, east by Jefferson avenue, south by an alley 15 feet wide, west by an alley 20 feet wide; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife by deed dated April 13, 1877, and recorded in book 571, page 154.

Lots numbered 5, 6, 7 and 8 of block number one of Mackenzie's addition to city of St. Louis (city block 2161), having an aggregate front of one hundred feet on the south line of Chouteau avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and twenty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by Chouteau avenue, east by lot number four of said addition, block number one, south by an alley and west by lot number nine of said addition, block number one; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife, deed dated April 13, 1877, recorded book 570, page 125.

Lot numbered 12 of block 6 of Knox and Picot's addition, being city block 2353, having a front of forty feet one and one-quarter inches, more or less on the west line of Elliott avenue, between Penrose and Market streets, with a depth westwardly of one hundred and twenty-six feet to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded north by ground of Salz, east by Elliott avenue, south by an alley fifteen feet wide and west by an alley twenty feet wide; acquired from Wm. Groshon and wife, deed dated April 13, 1877, recorded in book 571, page 154.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest at six per cent.

JOHN H. TRACY,
Administrator of Estate of David Nicholson.
Frank K. Ryan, Attorney. 43P

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF WILLIAM ELLIOTT, alias Charles Elliott—William Elliott, alias Charles Elliott, died at the City Hospital in the city of St. Louis, on or about the 5th day of July, A. D. 1879. Said Elliott was about 5 feet 6 inches high, had light hair, gray eyes, complexion fair, weighed about 150 pounds, was a native of England or Scotland; his estate consisted of a claim against the Central Savings Bank of St. Louis for $1,513 50 and $204 25 in cash. A final settlement of this estate was filed in the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis on the 20th of September 1881, and if the balance in the administrator's hands is not claimed by his legal heirs on or before September 1, 1882, the same will be paid into the State Treasury, for the benefit of the public school fund. For further particulars apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 10R

ESTATE of Johanna Talleur, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Johanna Talleur,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 8th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 14th day of September, 1881.

LOUIS METTE,
Administrator of the estate of Johanna Talleur, deceased. 47P

ESTATE of Julius A. Peters, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Julius A. Peters,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 17th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 19th day of September, 1881.

MARY F. PETERS,
Executrix.
T. P. Dyer, att'y, 417 Pine. 14R

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale made by said order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in vacation on the 22d day of September, 1881, the undersigned will, on Friday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1881, at 901 North Main street, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public vendue, for cash, all the plows, harrows, tools, machinery, fixtures, stock in trade and patent rights assigned to me by the Hughes Riding Plow Company. The patent rights to be sold include the right to make and vend all the implements and machinery patented in any of the following patents, to-wit: A patent dated January 21, 1868, numbered 73,807, and one dated July 1, 1873, numbered 140,505, for improvement in Riding Plows; one dated August 17, 1869, numbered 93 888, for improvement in Rolling Coulters; one dated June 6, 1876, numbered 178,448, and also one dated August 15, 1876, for improvement in Harrows, and also for improvement in Hand Corn Planters, and also for a Weed-hook attachment in plows, all of which patents were issued to David W. Hughes. The rights in above patents extend over the following States and Territories, viz.: Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Indian Nation, Mississippi, Louisiana, New Mexico, and specified parts of Illinois, Kentucky and Tennessee and the undivided half of said patents in Arizona, Colorado and Utah.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOSEPH DAUBAIGNAN,
56R Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Frank B. Grafiage that on Thursday, the 20th day of October, 1881, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, room 1, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said Frank B. Grafiage.

FRED. WISLIZENUS,
99O Assignee.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF ERNST BEHNE—To all persons interested in the estate of Ernst Behne: Take notice that on the 30th day of October, 1881, I will apply to the Circuit Court for a discharge from my trust as assignee thereof. AUGUST KRONSBEIN,
Assignee.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—In the matter of the assignment of Adolph Heinicke, notice is hereby given that dividend of six (6) per cent upon all allowed claims will be paid by the undersigned on and after October 1, 1881, at his place of business, No. 6 and 8 North Second street, St. Louis.

C. F. G. MEYER,
Assignee.

AGENTS WANTED.

CANVASSERS wanted immediately to introduce salable articles put out on weekly payments. First money to agents. Our wringers warranted three years; and our spring beds, a new thing, on installments. We insure five years. Liberal commission on these, as on all our goods. Call and learn particulars. Keystone Wringer Co., 1025 Washington ave.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Genevieve Jodd, Michael F. Jodd, Mary Mincke, George Mincke, Madison M. Jodd, Margaret Jodd, Jennie Jodd, Louis Jodd, Ann Jodd, Henry Jodd, are defendants;

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in township 44, range 7, in survey 119, Carondelet Common Fields, containing 35-100 acres, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Sullivan, on the east by that of one Jodd, on the south by a creek, on the west extending to a point.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, September 8, 1881. 21Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward Sellers, Michael H. O'Reilly, trustee, are defendants;

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on the north side of Seventh street in city block 2954, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 3 in Walsh's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 29Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Druilla Sumpton, William C. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, John J. Williams, Louisa Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Nimrod Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, Joan Musick, Mary Little, James S. Little, Parmella Musick, Charles Musick, Drusilla Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sampleton are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 102 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burns, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on the south street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 71 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 22, 1881. 25R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor and M. F. Taylor are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width, and 127 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on a reserved strip in city block 1741, 25 feet in front or width, and 45 feet in length or depth, being in Rock Branch addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of the Penrose tract, on the east by that of one Schwaner, on the south by an alley, on the west by real estate of one Niburg and others.

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Harrison street in city block 807, each 40 feet in front or width, and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 12, 1881. 24Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles S. Smith is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 1. Seven lots of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2702, each 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lots 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2702, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lot 33 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2721, each 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lots 25, 26 and 27 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2721, 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lot 28 in block 1 in City Commons.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 7Q

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of William Milford, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

William Milford,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 10th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they will be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1881.

GEORGE MILFORD,
Administrator of William Milford, deceased. 45P

ESTATE of Ferdinand Singer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Ferdinand Singer,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 9th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1881.

WILLIAM M. KOHN,
Administrator of the estate of Ferdinand Singer, deceased. 46P

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF CHRISTINA MEYERS.—Christina Meyers, a German by birth, died in the City Hospital in the city of St. Louis, on or about the 26th day of August, 1879. Said Christina was about 5 feet 5 inches high, weighed about 120 pounds, hair brown mixed with gray, complexion fair, aged 64 years, from Wittenberg, Germany. She left an estate consisting of $141 25. A final settlement of this estate was made in the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, September 20, 1881, and if the balance in the hands of the administrator is not claimed by the legal heirs before September, 1882, same will be paid into the State Treasury for the benefit of the public school fund.

For further particulars apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 11R

NOTICE to the heirs of William Ray.—William Ray, supposed to be a native of Ohio, and having relatives residing near Zanesville, in that State, died in the city of St. Louis on or about the 11th day of July, A. D. 1881, leaving an estate valued at $471 23, consisting of personalty apprised at $91 65 and $379 68 cash. Ray was five feet six inches high, had dark brown hair, eyes gray, complexion dark, weighed about 150 pounds, aged about 48 years.

For further information apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for City of St. Louis. Office, N. W. corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., September 21, 1881. 12R

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Emma Ginsberg, a minor, Caroline Mangels and Peter Mangels, her husband, and Frederick Spies, guardian ad litem for said Emma Ginsberg, a minor, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Chouteau avenue in city block 2279, 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lot 25 in block 1 in Meier's Subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 22, 1881. 26R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Whitmore is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground enclosed in city block 2353, thirty feet in front or width and 182 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being in the west half of block 7 in Whitmore's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and south by the subdivision line, on the east by the real estate of one Gartside, on the west by that of one Crinnion.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 9Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Druilla Sumpton, William C. Jamison and Charles A. Mantz, trustees, Thomas D. Williams, John J. Williams, Louisa Musick, James M. Musick, Martha Ann Snyder, Nimrod Snyder, Mary Ann Lee, George Lee, Thomas Snyder, Eudora Ashley, Edward Ashley, Edward Williams, Olly Brown, Joan Musick, Mary Little, James S. Little, Parmella Musick, Charles Musick, Drusilla Musick, Amanda Musick, Alice Snyder, Lillie Snyder, Amanda Penn, Calvin F. Burnes, Emma Lynch, Henry C. Lynch and Drusilla Sampleton are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 850 in front or width 132 feet in the one part and 134 feet 11½ inches in the other part, and in length or depth 99 feet 8 inches in the one part and 102 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Burns, on the east by an alley, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by the real estate of one Burnes.

No. 2. A lot of ground on the south street in city block 850, 72 feet in front or width and in length or depth 80 feet in the one part and 71 feet 4 inches in the other part, being in block 1 in Labadie's addition to said city, and bounded on the north and east by the real estate of one Burnes, on the south by Lynch street, on the west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 12, 1881. 24Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles S. Smith is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 1. Seven lots of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2702, each 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lots 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2702, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lot 33 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2721, each 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lots 25, 26 and 27 in block 1 in City Commons.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Minnesota avenue in city block 2721, 25 feet in front or width, and 126 feet in length or depth, being lot 28 in block 1 in City Commons.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 9Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Louis Barnett is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 13, block 9, Lowell addition to the city of St. Louis, having a front of 50 feet on Second street and a depth of 150 feet,

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 8, 1881. 20Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Emma Ginsberg, a minor, Caroline Mangels and Peter Mangels, her husband, and Frederick Spies, guardian ad litem for said Emma Ginsberg, a minor, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Chouteau avenue in city block 2279, 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lot 25 in block 1 in Meier's Subdivision addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 22, 1881. 25R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Whitmore is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Twenty-first street in city block 1247, 31 feet 9 inches in front or width, and 127 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 32 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on a reserved strip in city block 1741, 25 feet in front or width, and 45 feet in length or depth, being in Rock Branch addition to said city, and bounded on the north by the real estate of the Penrose tract, on the east by that of one Schwaner, on the south by an alley, on the west by real estate of one Niburg and others.

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Harrison street in city block 807, each 40 feet in front or width, and 134 feet in length or depth, being lots 3, 4 and 6 in Butchers' and Drovers' addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 12, 1881. 24Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles S. Smith is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 3 in block numbered 868, west of said city of St. Louis, containing 30 feet front on Dock street by a depth of 80 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 36Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James Booth, William J. Howard, Michael H. O'Reilly, trustee, Sarah Baugh, Joseph Clark, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows:

A lot of ground on Bellefontaine road, 60 feet in front or width and 215 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 1 in Hornsby's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 40Q

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bernard J. Tassie, John W. Maguire, Robert S. McDonald, Huntington Smith, Robt. M. Foster, Wm. Sinclair, Daniel Dillon, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Seventh street in city block 2934, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 3 in Walsh's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 22Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Sisley Spencer, Mary Montgomery, Mathias Montgomery, John D. S. Dryden, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 1243, 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lot 26 in block 2 in West Bremen addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 32Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Isabella Balmer and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Elizabeth Isabella Balmer, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 3 in block numbered 868, west of said city of St. Louis, containing 30 feet front on Dock street by a depth of 80 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., September 17, 1881. 36Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Michael H. O'Reilly, trustee, Sarah Baugh, Joseph Clark, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George W. Newnam and Fannie Newnam, his wife, by deed dated the 6th day of December, A. D. 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county of Stoddard and State of Missouri, in book 3, page 14, conveyed to the undersigned the following described personal property and real estate, situated in the county of Stoddard and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain saw mill, consisting of engine, boiler and such attachments and appliances as are usually connected with such saw mills, and together with improvements and appurtenances thereunto attached, situate or in any wise belonging or appurtenant thereto; also, all of lots numbered one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen in the town of Buffington, as described on the plat of said town now on file in the Recorder's office of said county of Stoddard, beginning at the south line of the railroad right of way on the west line of the northwest quarter of section ten, township twenty-five, range twelve east, running thence south thirty rods, thence eastwardly parallel with the railroad to Caster River, thence up said river to the railroad right of way, and thence west, wardly to the place of beginning. Also, commencing on the south line of the railroad right of way on the east bank of Caster River in section ten, township twenty-five, range twelve east, thence east along the light of way ten rods, thence south ten degrees east to Clear Run, thence up it to the place of beginning. It being the same property conveyed by M. L. Watts and Catherine Watts, his wife, to George W. Newnam by deed dated the 5th day of April, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county of Stoddard, in the State of Missouri, in book No. 4, page 70, of said records; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and whereas said note has become due and remains unpaid, now, at the request of the holder of said note, and in conformity with the terms and conditions of said deed, and the power of sale therein contained, I will offer for sale and sell the above described personal property and real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

SATURDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF OCTOBER, A.D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri.

JOHN M. JENNINGS, Trustee.

E. J. White, attorney for trustee. 97O

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas William Johnson and Catharine H., his wife, by their deed of trust dated November 1, 1875, recorded in book 594, page 1, conveyed the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 702 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point on the north line of Chestnut street distant westwardly one hundred and nine and 4/12ths feet from the southeast corner of said block, thence west along said north line of Chestnut street twenty-four feet to a point, thence north parallel to Eleventh street one hundred and nine and four-twelfths feet to an alley, thence east along said alley seventy-four feet to a point, thence south parallel to Eleventh street one hundred and nine and 4-12 feet to the place of beginning, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said deed, I will sell said property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JAMES M. CARPENTER, Trustee.

84P

WHEREAS Michael J Deegan and Mary A. Deegan, his wife, by their deed dated June 19, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 684, page 257, conveyed to the undersigned the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street, distant fifty-four feet eastwardly from the east line of Twentieth street; thence east with said south line of Warren street sixty feet; thence south and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to an alley; thence west with the north line of said alley sixty feet; thence north and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to the place of beginning; in trust to secure performance of the conditions of a bond in said deed described; whereas said conditions have been broken, in that no payments as called for by said bond have been made for more than three months last past, now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said bond, I, the undersigned, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7TH, 1881,

for the purposes in said trust.

FRED. A. WISLIZENUS, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 14, 1881. 44P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Jacob Thomas (now over nine months deceased), by his deed of trust dated April 27, 1876, and recorded in book 548, page 99, in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described piece or parcel of ground, to-wit: Parts of lots Nos. 103 and 104 in block No. 4 in J. B. Lesperance's addition to the city of St. Louis, being city numbers No. 722, said parcel of ground beginning at a point on the southern line of Lesperance street 72 feet and nine inches east of Fulton (now DeKalb) street, these running south and at right angle with said Lesperance street 48 feet and 4½ inches, thence north 45 feet to the southern line of Lesperance street, thence west along the said southern line of Lesperance street 36 feet and 4½ inches to the place of beginning; being bounded north by Lesperance street, west by lots Nos. 103 and 104, now or formerly owned by one John Reis, south by lot No. 102 and east by parts of lots Nos. 103 and 104; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and interest thereon, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the property in said deed of trust described as a lot or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in block No. 979 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Mills street sixty-nine feet and four inches west from the west line of Elliot avenue, and running thence westwardly with the north line of Mills street twenty-five feet eight inches (25 ft. 8 in.), thence northwardly and parallel with Elliott avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.), thence eastwardly with the south line of said alley twenty-five feet and eight inches, and thence southwardly and parallel with said Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.) to the place of beginning; for the purposes of executing said trust.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 22R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Wm. M. Hardy, by his deed of trust dated June 13, 1879, and recorded in book 612, page 315, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the property hereinafter described, in trust to secure the payment of the notes therein specified, and whereas default has been made in the payment of several of said notes, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, notice is hereby given that I will on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., expose to sale at public vendue, for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: The western half of lot No. 1 in block No. 2 of South Stoddard Addition to said city of St. Louis, according to amended plat thereof on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said city; said western half of said lot No. 1 having a front of seventeen feet on the south line of Clark avenue by a depth of one hundred and thirty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide.

WM. BOOTH, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 6, 1881. 93O

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Real Estate—Default having been made in the payment of a certain note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Louis Miller and Ida, his wife, bearing date 16th day of July, 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 576, on page 39; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the property in said deed of trust described as a lot or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in block No. 979 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Mills street sixty-nine feet and four inches west from the west line of Elliot avenue, and running thence westwardly with the north line of Mills street twenty-five feet eight inches (25 ft. 8 in.), thence northwardly and parallel with Elliott avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.), thence eastwardly with the south line of said alley twenty-five feet and eight inches, and thence southwardly and parallel with said Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.) to the place of beginning; for the purposes of executing said trust.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 22R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Wm. M. Hardy, by his deed of trust dated June 13, 1879, and recorded in book 612, page 315, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the property hereinafter described, in trust to secure the payment of the notes therein specified, and whereas default has been made in the payment of several of said notes, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, notice is hereby given that I will on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., expose to sale at public vendue, for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: The western half of lot No. 1 in block No. 2 of South Stoddard Addition to said city of St. Louis, according to amended plat thereof on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said city; said western half of said lot No. 1 having a front of seventeen feet on the south line of Clark avenue by a depth of one hundred and thirty feet to an alley fifteen feet wide.

WM. BOOTH, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 6, 1881. 93O

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Real Estate—Default having been made in the payment of a certain note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Louis Miller and Ida, his wife, bearing date 16th day of July, 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 576, on page 39; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the property in said deed of trust described as a lot or parcel of ground situate, lying and being in block No. 979 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Mills street sixty-nine feet and four inches west from the west line of Elliot avenue, and running thence westwardly with the north line of Mills street twenty-five feet eight inches (25 ft. 8 in.), thence northwardly and parallel with Elliott avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.), thence eastwardly with the south line of said alley twenty-five feet and eight inches, and thence southwardly and parallel with said Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.) to the place of beginning; for the purposes of executing said trust.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 22R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Thomas Hammen and Ellen, his wife, by a deed of trust dated January 24, 1878, and recorded in book 589, page 116, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate in said city, to-wit: Lot No. 9 of block No. 1 of Kittenreiner's subdivision to the city of St. Louis, city block No. 2157 north, and having a front of twenty-five feet on the northern line of Kittenreiner avenue by a depth northwardly and between parallel lines of one hundred and fifteen feet to the south line of an alley, together with improvements; in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and interest, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell to the above described property, by virtue of the provisions of said deed, I will sell said property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JAMES M. CARPENTER, Trustee.

84P

WHEREAS Michael J Deegan and Mary A. Deegan, his wife, by their deed dated June 19, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 684, page 257, conveyed to the undersigned the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street, distant fifty-four feet eastwardly from the east line of Twentieth street; thence east with said south line of Warren street sixty feet; thence south and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to an alley; thence west with the north line of said alley sixty feet; thence north and parallel with Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet five inches to the place of beginning; in trust to secure performance of the conditions of a bond in said deed described; whereas said conditions have been broken, in that no payments as called for by said bond have been made for more than three months last past, now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said bond, I, the undersigned, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7TH, 1881,

for the purposes in said trust.

FRED. A. WISLIZENUS, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 14, 1881. 44P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Jacob Thomas (now over nine months deceased), by his deed of trust dated April 27, 1876, and recorded in book 548, page 99, in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described piece or parcel of ground, to-wit: Parts of lots Nos. 103 and 104 in block No. 4 in J. B. Lesperance's addition to the city of St. Louis, being city numbers No. 722, said parcel of ground beginning at a point on the southern line of Lesperance street 72 feet and nine inches east of Fulton (now DeKalb) street, these running south and at right angle with said Lesperance street 48 feet and 4½ inches, thence north 45 feet to the southern line of Lesperance street, thence west along the said southern line of Lesperance street 36 feet and 4½ inches to the place of beginning; being bounded north by Lesperance street, west by lots Nos. 103 and 104, now or formerly owned by one John Reis, south by lot No. 102 and east by parts of lots Nos. 103 and 104; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes and interest thereon, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JAMES M. CARPENTER, Trustee.

84P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Charlie Thaw as trustee of Kate Tracy, at her request and direction, and the said Kate Tracy and Thomas Tracy, her husband, by their deed of trust dated July 26, 1878, and recorded in book 583, page 451, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified, the property hereinafter described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note in said deed described. Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 1ST OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., expose to sale at public vendue, for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: The eastern half of lot No. 5 in said block No. 1677, and described as follows: Begin at a point in the north line of Biddle street three hundred and seventy-two feet westward of Nineteenth street; thence west with said north line of Biddle street twelve and one-half feet to the center of a partition wall dividing two two-story brick dwellings, thence north with said center line of said partition wall and parallel to Nineteenth street ninety feet to an alley, thence east with said alley twelve and one-half feet to lot No. 6 of said block, and thence south ninety feet to the point of beginning, and on which said lot there is a two-story brick dwelling, known as No. 1937 Biddle street.

WM. BOOTH, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 13, 1881. 22P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed of trust, dated September 27, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 533, page 283, Sarah E. Hobart and Marion C., his wife, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, the following real estate situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: All and the whole of lot No. 14 off the east side of lot 13 in block No. 40 of the second subdivision of John Ganó Bryan's estate, alias Bryan's second addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting sixty feet on the north line of Obear avenue, by a depth of 110 feet, bounded north by lot 12, east by Henry street, south by said Obear avenue and on the west by a line parallel with the east line of lot 13 and at a distance of five feet from said west line, all according to the plat of said addition of record in the Recorder's office aforesaid. And whereas the principal note is past due and unpaid: now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 17TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

EVERETT W. PATTISON, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 22, 1881. 95N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John Hausmann, by his certain deed of trust dated the first day of August, A. D. 1878, and recorded in book 600, page 5, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, did convey to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, lying and being in block numbered 690 of the city of St. Louis, on the east side of Broadway and south of Columbia street (now Cass avenue), having a front on Broadway of twenty-four (24) feet four (4) inches, by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and seventy (107) feet more or less to an alley, and being bounded as follows: North by land now or formerly belonging to Henry Klager, I west by Broadway, south by land of Walton and east by an alley, and being the same property acquired by said Hausmann from Robert A. Walton and wife by deed dated the 15th day of January, 1880, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county (now city of St. Louis) in book 281, page 126; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes is due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, on Fourth street in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1881,

for the purpose of said trust.

JOHN C. BENSIEK, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 13, 1881. 23P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael Quinn and Mary Quinn, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the tenth day of July, A. D. 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in book 574, page 516, conveyed to Michael Hammel the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot number five (5) of block number thirty-one (31) of survey number three (3) of the former city of Carondelet, now city block number three thousand one hundred and thirty-two (3132) of the said city of St. Louis, containing a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Pittsburg street, and running eastwardly of equal width parallel with Franklin street one hundred and thirty-seven feet and six inches in depth to an alley, bounded north by lot number 6, east by said alley, south by lot number 4 and west by Fifth street; which conveyance was so made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and interest thereon from the first day of January, 1881; now, therefore, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, will proceed to sell the property aforesaid at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purposes of said trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 7, 1881. 100O

WHEREAS George Lunz and Maria, his wife, by their deed dated 21st day of January, 1876, and recorded on page 476 of book number 18 of the records of deeds for the county of St. Charles, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of real estate situated and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number 1 of block 6, fronting 61 feet 9 inches by 140 feet deep of a certain subdivision of survey number 1731, as laid out by Henry Deppe and Henry Reinecke, in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

TUESDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF OCTOBER,

for the purposes of said trust.

GEORGE KUEHLER, Trustee.

St. , September 17, 1881. 69Q

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, George Bruyn, a widower, by his certain deed of trust dated 12th of November, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 640, page 371, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: A tract of land in the Prairie des Noyer, in United States survey number twenty-nine hundred and ninety-eight (2998), containing four and twenty-five hundredths acres, and bounded north by Hereford, east by Sanguinette, south by Christy and west by King's Highway, and being the same property acquired from Wm. H. Cozens et al. by deed dated 25th September, 1880, and from B. F. Webster et al. by deed dated November 10, 1880; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed, the undersigned, trustee, will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front of the Court-house in the said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

60P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Sarah M. Rhodes and Jacob Rhodes, her husband, and John Riggin, her trustee, by their certain deed of trust dated the 17th day of June, 1873, recorded in book 472, page 195, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (formerly county) of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situate in St. Ferdinand township, in St. Louis county, State of Missouri, viz.: Two parcels of land situate in U. S. surveys Nos. 2030 and 2039, townships 46 and 47, range 5 east, one of said parcels containing 54 acres and 60-100 acres, bounded north by land now or late of Jos. H. Garrett, east by the common fields of St. Ferdinand, south by land now or late of McMenamy, and west by land now or late of Williamson, and being lot No. 3 of the subdivision of the estate of Joseph Garrett, deceased, as per plat filed by the Sheriff of St. Louis county in his report of sale in the case of J. B. Dawson and wife vs. Mary Garrett and others; and the other one of said parcels containing fourteen acres, bounded north by the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad (formerly North Missouri Railroad), east by land now or late of Garrett, south by land now or late of Williamson, and west by land of P. Holland, and being part of lot No. 2 of said subdivision of said Garrett estate as per plat, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas the two notes therein designated as principal notes remain due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said two principal notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell to the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY A. HUNICKE, Trustee.

For further particulars apply to George H. Gille, Notary Public, room 201, Granite Building, corner Fourth and Market streets.

St. Louis, September 17, 1881. 70P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Streutker and Catharine, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 8th day of June, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 574, page 284, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 1504, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot No one (1) of block No. three (3) of Dr. Fred Schade's amended second addition of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of City Common block No. 75; said lot having a front of thirty-five (35) feet on the north side of Cass avenue, and extending in depth along the west line of Missouri avenue of one hundred and nine (109) feet more or less to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded north by said alley, east by Missouri avenue, south by Keokuk street and west by lot No. 2. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas three of said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., September 21, 1881. 41R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Thomas McNevin, as trustee of Anna McNevin, acting by and under her written request and direction, and Anna McNevin, now more than nine months dead, and Thomas McNevin, her husband, by their deed of trust dated November 3, 1879, and recorded in book 623, page 200, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified, the property hereinafter described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of one of said notes in said deed described and still remains due and unpaid, and also city taxes remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., expose to sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: The most northern thirty (30) feet off of lots number three and four (3 and 4) of block number four (4) of Dillon's Addition, continued opposite Lafayette Park, and in city block number 2277 W.; commencing at a point of intersection of the east line of Armstrong avenue with the south line of an alley running east and west in said block, thence south on the east line of Armstrong avenue thirty (30) feet; thence east parallel to the south line of said alley eighty-seven (87) feet, thence north thirty (30) feet to the south line of said alley, thence along the south line of said alley to the place of beginning; and being the same real estate acquired by said parcels of the first part by deed of record in book 611, page 543, of St. Louis city records.

THOS. WARD McMANUS, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 20R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Richard D. Shannon and Lizzie Shannon, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 29th day of October, 1880, and recorded in book D, page 339, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of Cole and State of Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the County of Cole, and State of Mo., to-wit: In lot in the City of Jefferson, numbered 590, fronting on McCarty street 104½ feet and running back 199 feet, more or less, to an alley, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south line of McCarty street distant eastwardly 104½ feet from the east line of Jefferson street, thence eastwardly on the south line of McCarty street 104½ feet, thence southwardly parallel with Jefferson street 199 feet to an alley; thence westwardly along the north line of said alley 104½ feet; thence northwardly 199 feet to the place of beginning; which said deed was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 22, 1881. 37R

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Joseph Mulhall and Susan, his wife, by a deed dated December 20, 1879, and recorded on page 146, of book 635, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of real estate situate in block No. 996 of the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit: Two lots of ground known as numbers 18 and 19 of block No. 31 of Stoddard Addition to St. Louis, per recorded plat thereof on file in St. Louis Recorder's office; said lots together fronting 55 feet 3 inches on the north line of Morgan street, and extending northwardly for a depth of 134 feet 8 inches to an alley of said block, bounded north by said alley, west by Ewing avenue and south by Morgan street. In trust to secure the payments of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned, trustee, will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, at the eastern front of the Court-house in the said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

ROBERT B. WADE, Trustee.

72O

WHEREAS, by deed dated December 6, 1876, and recorded in book 561, page 228, of the St. Louis records, William Strazacker and wife, Anna, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered 33, 34 and 35 of block No. 3 of the first subdivision of the Rankin estate, a plat of said subdivision being of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of (late St. Louis county) now City of St. Louis, said lots having an aggregate front on the south line of Laclede avenue of 75 feet, by a depth each of 120 feet to an alley 15 feet wide, and being the same property acquired by said W. Strazacker of August Strazacker and wife by deed dated December 1, 1872, and recorded in book No. 470, page 116, of the St. Louis records, being subject to a certain deed of trust executed by said Straszacker and wife to secure the payment of certain notes therein described, recorded in book No. 555, page 231, of said St. Louis records. Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas default was made in the payment of said note at maturity, now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder thereof, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said trust and the expense of executing the same.

FREDRICH FREUNING, Trustee.

91O

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Anna M. Woerheide, Albert H. Woerheide and William E. Woerheide, composing the firm of A. M. Woerheide & Sons, by their deed of trust, dated on the 6th day of May, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 659, page 330, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described leasehold estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot of ground, situated between Eighth and Ninth streets in block No. 604 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, having a front of forty-one feet on the north line of Cass avenue and running back the same width northwardly one hundred and thirty-three 9-12 feet, more or less, in depth, to an alley, and bounded on the north by said alley, east by lot of Bryan M. Clemens, south by Cass avenue, and west by land of Chambers. Also, a certain leasehold in block No. 604 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, having a front of forty feet on the north side of Cass avenue, and running back northwardly one hundred and thirty-three 9-12 feet, more or less, to an alley, and bounded north by said alley, east by land of Jane Lindsay, south by Cass avenue, and west by land of Alice B. von Versen. Also, the certain leasehold estate in block No. 604 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, fronting on Eighth street a depth along the west line of Missouri avenue of one hundred and nine (109) feet more or less to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded north by said alley, east by Missouri avenue, south by Keokuk street and west by land of Alice B. von Versen. Also, the buildings erected thereon. Also, the following described personal property, to-wit: One steam engine, shafting and pulleys, two boilers (and connections), twenty-four feet long and forty-eight inches in diameter, with four 12-inch flues, one Dayton sand pump, 300 feet line of shafting with pulleys on same, one large Woodbury planer, weight 10,000 lbs., two 14-inch double Fay flooring machines, weight 7,000 lbs. each, one Fay Farrar planer, 26-inch surface, weight 4,000 lbs., one Walker circular resawing saw, one Lane & Bodley perpendicular splitting saw, three rip-saw tables with countershafts and saws, one railway cut-off saw complete, two wood turning lathes with countershaft and shears, one scroll saw, one shaper with shaft and pulleys, one iron turning lathe with pulley and tools, one shaving duster and connections, one mitre dovetail machine, two cross-cut machines with countershafts, pulleys and saws, three rip-saw machines with countershafts, pulleys and saws, two matching machines with countershafts, pulleys and tools, one perpendicular boxing machine with counter shaft, pulleys, heads and bits, one cross-cut machine with counter shaft, pulleys and saws, one rip machine pulley cutter with shaft, pulleys and saws, one pony planer with connections and bits, three horses, one delivery wagon and all the belting used on the aforesaid machinery, one Beard & Brothers' fire-proof safe; also one steam engine with shafting, pulleys and fly wheel; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, and, whereas, one of said notes is now past due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the said trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell said leasehold estate and personal property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purpose of said deed of trust.

GEO. C. MENKE, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 5, 1881. 90O

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Jane Bridget Walsh is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Sixth street, in city block 763, 25 feet 5 inches in front or width, and in length or depth 137 feet 6 inches in the one part and 141 feet in the other part, being part of lots 19 and 20 in block 1, in Rock Point Addition to said city and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Rose, on the east by Sixth street; on the south by real estate of Public Schools, on the west by Carondelet avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 22, 1881. 32R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Patrick F. O'Reilly is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground

FALL, 1881!

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LOCAL NEWS.

AN indispensable toilet preparation. Pozzoni s Medicated Complexion Powder.

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See Guernsey, Jones & Co.'s advertisement on eighth page.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

SAVE cooking. Buy sliced corned beef packed by St. Louis Beef Canning Co.

CONVICTED.

Charles Rose Found Guilty of Murder in the First Degree.

Judge Laughlin opened the Criminal Court this morning to receive the verdict of the jury that tried Charles Rose for the murder of George Ingram. When the jurymen took their seats in the box the foreman returned to the clerk a verdict finding the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree. The taking of testimony in the case was begun yesterday morning. A recess was taken at 12 o'clock and another at 7 p. m. The court convened an hour later and remained in session until 11:50 last night. Mr. C. O. Bishop, for the defence, addressed the jury, followed by Circuit Attorney Harris. At 12 o'clock the case was ended, and at 1:30 this morning the verdict was agreed on. The crime of which Rose was convicted to-day was committed on the 3d of last April. George Ingram, Calvin Emerson and Charles Emerson were sitting in Goldsmith's saloon at No. 1122 North Seventh street, when Rose made some remarks to two women in Ingram's company. Some other colored men were in the saloon crowded about, when a dispute arose. A free fight ensued which bricks, knives and pist[illegible] used. Ingram started to [illegible] were when Rose caught [illegible] out the of saloon, one hand [illegible]rm, and holding him with [illegible]bbed with the other, inflicting a [illegible] wound. Rose is a dandy roustabout darkey of a very dark hue. When the clerk read the verdict he sat back in his chair beside his counsel, Mr. Bishop, and paid no more attention to it than to any of the other proceedings in the trial. After the verdict was read the prisoner was led back to the dock and sent down to jail.

A Narrow Escape.

The horses attached to an empty transfer wagon ran away from the corner of Fifth and Locust streets at 9 o'clock this morning. As the runaways crossed St. Charles street Arthur Harrison, who was also going north in a basket phaeton, attempted to get out of the way. He was ac seond too late, and the heavy wagon caught his rig and tossed it eight or ten feet in the air. Bystanders pulled Harrison out of his phaeton, which was broken to pieces. He was supposed to be badly hurt, but after he had shaken several pounds of mud off his clothes he declared in an excited tone that he was all right. The transfer ran on to Franklin avenue, smashed a little wagon and grazed a couple of street cars. It was finally stopped by a policeman. Harrison's headquarters are at the livery stable on Tenth and Pine streets, where the phaeton belongs.

"Art and Music."

The initial number of "Art and Music," a new monthly magazine published by H. A. Rothermel, is to hand. The contributors are W. R. Hodges, E. J. Biddle, W. V. Byars, Geo. Mills, W. A. Bateman, A. E. Kroeger and E. R. Kroeger. There are some excellent illustrations by J. R. Meeker, Will S. Eames, Chas. Holloway, J. M. Barnsley, Fred Lippett, Matt Hastings and others. The new monthly will be acceptable in art circles here, and its artistic and literary columns will express the best thought and the highest culture of the progressive departments of art and music in St. Louis. The next etchings of the opening number are especially good.

If you are in want of anything read the small "ad" columns of POST-DISPATCH.

Suing for Legacy Tax.

A suit was filed this morning in the United States Circuit Court by the District Attorney for the Government against David Rankin, Jr. This matter involves a claim of $885 36 on account of "legacy tax." David Rankin, Jr., is a legatee of the estate of his sister, Ann Orr Rankin, of County Londonderry, Ireland, and he is likewise executor in charge of the legacy trusts of the estate, the beneficiaries of which are Ann and Mary Rankin, mother and sister of the testatrix, and James, David, Robert and William, brothers. Mr. Rankin has entered a demurrer to the Government's claim.

WANTED—An Auditor for a large railway now under construction in Texas; must speak French. None but FIRST-CLASS need apply. Address Auditor, Box 2513, St. Louis Post-office.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The Council held no meeting last night, a quorum failing to attend.

Albert Slickner was found wandering around the streets last night and locked up for safe keeping. He was released this morning for want of prosecution.

Officer Griffin found a pocket book yesterday in one of the Justices' offices. The owner can have the pocket-book by telling the amount of money and describing property.

Wm. Langan, a rag-picker, was arrested last Saturday by Officer Griffin for having in his possession a quantity of railroad iron for which he was unable to account. This morning portions of the iron were identified by the Southeastern, Conlogue and Union Stock Yards companies. Langan will be prosecuted.

Simon O'Blasser was jailed last night on a charge of larceny preferred by Daniel Hallessy. O'Blasser arrived in East St. Louis a short time ago and took up lodging with Hallessy. Having no money to pay his board, his watch was given as security. When Hallessy searched in the drawer for the watch last night it was missing and so was O'Blasser. The man was arrested shortly afterwards, but claims to know nothing of the missing watch. His case is set for hearing before 'Squire Graney this evening.

No. 9 engine, attached to the Ohio and Mississippi passenger train due at the Relay Depot at 8:35 this morning, met with an accident which delayed it a few hours and seriously injured the engineer. The train was passing O'Fallon at a very rapid rate being considerably behind time. A freight train had been switching on the tracks a short time before and the switchman neglected to close the switch. The passenger train rushed off the main track over the open switch, throwing the engineer out of the cab, seriously injuring his head and bruising his body. The passengers were considerably frightened and shocked, but uninured. The train arrived three hours late.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

Mr. John Owens has returned from a trip through Illinois and Ohio.

The Lowell colored school children will on next Tuesday evening give their annual literary and musical exercises.

Mr. John Kemper, pipeman of Engine Company No. 8, and Mr. John Harkins, superintendent of Knapp, Stout & Co.'s saw mill, who were injured on Sunday at the Bremen avenue fire, are doing as well as could be expected, and both men will be able to resume work in a short time.

THE BOARD OF HOODLUMS.

An Unusually Quiet Session of the School Directors.

Only Two of Its Members Charged With Lying.

New Developments in the Caldwell-Long Fight.

Perjury, Bribery and Lechery to Figure in the Investigation.

The twenty-eight gentlemen who labor under the impression that they are the St. Louis School Board met last evening for the usual festivities. In the course of the proceedings one gentleman was called a liar outright and another was told he was stating what was not true. Charges of bribery and attempted bribery are pending against a member of the board and one of the principals. Half a dozen futile demands for investigation were made. The chair was insulted twenty-two times by actual tally, and the exuberance of the body corporate led the outsiders to believe that more than one of the gentlemen into whose hands the education of the children of St. Louis is committed were drunk. The members were not really warmed up to their work until after the Teachers' Committee reported and the forces had been marshaled for a lively time upon some of the points in that document. In the first place the Teachers' Committee had employed C.L. Howard as principal of the Madison School. It seems that Mr. Howard has been practicing pedagogy in the wilds of Illinois, and has been handling the birch so successfully that he caught the eagle eyes of the St. Louis men. Mr. Howard came to town and Scott Blewitt showed him the ropes, and as a consequence he was appointed to the principalship of the Madison over the heads of a number of expectant home teachers. The committee in order to clinch this appointment did not report it until last night, although it was made over a month ago. Mr. Howard was the choice of Superintendent Long and Principal Blewitt, and they fixed things for the new man. Mr. W. C. Dyer had been recommended for a first-class school some time since, and several members tried to have Howard ousted and Mr. Dyer appointed in his place. Mr. Long arose and remarked that in recommending Howard he had done what was in his judgment best for the schools. Dr. Clopton tried to elicit testimony from Mr. Long as to how often his judgment had turned out worst for the schools. The objection to Mr. Howard's appointment was that there were just as good teachers as are in the schools awaiting promotion, and that bringing in a rank outsider would tend to demoralize the teachers. Dyer was not beaten; Hayes was beaten; Prentiss was beaten, and Schuyler was beaten, and Howard was kept in his position. Mr. O'Connell then brought up the bribery charges. He wanted an investigation of the member who wanted to be bribed. Dr. Holland demanded an investigation of Principal Caldwell. In the debate that followed Mr. O'Connell called Mr. Peebles a liar, and both gentlemen grasped inkstands and prepared to shy them. Judge Dailey then intimated that Dr. Holland had borne false witness against his neighbor, and there was more confusion; and, after a hard night's work the board adjourned at 1 o'clock, having done positively nothing.

The circus described above is not at all an unusual one, as readers of the papers will all testify. This sort of thing began some years ago when a lot of fellows got into the board and began working Mr. Harris out. The board is now split up into two well marked factions, one following the leadership of Mr. Long, who is as good a politician as he is a superintendent, and the other sustaining Mr. H. F. Caldwell, the principal of the Stoddard School and the other candidate for the Superintendency. Mr. Long's followers are Dr. Holland and Mr. Peebles; Mr. Bozley, whose chief interest in the Board is said to be in his membership of the Building Committee; the President, Mr. F. N. Judson, whose devotion to Mr. Long is accredited to the fact that Mr. Long took care of his brother's appointment to a first-class position in the schools, although that gentleman's proper grading ran below the average; Mr. Hickman, whom, it is said, it would puzzle greatly to give a reason for anything he does and who is described by his friends as a good-natured noodle. Mr. Twining also loves Mr. Long because Mr. Long loved Mr. Twining's brother, and saw that he was well fixed although his rating was very poor. In fact fifty per cent plus a school director as a brother is now plainly recognized in the schools as a better qualification for a principalship than ninety per cent with no relations. Dr. Hill is also a Long man because Mr. Blake, the book agent, is for Long. It is understood all round that Dr. Hill is Blake's man, and there is no very pronounced effort made to conceal the fact. These with Mr. Bosley are the Long men who are most prominent in the board. On the Caldwell side John O'Connell is the chief man. It is not that he loves Caldwell more but because he loves Long less that he has taken his stand. It is understood pretty generally that John is a painter, and consequently he wanted unity in the Building Committee. Mr. Bosley, however, could not be unified, and O'Connell was driven into the ranks of the opposition. With him are Mike Feerstel, Clopton, Judge Dailey, Bouton and Graney the balance of the board being as yet open to conviction in the premises. As a sequel to last night's row, an effort is to be made to have another investigation held over Mr. Peebles. An affidavit has been made out charging him with being inebriated at the meeting last night and ascribing his "outrageous conduct" entirely to "alcoholic excitement." This document is to be submitted to other members of the board for their signatures and then published.

In fact quite a number of startling affidavits are to be expected in a day or two. It will be remembered that a Catholic clergyman, well known as the de facto editor of the Roman Catholic organ in this city, was quite active in fastening the Edina scandal on Mr. Caldwell. Now, as a sort of return game, Mr. Caldwell is said to have the documents proving that his reverence was indicted by a Knox county grand jury for perjury some years since, and these papers are to be submitted to the investigating committee as part of the evidence on the part of Principal Caldwell. It is also whispered that Mr. Long is to come in for a dose of charges which have been collected against him in the course of the last six weeks.

In the meantime the other side have not been idle, and Prof. Caldwell will have to answer some entirely new accusations, among others charges of undue familiarity with pupils and lady teachers. And one affidavit is said to contain the allegation that he has been in the habit of standing upon the lower floor and examining with considerable interest the parti-colored hose of the young ladies as they mounted the stairway above him.

In short there is every probability of a high old time in the School Board and among the teachers. It will be a fight to the death, and those in the background predict that the end will be a complete decapitation of the discordant elements, and an attempt to get back the men who made the St. Louis schools what they are.

IN small "ad" column of POST-DISPATCH you will find a room, male and female help, and all manner of things bought and sold.

THE FEDERAL COURT.

Preparing for Trial of the Election Fraud Cases To-Morrow.

Business in the United States Circuit Court is proceeding with activity before Judges McCrary and Treat, who have a heavy term docket to dispose of. This morning, after the petit jury had reassembled, the trial of the school-building contract suit, Board of Education of Cape Girardeau against F. Tiedemann, was resumed.

The cases docketed for to-day are: The National Bank of Illinois against the city of La Grange; Statesburry, trustee, vs. G. Altheimer et al.; Wilson Sewing Machine Company vs. R. S. Barnes; T. J. Pope et al. vs. Oliver B. Filley and S. H. Richardson vs. Nelson R. Colling. To-morrow the Government's cases against School Director James Walsh and others relating to the election frauds on the thirty-ninth Precinct of the Fourth Ward last November, will receive the attention of the Court and jury. There are four cases to be tried. The first two are upon indictments against James Walsh, John J. Henne and Hugh Maginnis, who are charged with refusing to allow duly qualified and registered voters to vote. Walsh was an officer of election in the Thirty-ninth Precinct. Pat Cahill is charged in another case with intimidating voters at the polls, and J. C. Israel, who acted as a special deputy marshal at the November election, is charged with registering a minor who was also mentally disqualified to vote. The case against Anthony Tiernay, alias Tiernan, is upon a criminal information filed by the District Attorney charging illegal voting. The question has been raised whether the District Attorney can have the cases upon criminal information tried in the Circuit Court. The act of 1846 provides that the District Attorney, upon motion in either the United States District or Circuit Court, may move for, and the court may transfer or remit, any case under indictment from one court to the other. The act providing for the filing of criminal information in such cases was passed subsequently, but it did not disturb the remitting power. This point has only been raised in the Tiernay case and it will probably be laid aside, but the other cases will go to trial to-morrow. Mr. Walsh will be represented by Messrs. Broadhead and Slayback, and a volume of evidence will be introduced throwing light upon the conduct of the November election in the Fourth Ward.

EVERY one that knows the value of health is taking Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial at this season of the year. Reader, try this invaluable remedy and you will find it very efficacious.

BLESSING-BEARERS.

The Eighteenth Weekly Meeting of the St. Louis Flower Mission.

The ladies of the St. Louis Flower and Ice Mission assembled in the parlors of the Presbyterian Board of Publication this morning and prepared their gifts for the sufferers in our charitable institutions. For more than four months these devoted women have met regularly every week and carried flowers to the bedsides of the sick in the various hospitals in St. Louis. They have in very truth proven themselves the friends of the friendless. Those present this morning were:

Mrs. J. H. Barnard, Mrs. Geo. N. Beard, Mrs. Belden, Mrs. Sprague, Miss Mary Aull, Miss Jane Peck, Miss Dix, Miss Belle Peck, Miss Wilson, Miss Saunders, Miss Slaughter, Miss Gardner, Miss Schuberg, Miss Meyser[illegible]berg, Miss Mamie Ferguson and Miss C[illegible]arrie Ferguson. The carriages used by the ladies to-day in distributing their gifts were kindly furnished by Mrs. Geo. N. Beard and Mrs. E. O. Standard.

The contributions, which were very light to-day, were as follows; Miss Andre, a basket of grapes; a scrap-book the work of Alice and Violet Brown, books for a sick boy at the hospital; Mr. Conrad, eight German papers; Mrs. Thomas Fletcher, a basket of cut flowers and forty-eight papers; Miss Schuberg, German papers; a basket of flowers from a friend; and a geography.

The ladies were happy to receive a "thank offering" to-day from Mr. Jacob Keller, No. 2018 Broadway, he having been in the hospital and appreciating the benefit of the Mission.

The distributions were made as given below:

Female Hospital—24 bouquets, 22 "Seasides," 50 papers and 3 dozen lemons.

City Hospital—61 bouquets, 120 papers, 12 "Seasides" and 23 pounds of grapes.

LADIES expecting to attend the "Veiled Prophets" Ball will find a large assortment of the latest styles in satin slippers, all the different colors, with plain or Louis XV. heels, at Joel Swope & Bro., 311 North Fourth street.

CÆCILIAN CONVENTION.

Exercises of the Lovers of Gregorian Music To-Day.

The second day of the annual convention of the American Cæcilian Society was opened with the celebration of high mass at SS. Peter and Paul's Church at 8 o'clock this morning. At that hour a choir of Franciscan monks rendered a Gregorian choral, and a choir of children from St. Agatha's Church of this city sang a selection arranged by Prof. J. Singenberger, president of the National Association.

Pontifical mass was said at 10 o'clock, at which "Ecce Sacerdos," by Rev. Dr. Fr. Witt, was sung by a choir composed of singers from St. Peters', Belleville, and St. Agatha Churches. "Salve Regina," rendered by the same choir, followed, and "Veni Creator" was chanted at the conclusion of this part of the services. The style of music adopted by the Cæcilian Society lacks every element of brilliancy, lightness and vivacity. The selections this morning were grand in movement and volume, and faultless in harmony. The music was peculiarly impressive.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon a vesper service was celebrated. At that time selections from the musical compositions of Rev. Dr. Fr. Witt, G. P. Cima, C. de Zacharis, J. A. Bernabei, J. Singenberger and others were sung by a full chorus of the delegates assembled. Later in the afternoon a concert of sacred song was enjoyed by a fair audience. At 8 o'clock this evening the last evening's entertainment given during the convention will occur at the SS. Peter and Paul Church. To-morrow the delegates will complete their work.

From Dr. S. W. Hunter,

BALTIMORE, MD. * Colden, s LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF, I take pleasure in recommending, always produces *good blood, health and strength.*

GENTS'-Patent Leather Shoes in all the latest Styles at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

Police Court Cases.

Wm. Boyd, Peter Connelly and Jas. Shea were arraigned before Judge Jecko to-day on a charge of disturbing the peace. Boyd had one eye closed. He said he was attacked last night by two men, who beat him and rolled him in the mud. Connelly said he saw Boyd fighting with another man and went to separate them. He then invited Boyd to take a drink. All this good Samaritan conduct was more than Judge Jecko could understand, so the cases against Shea and Boyd were dismissed and Connelly was fined $10.

Alfred Brooks resented a remark made by his friend Eugene Chastine and impressed his friend by drawing a revolver on him in a Wabash car at the Union Depot. Officer Perno arrested Brooks, and to day he answered a charge of carrying concealed weapons and another of disturbing the peace. He said he only wanted to "scare 'em." He was assessed costs in each case.

WHITE, PINK and BLUE satin slippers, plain and Louis XV. heels, at Swope's, 311 North Fourth street.

A Clever Capture.

Officer Ed. Flynn was walking up Fifth street at 5 o'clock this morning, when he met a man carefully nursing one of his hands, which was wrapped up in a large red handkerchief. The officer asked him how he had hurt himself and he said he fell down. The man passed on and, in a few moments the officer found the large plate glass in the show case of A. P. Ecker's optical store, No. 204 North Fifth street, broken. The man with the injured hand had turned towards Third. After a brisk run he was overtaken, and a dozen gold-rimmed eye-glasses valued at $100 found in the handkerchief. He said his name was Elwood Snyder, and that he had not broken the glass. The sash showed that a chisel had been used at the bottom. Snyder was locked up and the premises secured. An accomplice probably broke the window, which was of heavy plate glass. Snyder said he was only nineteen years old and worked on the river.

CAPT. G. W. ROGERS, of Washington, D. C., suffered with an ailment of the hip for twenty years, and experienced more benefit from St. Jacobs Oil than from any other substance.

Additional River News.

Capt. Frank Oakes goes home to Cincinnati to-night.

The Jack Frost left for the Tower after a miscellaneous tow.

The Dolphin came in from Alton with a barge of ice for Huse, Loomis & Co.

Capt. Silas Adkins left for Bismarck this morning on an inspecting tour.

The river continues to rise and bids fair to soon be in good boating stage in all directions.

Capt. D. C. Robinson, of Madison, Ind., who has been in town a few days, goes home to-night.

HATS

HATS HATS HATS